UBND QUẬN LONG BIÊN

**TRƯỜNG THCS CỰ KHỐI**

**ĐỀ CƯƠNG ÔN TẬP KIỂM TRA GIỮA KÌ I**

**Môn: Tiếng Anh – Grade 8**

**Năm học 2023 – 2024**

**A. THEORY**

**Content**: From Unit 1 to Unit 3

**I. Vocabulary:**

- Vocabulary related to the topic of Unit 1: Leisure time, Unit 2: Life in the countryside, Unit 3: Teenagers.

- Sounds/ stress: /ʊ/ & /u:/, /ǝ/ & /ɪ/, /ʊǝ/ & /ɔɪ/.

**II. Grammar:**

**1. Verbs of liking and disliking**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Verbs** | **Meaning** |
| Adore | Yêu thích, mê mẩn |
| Love | Yêu |
| Like/ enjoy/ fancy | Thích |
| Don’t mind | Không phiền |
| Dislike/ don’t like | Không thích |
| Hate | Ghét |
| Detest | Căm ghét |

**a. Verbs of liking/ disliking + V-ing/ to V**

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Verbs** | **Verbs + V-ing** | **Verbs +to V** |
| Like | I like skateboarding in my free time. | I like to skateboard in my free time. |
| Love | She loves training her dog. | She loves to train her dog. |
| Hate | He hates eating out. | He hates to eat out. |
| Prefer | My mother prefers going jogging. | My mother prefers to go jogging. |

**b. Verbs of liking/ disliking + V-ing**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Verbs** | **V-ing** |
| Adore | They adore eating ice-cream. |
| Fancy | Do you fancy making crafts? |
| Don’t mind | I don’t mind cooking. |
| Dislike | Does he dislike swimming? |
| Detest | I detest doing housework. |
| Enjoy | Do you enjoy listening to music? |

**2. Comparative Adverbs**

**a. Short adverbs**

Form: **S1 + V+ adv- er + than + S2 + auxiliary V**

**S1 + V+ adv- er + than + O/ N/ Pronoun**

*E.g: They work harder than I do.*

*= They work harder than me.*

**b. Long adverbs**

Form: **S1 + V + more + adv + than + S2 + auxiliary V**

**S1 + V + more + adv + than + O/ N/ Pronoun**

*E.g: My friend did the test more carefully than I did.*

*= My friend did the test more carefully than me.*

**c. Irregular adverbs**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Adverbs** | **Comparative** |
| well | better |
| badly | worse |
| much/ many | more |
| a little/ little | less |
| far | farther/ further |

**3. Simple sentences and Compound Sentences**

**a. Simple sentences**

- Câu đơn là câu bao gồm  một chủ ngữ (subject) và chỉ một vị ngữ (predicate). (Câu chỉ có duy nhất một mệnh đề (Clause)).

***Eg****: Minh has some problems with his schoolwork.*

*S V*

- Câu đơn có thể có nhiều hơn một chủ từ hoặc nhiều hơn một động từ, nhưng chỉ diễn đạt một ý chính duy nhất.

***Eg:******John and Mary*** *were sad.*

*Smith* ***ate noodles and drank coffee.***

**b. Compound sentences**

- Câu ghép là câu gồm hai hay nhiều mệnh đề độc lập có liên quan về mặt ý nghĩa, được kết nối với nhau bằng một [liên từ](https://zim.vn/lien-tu-tieng-anh-phan-1-lien-tuong-quan-va-lien-tu-ket-hop" \t "_blank) (**conjunction**) hoặc bằng trạng từ nối (**conjunctive adverbs**).

**\*Conjunction (Liên từ)**

|  |
| --- |
| **Mệnh đề 1** + (,) + **liên từ** **+ mệnh đề 2.** |

*Eg: She plays chess very well,* ***and*** *she won the first prize last year.*

*My mother does exercise every day,* ***so*** *she looks very young and fit.*

**- Các từ nối câu thường dùng: F-A-N-B-O-Y-S**

**a. For** (vì): từ chỉ nguyên nhân.

*Eg: He drinks much water, for he is thirsty.*

**b. And** (và):nối câu bổ sung ý nghĩa cho nhau.

*Eg: She went to the supermarket, and she bought some tomato.*

**c. Nor**(không…cũng không):

*Eg: Quan doesn’t watch T.V, nor does he play piano.*

**d. But (**nhưng): chỉ sự mâu thuẫn.

*Eg: He is handsome, but he is not smart.*

**e. Or (**hoặc) chỉ sự lựa chọn.

*Eg: You should study harder, or you will not pass the next exam.*

**f. Yet** (nhưng):

*Eg: The weather was extremely cold, yet we enjoyed climbing the mountain.*

**g. So** (vì vậy): chỉ kết quả của hành động trước đó.

*Eg: He is sick, so he doesn’t go to work today.*

**\*Conjunctive adverb (Trạng từ nối)**

|  |
| --- |
| **Mệnh đề 1** + (;) + **trạng từ nối** **+ mệnh đề 2.** |

**- Các trạng từ nối phổ biến để nối các vế trong câu ghép với nhau:**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Conjunction Adverbs** | **Meaning** |
| However = Nevertheless | Tuy nhiên |
| Furthermore | Thêm nữa |
| Otherwise | Nếu không thì |
| Moreover | Hơn nữa |
| Similarly | Tương tự |
| Especially | Đặc biệt là |
| In fact | Sự thật là |
| Meanwhile | Trong khi đó |

*Eg: She is beautiful;* ***however****, she isn’t gentle.*

*She wanted to prepare for the exam;* ***therefore,*** *she turned off her mobile phone.*

*Phong has to study harder;* ***otherwise,*** *he may fail the test.*

**B. TYPES OF EXERCISE**

1. Pronunciation

- Sound

- Stress

2. Choose the best answer (Vocabulary and Grammar)

3. Find the closet word

4. Find the opposite word

5. English every day

6. Reading (Cloze reading/ Choose the best answer)

7. Writing (Structure, grammar)/ Find the mistakes/ Rearrange the sentence/ Rewrite the sentences

**C. PRACTICE**

**I. PRONUNCIATION**

***Exercise 1: Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the others.***

1. A. cartoon B. good C. cook D. look

2. A. improve B. knitting C. outside D. bring

3. A. begin B. women C. harvest D. entertainment

4. A. police B. cover C. collect D. combine

5. A. venture B. future C. mature D. culture

***Exercise 2: Mark the letter A, B, C or D that differs from the other three in the position of primary stress.***

1. A. happen B. computer C. finish D. reading

2. A. collect B. account C. upload D. famous

3. A. detest B. balance C. leisure D. muscle

4. A. prefer B. outdoors C. resort D. message

5. A. future B. resort C. leisure D. surfing

**II. VOCABULARY AND GRAMMAR**

***Exercise 1: Choose the best answer.***

1. Christian likes \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ DIY in his leisure time after school.

A. doing B.to do C. did D. to doing

2. My sister is keen \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ messaging friends on Sunday evening.

A. in B. on C. of D. about

3. Let's \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_a walk in the paddy field for fun now.

A. have B. take C. go D. do

4. Lan is very tired. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_, she has to finish her assignment before going to bed.

A. Although B. So C. Therefore D. However

5. My sisters \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Korean drama \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Indian drama.

A. prefers/to B. prefers/than C. prefer/to D. prefer/than

6. Does your new stereo play music \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ than your old one did?

A. louder B. more loudly C. loudlier D. more louder

7. Son Tung often helps his mom to pick \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in the orchard.

A. fruit B. trees C. plants D. songs

8. Mono danced \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ than Lisa, my teacher.

A. beautiful B. more beautiful C. beautifuler D. more beautifully

9. Tom helps his family to herd \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ at weekends.

A. cattle B. poultry C. cats D. fruit

10.The man \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the vegetables in the field and then drives home.

A. makes B. loads C. catches D. uploads

11. We couldn’t go out \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ it was very stormy.

A. because of B. because C. so D. but

12. She’d love to take part in the evening class. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_, she has to look after the baby in the evening.

A. Therefore B. However C. but D. Although

13. Please, write \_\_\_\_\_\_\_. I can’t wait for you.

A. more quickly B. quicker C. more quicker D. quick

14. If the weather gets \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ tomorrow, we won’t go to the beach.

A. worse B. nicer C. more bad D. better

15. We often post many questions to discuss on a/an \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ after school.

A. forum B. market C. club D. office

16. Nam often \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to her Instagram account to chat with her sister in Ha Noi.

A. logs on B. connects C. uploads D. checks

17. Ba is tired \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ he stayed up late watching the clips on Tiktok last night.

A. because B. as C. since D. A, B, and C are correct

18. Do many young people \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ walking to school or playing active games?

A. fond B. enjoy C. agree D. want

19. We should \_\_\_\_\_\_\_sport because it is good for our health.

A. make B. do C. play D. take

20. Everyone was \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ with the news they heard.

A. interested B. interesting C. bored D. boring

***Exercise 2: Find the CLOSET word.***

1. The students **continue** going to school with "5 K" to protect from Covid 19.

A. stop B. leave C. wait D. go on

2. You’re **interested in** fashion so much, aren’t you?

A. keen on B. surprised at C. hated D. looked forward

3. You should go to the **picturesque** village this summer.

A. meat B. beautiful C. ugly D. slowly

4. We should go to the mountainous area to enjoy some **fresh** air at the weekend

A. windy B. rainy C. unpolluted D. dirty

5. The books about Harry Potter have been very popular, both at home and **abroad**.

A. in a foreign country B. in a local area C. from another planet D. from another city

***Exercise 3: Find the OPPOSITE word.***

1. On the birthday when you blow the candles if it doesn't go out, people believe that good **luck** will be out.

A. unfortunate B. inexpensive C. unhealthy D. unwealthy

2. Come and join us at our **local** festival this weekend. I’m sure you won’t regret.

A. rural B. traditional C. ritual D. global

3. The most **unpopular** evening out among teenagers is going to the cinema.

A. common B. famous C. interesting D. boring

4. She’s a sociable child who **loves** to talk to anyone.

A. outgoing B. helps C. dislike D. unfriendly

5. I feel a bit sad because my school year has **come to an end**.

A. started B. finished C. changed D. unloaded

**III. ENGLISH EVERY DAY**

1.Bill: “Well done, Jane”. - Jane: “\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_”.

A. You are welcome. B. I’m sorry C. Thanks D. Long time no see.

2. Son: “Let’s discuss this problem in your new Facebook."- Tung: “\_\_\_\_\_\_\_”

A. That’s a good idea B. Glad you enjoyed it C. Traffic is good, I think D. No, thanks

3. An is having small talk with Binh. - An "\_\_\_\_\_\_\_?" - Waiter: "for a week."

A. How do you get to work every day?

B. How far is it from your house to the city?

C. How often do you go shopping?

D. How long did you work here?

4. Linda: “Would you like to go out for a drink with me?” Anna - “Yes, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_.”

A. thanks B. I’d love to C. What? D. Not at all

5. An and Mary are talking about Mary's new hair style. - An: “I like your new hair style.” - Mary: “\_\_\_\_\_\_\_”.

A. Thanks. B. Oh, well done! C.I feel gripping to hear that D. Shall I? Thanks.

**IV. READING**

***Exercise 1: Read the passage and mark A, B, C, or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions.***

The thing I like most about living on a farm when I was small was the change of seasons spring summer, autumn and winter. I could see the change all come and go and each one was completely different. If hadn't been born and raised in the country, I would have never been able to tell the difference. Now in the city. you can buy summer flowers in winter and eat the same vegetables all the year round. Whereas, in the country I could only eat things at certain times of the year. **For example**, strawberries in June and turnips in winter lived my childhood with the seasons.

Also, we made most of our food and would never eat frozen or tinned food. Everything was fresh, so it must be better than the type of food I am taking now in the city, City people think that people in the country miss a lot of good things about modern life, but in my opinion, they miss a lot more than them. They miss real life.

**1. What is the main idea of the passage?**

A. The author used to live in the country.

B. Food in the country in comparison to that in the city.

C. There are four seasons in the countryside.

D. Comparison between life on a farm and that in the city.

**2. The author felt what changed when he/she lived in the countryside?**

A. the vegetables B. the people C. four seasons D. the weather

**3. According to the author, the seasons on a farm were\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.**

A. very different from one another

B. different from those in the city

C. the same as those in the city

D. very beautiful but boring

**4. Find the word in the passage is CLOSEST with "for example".**

A. such as B. the same C. different from D. maybe

**5. According to the passage, all the followings are true, but one is NOT TRUE.**

A. the author was born and raised on a farm in the country.

B. the author takes frozen and tinned food now in the city.

C. the author used to live in the country where there're 4 seasons.

D. country people eat the same type of food all the year round.

***Exercise 2: Read the passage and mark A, B, C, or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions.***

Living in the country is something that people from the city often dream about. However, in reality, it has both advantages and disadvantages.

There are certainly many advantages of living in the country. First, you can enjoy peace and quietness. Moreover, people tend to be friendlier. A further advantage is that there is less traffic, so it is safer for young children.

However, there are certain disadvantages or drawbacks to life outside the city. First, because there are fewer people, you are likely to have few friends. In addition, entertainment is difficult to find, particularly in the evening. Furthermore, the fact that there are fewer shops and services, so it is quite hard to find jobs. As a result, you may have to travel a long way to work, which can be extremely expensive.

In conclusion, it can be seen that the country is more suitable for some people than others. On the whole, it is often the best place for those who are retired or who have young children. In contrast, young or single people who have a career are better provided for in the city.

**1. According to the passage, living in the country has**  .

A. both good and bad points

B. only bad points

C. only good points

D. no disadvantages

**2. How many advantages does living in the country have?**

A. Two B. Four C. Three D. No

**3.Living in the country is safer for young children because** .

A. there are few shops B. there is less traffic C. there are fewer people D. there are few services

**4. Which of the following statements is NOT true according to the passage?**

A. The country is only suitable for retired people.

B. It’s hard to find entertainment in the country.

C. There are fewer shops and services in the country.

D. People in the country tend to be friendlier than people in the city.

**5. Having few friends is** .

A. one of drawbacks to life in the country

B. the only disadvantage of living in the country

C. one of certain advantages to life outside the city

D. one of certain drawbacks to life outside the city

***Exercise 3: Read the passage and mark A, B, C, or D to indicate the correct answer to complete it.***

The Internet is very useful. Online, you can pay your bills, buy clothes, and read the news. There (1) \_\_\_\_\_ many good reasons to spend time online. However, people with an Internet addiction are online too much. They don’t spend time (2) \_\_\_\_\_ their friends and family. Instead, they spend their time (3) \_\_\_\_\_ with their Internet friends, people they have never met in real life. Some also play online games all day or night. Some people with Internet addictions even leave then jobs, so they can spend even more time online! People with Internet addictions don't just go online to shop, have fun, or do work. People (4) \_\_\_\_\_ have this problem often go online because they want (5) \_\_\_\_\_ from the stress and problems in then lives. Many internet addicts stop caring about then real lives and focus only on their online lives.

1. A. has B. are C. have D. is

2. A. about B. with C. to D. of

3. A.to chat B. chat C. chatting D. chatted

4. A. what B. who C. which D. when

5. A. escapes B. escapeed C. escaping D. to escape

***Exercise 4: Read the passage and mark A, B, C, or D to indicate the correct answer to complete it.***

More and more students from the school have taken part in environmental projects, such as tree planting and improving the school grounds. But no matter how much we do, there’s always more that can be (1) \_\_\_\_\_to improve the place where we live. This year students from the Conservation Club plan to work with local people to make a community garden near the school. As Tim, a student, says: “No one (2) \_\_\_\_\_ to live in an unattractive area. If we work together, we can turn these areas into spaces that we can enjoy (3) \_\_\_\_\_ time in.” This kind of local action is not just about the environment. It also helps people get to know (4) \_\_\_\_\_ neighbors and it can help build stronger communities, If you care (5) \_\_\_\_\_ the state of your town, and you are interested in taking part in the project, please contact the school for further information.

1. A. does B. do C. did D. done

2. A. stay B. stays C. want D. wants

3. A. spending B. giving C. paying D. doing

4. A. her B. its C. their D. his

5. A. about B. in C. at D. on

**V. WRITING**

***Exercise 1: Circle A, B, C, or D to indicate the sentence that is closest in meaning to the sentence given.***

**1. I'm interested in participating in some club activities.**

A. Joining in some club activities is not my interest.

B. My interest is to joining in some club activities.

C. I'm interested in joining in some club activities.

D. Club activities are what I am interested in.

**2. The laboratory in my school is now better equipped than some years ago.**

A. Some years ago the laboratory in my school were worse equipped than now.

B. Some years ago the laboratory in my school was worse equipped than now.

C. Some years ago the laboratory in my school was more badly equipped than now.

D. Some years ago the laboratory in my school were more badly equipped than now.

**3. Nam works more lazily so he often gets worse marks than Quang.**

A. Quang works more harder so he often gets better marks than Nam.

B. Quang works harder so he often gets worse marks than Nam.

C. Quang works harder so he often gets better marks than Nam.

D. Quang works more harder so he often gets goodly marks than Nam.

**4. Going by taxi is faster than going by bus.**

A. Going by a bus is faster than going by a taxi.

B. Going by a bus is slowly than going by a taxi.

C. Going by a bus is more slower than going by a taxi.

D. Going by a bus is slower than going by a taxi.

**5. My brother is interested in doing puzzles.**

A. My brother likes doing puzzles.

B. My brother finds doing puzzles boring.

C. My brother does puzzles every day.

D. My brother prefers doing puzzles to anything else.

**6. Although teens don't know how to avoid bullies, they don't want to tell their teachers.**

A. If teens knew how to avoid bullies, they would not tell their teachers.

B. Teens don't know how to avoid bullies, but they don't want to tell their teachers.

C. Teens will tell their teachers although they know how to avoid bullies.

D. Teens know how to avoid bullies; however, they will tell their teachers.

**7. If you don't stop spending so much time playing video games, you will get addicted.**

A. You should stop spending so much time playing video games; otherwise, you will get addicted.

B. You should stop spending so much time playing video games; however, you will get addicted.

C. Stop spending so much time playing video games, so you will get addicted.

D. Although you stop spending so much time playing video games, you will get addicted.

**8. I think that learning Chinese is difficult.**

A. I find learning Chinese difficult. B. I find learning Chinese is difficult.

C. I find to learning Chinese difficult. D. I find learn Chinese difficult.

**9. I eat more fruit and vegetables. I want to be fitter and healthier.**

A. Because I want to be fitter and healthier, so I eat more fruit and vegetables.

B. I eat more fruit and vegetables, so I want to be fitter and healthier.

C. I want to be fitter and healthier, so I eat more fruit and vegetables.

D. I want to be fitter and healthier, because I eat more fruit and vegetables.

**10. I last saw that film in October.**

A. I haven’t seen that film since October. B. I haven’t seen that film for October.

C. I haven’t see that film since October. D. I have never seen that film in October.

***Exercise 2: Find and correct the mistakes.***

1. In English speaking club, some speaks English more quicker than native speakers.

A B C D

2. You should not spend much time play computer games.

A B C D

3. Although his old age, Mr. Brown runs three kilometers (D) every morning.

A B C D

4. My sister often go to work by car, but sometimes on foot.

A B C D

5. Mono wants to have more friends, because he doesn’t connect well with others.

A B C D

6. She can swim much more well than anyone else in my class.

A B C D

7. What she is truly keen in is classical music not modern music.

A B C D

8. You should to read more books if you want to improve your English vocabulary.

A B C D

9. We cancelled our camping trip because of it rained heavily.

A B C D

10. His family was very poor, because he had to work for a company.

A B C D

***Exercise 3: Rearrange the sentence.***

1. when/ games/ be careful/ you/ online/, /when / make friends I strangers / you/ with / play/.

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

2. we/ that/ can/ Kim/ likes/ see/ the/ piano/ playing /.

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

3. such as/ hobbies/ or/ making/ things/ crafts/ collecting/ interesting/ are / some /.

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

4. health/ sitting/ problems/ all/ day/ in front of/ the/ can/ computer/ cause/.

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

5. fancy/ you/ do/ children/ with/ working? /

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

***Exercise 4: Rewrite the sentences.***

1. Phong didn’t study hard, so he didn’t pass the entrance exam.

🡪 Because \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

2. He has a smart phone, but he never logs on his account on Facebook.

🡪 Although \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

3. Nam likes checking the notifications and seeing some new posts.

🡪 Nam is keen \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

4. Tuan is a better English teacher than Huy.

🡪 Tuan teaches \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

5. Mr. Jack loves to chat with his friends on Facebook Messenger.

🡪 Mr. Jack is interested \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

**The end**

**BGH duyệt Tổ / Nhóm trưởng CM duyệt Người lập**

**Nguyễn Thị Lan Hương Trịnh Thuỳ Trang**

**ANSWER KEY**

**I. PRONUNCIATION**

***Exercise 1: Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the others.***

1. A. cartoon B. good C. cook D. look

2. A. improve B. knitting C. outside D. bring

3. A. begin B. women C. harvest D. entertainment

4. A. police B. cover C. collect D. combine

5. A. venture B. future C. mature D. culture

***Exercise 2: Mark the letter A, B, C or D that differs from the other three in the position of primary stress.***

1. A. happen B. computer C. finish D. reading

2. A. collect B. account C. upload D. famous

3. A. detest B. balance C. leisure D. muscle

4. A. prefer B. outdoors C. resort D. message

5. A. future B. resort C. leisure D. surfing

**II. VOCABULARY AND GRAMMAR**

***Exercise 1: Choose the best answer.***

1. Christian likes \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ DIY in his leisure time after school.

A. doing B.to do C. did D. to doing

2. My sister is keen \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ messaging friends on Sunday evening.

A. in B. on C. of D. about

3. Let's \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_a walk in the paddy field for fun now.

A. have B. take C. go D. do

4. Lan is very tired. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_, she has to finish her assignment before going to bed.

A. Although B. So C. Therefore D. However

5. My sisters \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Korean drama \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Indian drama.

A. prefers/to B. prefers/than C. prefer/to D. prefer/than

6. Does your new stereo play music \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ than your old one did?

A. louder B. more loudly C. loudlier D. more louder

7. Son Tung often helps his mom to pick \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in the orchard.

A. fruit B. trees C. plants D. songs

8. Mono danced \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ than Lisa, my teacher.

A. beautiful B. more beautiful C. beautifuler D. more beautifully

9. Tom helps his family to herd \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ at weekends.

A. cattle B. poultry C. cats D. fruit

10.The man \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the vegetables in the field and then drives home.

A. makes B. loads C. catches D. uploads

11. We couldn’t go out \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ it was very stormy.

A. because of B. because C. so D. but

12. She’d love to take part in the evening class. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_, she has to look after the baby in the evening.

A. Therefore B. However C. but D. Although

13. Please, write \_\_\_\_\_\_\_. I can’t wait for you.

A. more quickly B. quicker C. more quicker D. quick

14. If the weather gets \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ tomorrow, we won’t go to the beach.

A. worse B. nicer C. more bad D. better

15. We often post many questions to discuss on a/an \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ after school.

A. forum B. market C. club D. office

16. Nam often \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to her Instagram account to chat with her sister in Ha Noi.

A. logs on B. connects C. uploads D. checks

17. Ba is tired \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ he stayed up late watching the clips on Tiktok last night.

A. because B. as C. since D. A, B, and C are correct

18. Do many young people \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ walking to school or playing active games?

A. fond B. enjoy C. agree D. want

19. We should \_\_\_\_\_\_\_sport because it is good for our health.

A. make B. do C. play D. take

20. Everyone was \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ with the news they heard.

A. interested B. interesting C. bored D. boring

***Exercise 2: Find the CLOSET word.***

1. The students **continue** going to school with "5 K" to protect from Covid 19.

A. stop B. leave C. wait D. go on

2. You’re **interested in** fashion so much, aren’t you?

A. keen on B. surprised at C. hated D. looked forward

3. You should go to the **picturesque** village this summer.

A. meat B. beautiful C. ugly D. slowly

4. We should go to the mountainous area to enjoy some **fresh** air at the weekend

A. windy B. rainy C. unpolluted D. dirty

5. The books about Harry Potter have been very popular, both at home and **abroad**.

A. in a foreign country B. in a local area C. from another planet D. from another city

***Exercise 3: Find the OPPOSITE word.***

1. On the birthday when you blow the candles if it doesn't go out, people believe that good **luck** will be out.

A. unfortunate B. inexpensive C. unhealthy D. unwealthy

2. Come and join us at our **local** festival this weekend. I’m sure you won’t regret.

A. rural B. traditional C. ritual D. global

3. The most **unpopular** evening out among teenagers is going to the cinema.

A. common B. famous C. interesting D. boring

4. She’s a sociable child who **loves** to talk to anyone.

A. outgoing B. helps C. dislike D. unfriendly

5. I feel a bit sad because my school year has **come to an end**.

A. started B. finished C. changed D. unloaded

**III. ENGLISH EVERY DAY**

1.Bill: “Well done, Jane”. - Jane: “\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_”.

A. You are welcome. B. I’m sorry C. Thanks D. Long time no see.

2. Son: “Let’s discuss this problem in your new Facebook."- Tung: “\_\_\_\_\_\_\_”

A. That’s a good idea B. Glad you enjoyed it C. Traffic is good, I think D. No, thanks

3. An is having small talk with Binh. - An "\_\_\_\_\_\_\_?" - Waiter: "for a week."

A. How do you get to work every day?

B. How far is it from your house to the city?

C. How often do you go shopping?

D. How long did you work here?

4. Linda: “Would you like to go out for a drink with me?” Anna - “Yes, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_.”

A. thanks B. I’d love to C. What? D. Not at all

5. An and Mary are talking about Mary's new hair style. - An: “I like your new hair style.” - Mary: “\_\_\_\_\_\_\_”.

A. Thanks. B. Oh, well done! C.I feel gripping to hear that D. Shall I? Thanks.

**IV. READING**

***Exercise 1: Read the passage and mark A, B, C, or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions.***

The thing I like most about living on a farm when I was small was the change of seasons spring summer, autumn and winter. I could see the change all come and go and each one was completely different. If hadn't been born and raised in the country, I would have never been able to tell the difference. Now in the city. you can buy summer flowers in winter and eat the same vegetables all the year round. Whereas, in the country I could only eat things at certain times of the year. **For example**, strawberries in June and turnips in winter lived my childhood with the seasons.

Also, we made most of our food and would never eat frozen or tinned food. Everything was fresh, so it must be better than the type of food I am taking now in the city, City people think that people in the country miss a lot of good things about modern life, but in my opinion, they miss a lot more than them. They miss real life.

**1. What is the main idea of the passage?**

A. The author used to live in the country.

B. Food in the country in comparison to that in the city.

C. There are four seasons in the countryside.

D. Comparison between life on a farm and that in the city.

**2. The author felt what changed when he/she lived in the countryside?**

A. the vegetables B. the people C. four seasons D. the weather

**3. According to the author, the seasons on a farm were\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.**

A. very different from one another

B. different from those in the city

C. the same as those in the city

D. very beautiful but boring

**4. Find the word in the passage is CLOSEST with "FOR EXAMPLE".**

A. such as B. the same C. different from D. maybe

**5. According to the passage, all the followings are true, but one is NOT TRUE.**

A. the author was born and raised on a farm in the country.

B. the author takes frozen and tinned food now in the city.

C. the author used to live in the country where there're 4 seasons.

D. country people eat the same type of food all the year round.

***Exercise 2: Read the passage and mark A, B, C, or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions.***

Living in the country is something that people from the city often dream about. However, in reality, it has both advantages and disadvantages.

There are certainly many advantages of living in the country. First, you can enjoy peace and quietness. Moreover, people tend to be friendlier. A further advantage is that there is less traffic, so it is safer for young children.

However, there are certain disadvantages or drawbacks to life outside the city. First, because there are fewer people, you are likely to have few friends. In addition, entertainment is difficult to find, particularly in the evening. Furthermore, the fact that there are fewer shops and services, so it is quite hard to find jobs. As a result, you may have to travel a long way to work, which can be extremely expensive.

In conclusion, it can be seen that the country is more suitable for some people than others. On the whole, it is often the best place for those who are retired or who have young children. In contrast, young or single people who have a career are better provided for in the city.

**1. According to the passage, living in the country has**  .

A. both good and bad points

B. only bad points

C. only good points

D. no disadvantages

**2. How many advantages does living in the country have?**

A. Two B. Four C. Three D. No

**3.Living in the country is safer for young children because** .

A. there are few shops B. there is less traffic C. there are fewer people D. there are few services

**4. Which of the following statements is NOT true according to the passage?**

A. The country is only suitable for retired people.

B. It’s hard to find entertainment in the country.

C. There are fewer shops and services in the country.

D. People in the country tend to be friendlier than people in the city.

**5. Having few friends is** .

A. one of drawbacks to life in the country

B. the only disadvantage of living in the country

C. one of certain advantages to life outside the city

D. one of certain drawbacks to life outside the city

***Exercise 3: Read the passage and mark A, B, C, or D to indicate the correct answer to complete it.***

The Internet is very useful. Online, you can pay your bills, buy clothes, and read the news. There (1) \_\_\_\_\_ many good reasons to spend time online. However, people with an Internet addiction are online too much. They don’t spend time (2) \_\_\_\_\_ their friends and family. Instead, they spend their time (3) \_\_\_\_\_ with their Internet friends, people they have never met in real life. Some also play online games all day or night. Some people with Internet addictions even leave then jobs, so they can spend even more time online! People with Internet addictions don't just go online to shop, have fun, or do work. People (4) \_\_\_\_\_ have this problem often go online because they want (5) \_\_\_\_\_ from the stress and problems in then lives. Many internet addicts stop caring about then real lives and focus only on their online lives.

1. A. has B. are C. have D. is

2. A. about B. with C. to D. of

3. A.to chat B. chat C. chatting D. chatted

4. A. what B. who C. which D. when

5. A. escapes B. escapeed C. escaping D. to escape

***Exercise 4: Read the passage and mark A, B, C, or D to indicate the correct answer to complete it.***

More and more students from the school have taken part in environmental projects, such as tree planting and improving the school grounds. But no matter how much we do, there’s always more that can be (1) \_\_\_\_\_to improve the place where we live. This year students from the Conservation Club plan to work with local people to make a community garden near the school. As Tim, a student, says: “No one (2) \_\_\_\_\_ to live in an unattractive area. If we work together, we can turn these areas into spaces that we can enjoy (3) \_\_\_\_\_ time in.” This kind of local action is not just about the environment. It also helps people get to know (4) \_\_\_\_\_ neighbors and it can help build stronger communities, If you care (5) \_\_\_\_\_ the state of your town, and you are interested in taking part in the project, please contact the school for further information.

1. A. does B. do C. did D. done

2. A. stay B. stays C. want D. wants

3. A. spending B. giving C. paying D. doing

4. A. her B. its C. their D. his

5. A. about B. in C. at D. on

**V. WRITING**

***Exercise 1: Circle A, B, C, or D to indicate the sentence that is closest in meaning to the sentence given.***

**1. I'm interested in participating in some club activities.**

A. Joining in some club activities is not my interest.

B. My interest is to joining in some club activities.

C. I'm interested in joining in some club activities.

D. Club activities are what I am interested in.

**2. The laboratory in my school is now better equipped than some years ago.**

A. Some years ago the laboratory in my school were worse equipped than now.

B. Some years ago the laboratory in my school was worse equipped than now.

C. Some years ago the laboratory in my school was more badly equipped than now.

D. Some years ago the laboratory in my school were more badly equipped than now.

**3. Nam works more lazily so he often gets worse marks than Quang.**

A. Quang works more harder so he often gets better marks than Nam.

B. Quang works harder so he often gets worse marks than Nam.

C. Quang works harder so he often gets better marks than Nam.

D. Quang works more harder so he often gets goodly marks than Nam.

**4. Going by taxi is faster than going by bus.**

A. Going by a bus is faster than going by a taxi.

B. Going by a bus is slowly than going by a taxi.

C. Going by a bus is more slower than going by a taxi.

D. Going by a bus is slower than going by a taxi.

**5. My brother is interested in doing puzzles.**

A. My brother likes doing puzzles.

B. My brother finds doing puzzles boring.

C. My brother does puzzles every day.

D. My brother prefers doing puzzles to anything else.

**6. Although teens don't know how to avoid bullies, they don't want to tell their teachers.**

A. If teens knew how to avoid bullies, they would not tell their teachers.

B. Teens don't know how to avoid bullies, but they don't want to tell their teachers.

C. Teens will tell their teachers although they know how to avoid bullies.

D. Teens know how to avoid bullies; however, they will tell their teachers.

**7. If you don't stop spending so much time playing video games, you will get addicted.**

A. You should stop spending so much time playing video games; otherwise, you will get addicted.

B. You should stop spending so much time playing video games; however, you will get addicted.

C. Stop spending so much time playing video games, so you will get addicted.

D. Although you stop spending so much time playing video games, you will get addicted.

**8. I think that learning Chinese is difficult.**

A. I find learning Chinese difficult. B. I find learning Chinese is difficult.

C. I find to learning Chinese difficult. D. I find learn Chinese difficult.

**9. I eat more fruit and vegetables. I want to be fitter and healthier.**

A. Because I want to be fitter and healthier, so I eat more fruit and vegetables.

B. I eat more fruit and vegetables, so I want to be fitter and healthier.

C. I want to be fitter and healthier, so I eat more fruit and vegetables.

D. I want to be fitter and healthier, because I eat more fruit and vegetables.

**10. I last saw that film in October.**

A. I haven’t seen that film since October. B. I haven’t seen that film for October.

C. I haven’t see that film since October. D. I have never seen that film in October.

***Exercise 2: Find and correct the mistakes.***

1. In English speaking club, some speaks English more quicker than native speakers.

A B C D

2. You should not spend much time play computer games.

A B C D

3. Although his old age, Mr. Brown runs three kilometers (D) every morning.

A B C D

4. My sister often go to work by car, but sometimes on foot.

A B C D

5. Mono wants to have more friends, because he doesn’t connect well with others.

A B C D

6. She can swim much more well than anyone else in my class.

A B C D

7. What she is truly keen in is classical music not modern music.

A B C D

8. You should to read more books if you want to improve your English vocabulary.

A B C D

9. We cancelled our camping trip because of it rained heavily.

A B C D

10. His family was very poor, because he had to work for a company.

A B C D

***Exercise 3: Rearrange the sentence.***

1. when/ games/ be careful/ you/ online/, /when / make friends I strangers / you/ with / play/.

🡪 When you online, be careful when you make friends with strangers.

2. we/ that/ can/ Kim/ likes/ see/ the/ piano/ playing /.

🡪 We can see that Kim likes playing the piano.

3. such as/ hobbies/ or/ making/ things/ crafts/ collecting/ interesting/ are / some /.

🡪 Some hobbies such as making crafts or collecting things are interesting.

4. health/ sitting/ problems/ all/ day/ in front of/ the/ can/ computer/ cause/.

🡪 Sitting in front of the computer all day can cause health problems.

5. fancy/ you/ do/ children/ with/ working? /

🡪 Do you fancy working with children?

***Exercise 4: Rewrite the sentences.***

1. Phong didn’t study hard, so he didn’t pass the entrance exam.

🡪 Because Phong didn’t study hard, he didn’t pass the entrance exam.

2. He has a smart phone, but he never logs on his account on Facebook.

🡪 Although he has a smart phone, he never logs on his account on Facebook.

3. Nam likes checking the notifications and seeing some new posts.

🡪 Nam is keen on checking the notifications and seeing some new posts.

4. Tuan is a better English teacher than Huy.

🡪 Tuan teaches English better than Huy.

5. Mr. Jack loves to chat with his friends on Facebook Messenger.

🡪 Mr. Jack is interested in chatting with his friends on Facebook Messenger.