

I. LISTENING:

Listen to Diane talking to a friend about a trip to London and choose the correct answer A, B, C or D on your answer sheet. You will hear the conversation twice.

Question 1. Diane went to London yesterday _____.

- A. morning B. afternoon C. evening D. lunch

Question 2. Diane went to London by _____.

- A. car B. bus C. underground D. taxi

Question 3. Diane and her friends ate _____.

- A. Vietnamese food B. Chinese food
C. Spanish food D. Mexican food

Question 4. Diane says the restaurant was _____.

- A. small B. expensive C. quiet D. large

Question 5. After the meal, Diane and her friends _____.

- A. sat and talked B. saw a film
C. walked along the river D. went home immediately

Question 6. During Diane's trip to London, it _____.

- A. rained B. snowed C. was windy D. was sunny

II. PHONETICS:

Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of primary stress in each of the following questions.

Question 7. A. tradition B. festival C. historian D. companion

Question 8. A. preserve B. accepted C. worship D. defeat

Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word whose underlined part differ from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.

Question 9. A. cropsu B. costumesu C. hoursu D. skillsu

Question 10. A. celebrate B. competition C. racing D. city

III. VOCABULARY AND GRAMMAR:

Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the underlined part that needs correction in each of the following questions.

Question 11. In Japan, you should always to remove your shoes when entering a private house.

- A. In B. to remove C. entering D. private

Question 12. Russia is far more larger than any other countries in the world.

- A. is B. more larger C. any D. the

Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.

Question 13. Whether you have meals at home or in a restaurant, some basic table _____ should never be forgotten.

- A. ways B. styles C. appearance D. manners

- Question 14.** While I _____ the performance, I met one of my old friends.
 A. watched B. was watching C. watch D. am watching
- Question 15.** We should be careful not to break anything during Tet holiday _____ it is believed to bring bad luck.
 A. because B. but C. so D. however
- Question 16.** Johnny adores _____ computer games in his free time.
 A. to play B. to playing C. play D. playing
- Question 17.** Children in the countryside are used to _____ cattle in the field.
 A. walking B. herding C. following D. raising
- Question 18.** During Tet holiday, many _____ festivals are held among different ethnic groups in Vietnam.
 A. religion B. religiosity C. religious D. religiously

Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

- Question 19.** Language preservation is the effort to prevent languages from bring unknown.
 A. storage B. safety C. danger D. protection
- Question 20.** The Giong Festival is held every year to commemorate Saint Giong, our traditional hero.
 A. remove B. show C. remember D. present

Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

- Question 21.** Thanks to technology, we can now preserve our culture for future generations.
 A. save B. arrange C. conserve D. destroy
- Question 22.** Gong is considered a unique musical instrument of Tay Nguyen people.
 A. famous B. special C. important D. common

Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the most suitable response to complete each of the following exchanges.

- Question 23.** - A: "Would you like to join our volunteer group this summer vacation?"
 - B: " _____ "
 A. Do you think I would? B. I would never do that
 C. Yes, you are a good friend. D. Yes, I'd love to. Thanks.

- Question 24.** - A: "There's lots to see – a grand opening ceremony, an ao dai fashion show, a Dem Phuong Dong or oriental night show, royal court music performances and so on."
 - B: " _____ "
 A. Sounds great! B. Congratulation! C. Well done! D. Poor you!

IV. READING:

Read the passage carefully and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions.

The meaning of Mid-Autumn Day is rather different to that in China, though the Vietnamese also celebrate it by eating mooncakes. In Viet Nam the Mid-Autumn Festival is the happiest day for children, during which parents buy their children various kinds of lanterns and snacks.

There are also various activities held to celebrate the Mid-Autumn Festival in Viet Nam. The main activities include worshipping the God of Earth, and carrying carp-shaped lanterns.

Usually, a worshipping platform is set up in the yard during Mid-Autumn night, on which mooncakes, fruits, and snacks are laid. Later family members sit together to eat the food while appreciating the moon.

It's also a tradition for the Vietnamese to light lanterns during the Mid-Autumn night. It is thought that if people walk at night with a carp lantern in hand, they will be safe from the carp spirit. Now, children hold various kinds of paper lanterns and play in the moonlight, while eating mooncakes during the evening of Mid-Autumn Day.

Question 25. What is Vietnamese Mid-Autumn festival different from that of China in?

- A. time B. food C. meaning D. activity

Question 26. Parents buy children all of these things EXCEPT _____.

- A. mooncakes B. lanterns C. fruits D. clothes

Question 27. What are the main activities in Vietnamese Mid-Autumn Festival?

- A. worshipping the God of Earth B. carrying carp-shaped lanterns
C. watch TV and eat mooncakes D. Both A and B are correct

Question 28. Why do children carry a carp lantern?

- A. To be safe from the carp spirit. B. Because it is very beautiful.
C. To enjoy the moonlight better. D. To appreciate the moon.

Read the passage carefully and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct word or phrase that best fits each of the numbered blanks.

"Li xi" is an important part in Vietnam's (29) _____ of Tet Festival, especially with children. It is a small amount of money that can bring good (30) _____ to the upcoming year. However, "li xi" is not limited only on the first day, but can even last to the 9th or 10th day of Tet Festival, and given when the adults first met the kids.

Besides the money, the tiny red envelope also has its own meaning. It represents the secrecy and privacy to avoid comparison as adults want children to regard the money as the gift of New Year, instead of being jealous of receiving less than other kids. The red color, the (31) _____ color appearing in Vietnamese festivals, signifies the prosperity and great luck according to Asian's beliefs.

In the morning of (32) _____ first day of Lunar New Year, children and parents will visit grandparents' home, wish for a happy new year and great health, show respect and gratitude, and give gifts. After that, it is grandparents and adults' turn to give children lucky money to welcome their new age.

Question 29. A. customers B. customs C. customize D. customary

Question 30. A. lucky B. healthy C. misfortune D. fortune

Question 31. A. most popular B. more popular C. popularly D. more popularly

Question 32. A. a B. an C. the D. some

V. WRITING:

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that is closest in meaning to the original sentence in each of the following questions.

Question 33. *It's a good idea to add coconut to cook the best five-coloured sticky rice.*

- A. We mustn't add coconut to cook the best five-coloured sticky rice.
B. We shouldn't add coconut to cook the best five-coloured sticky rice.
C. We should to add coconut to cook the best five-coloured sticky rice.
D. We should add coconut to cook the best five-coloured sticky rice.

Question 34. *Although Hue is far from Hanoi, Peter often travels to Hanoi by motorbike.*

- A. Hue is far from Hanoi although Peter often travels to Hanoi by motorbike.
- B. Hue is far from Hanoi so Peter often travels to Hanoi by motorbike.
- C. Hue is far from Hanoi because Peter often travels to Hanoi by motorbike.
- D. Hue is far from Hanoi but Peter often travels to Hanoi by motorbike.

Choose the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that is made from the words given.

Question 35. *You / not / have to / bring/ a present / when / you / visit / your friend's house.*

- A. You not have to bring a present when you visit your friend's house.
- B. You don't have to bring a present when you visit your friend's house.
- C. You don't have to bringing a present when you visit your friend's house.
- D. You don't has to bring a present when you visit your friend's house.

Question 36. *Living/ in the city / is / expensive / living / in the countryside.*

- A. Living in the city is more expensive than living in the countryside.
- B. Living in the city is more expensive as living in the countryside.
- C. Living in the city is much expensive than living in the countryside.
- D. Living in the city is the most expensive than living in the countryside.

Question 37. *Lily / enjoy / go / window shopping / with / friends / in / her spare time.*

- A. Lily enjoy going window shopping with friends in her spare time.
- B. Lily enjoys to go window shopping with friends in her spare time.
- C. Lily enjoys going window shopping with friends in her spare time.
- D. Lily enjoys go window shopping with friends in her spare time.

Question 38. *Lang Lieu /couldn't / buy / special food / because / he / very poor.*

- A. Lang Lieu couldn't buying any special food because he was very poor.
- B. Lang Lieu couldn't buy some special food because he were very poor.
- C. Lang Lieu couldn't buy any special food because he was very poor.
- D. Lang Lieu couldn't buy any special food because he were very poor.

Finish the second sentence so that it has a similar meaning to the first one, beginning with the words given.

Question 39. How about going to the Huong Pagoda Festival?

⇒ Why don't we _____.

Question 40. She likes to hang out with friends on Saturday evening.

⇒ She's interested _____.

-The end-