

PART I: LANGUAGE FOCUS.

From Unit 1 to Unit 6

1. Topic:

- Local environment
- City life
- Teen stress and pressure
- Life in the past
- Wonders of Vietnam
- Viet Nam: Then and now

2. Pronunciation:

- Stress on content words in sentences.
- Stress on pronouns in sentences.
- Stress on the verb be in sentences.
- Stress on auxiliary verbs in sentences.
- Stress on short words in sentences.
- Sentences with all the words stressed

3. Grammar:

- Complex sentences (adverb clauses of result, reasons, concession).
- Phrasal verbs
- Comparison of adjectives and adverb
- Reported speech
- Question words before to-infinitive
- Used to/ get (be) used to
- Wishes for present
- Impersonal passive
- Suggest + Ving/ Suggest + that + S + (should) + V

4. Vocabulary:

- Traditional crafts and places of interest
- City life
- Changes in adolescence
- Life in the past
- Wonders of Vietnam

PART II. PRACTICE

Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.

- A. can't – apply
- C. can't – applied

- B. couldn't – apply
- D. couldn't – had applied

Question 21. I suffer from depression and anxiety, but I don't know _____ over my problems.

- A. how can get
- B. how I got
- C. how to get
- D. to how get

Question 22. Lynn wishes she had a bigger apartment and she _____ a car.

- A. could buy
- B. could bought
- C. can buy
- D. buy

Question 23. It is important to _____ the wonders of the world so that future generations can see them with their own eyes.

- A. destroy
- B. ignore
- C. remain
- D. preserve

Question 24. You don't have to go to a supermarket for that. Just wait for a street _____ to go past, and buy it.

- A. person
- B. vendor
- C. supplier
- D. purchaser

_____ sweets when I was small, but now I don't anymore.

- A. I used to eat
- B. I used to eating
- C. I am used to eating
- D. I get used to eating

Question 25. Production methods in the village are normally _____ from ancestors to the younger generations.

- A. passed away
- B. passed out
- C. passed up
- D. passed down

Question 26. A _____ is a solid figure or object, made by carving or shaping wood, stone, clay, etc.

- A. painting
- B. sculpture
- C. medal
- D. picture

Question 27. The local government suggested _____ a road through the Nam Cat Tien National Park.

- A. building
- B. to build
- C. build
- D. being built

Question 28. Ho Chi Minh City has been divided into twenty-four _____ divisions since December 2003.

- A. administer
- B. administration
- C. administrative
- D. administrator

Question 29. It _____ that the road through the national park will not affect the environment and living habitat of wild animals there.

- A. has thought
- B. had been thought
- C. is thought
- D. thinks

Question 30. The public suggested that the factories _____ with waste treatment system.

- A. would equip
- B. should be equipped
- C. should equip
- D. would be equipped

Question 31. After people had asked for scholars' handwriting, they _____ them up during the Tet festival.

- A. had hung
- B. hang
- C. hung
- D. hanged

Question 32. It is difficult _____ the test if you don't study hard.

- A. for you to pass
- B. you to pass
- C. of you to pass
- D. of you pass

Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the most suitable response to complete each of the following questions.

Question 33. - What an attractive hair style you have got, Mary! - " _____ "

- A. Thank you very much. I am afraid.
- B. You are telling a lie.
- C. Thank you for your compliment.
- D. I don't like your sayings.

Question 34. - "Do you find it very interesting to travel alone?" - " _____ ".

- A. Yes, you're welcome.
- B. Never mind.
- C. No, not at all.
- D. It's exciting.

Question 35. - "My life's got stuck these days. I am so depressed and unable to think of anything."

- " _____ "

- A. You will be tired. B. Stay stuck there.
C. Stay calm. Everything will be alright. D. No, thanks

Question 36. - "You are really must go to Hoi An to enjoy the full moon at Mid-autumn Festival."

- " _____ "

- A. Yes, that's what I've heard B. Do you really know about it?
C. Yes, I won't go there D. No, thank you.

Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the word(s) CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

Question 37. Carpets from countries such as Persia and Afghanistan often fetch high prices in the United States.

- A. Artifacts B. Pottery C. Rugs D. Textiles

Question 38. Around 150 B.C. the Greek astronomer Hipparchus developed a system to classify stars according to brightness.

- A. record B. shine C. categorize D. diversify

Question 39. Let's wait here for her; I'm sure she'll turn up before long.

- A. arrive B. return C. enter D. visit

Question 40. When their rent increased from 200 to 400 a month, they protested against such a tremendous increase.

- A. light B. huge C. tiring D. difficult

Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the word(s) OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

Question 41. Because Jack defaulted on his loan, the bank took him to court.

- A. failed to pay B. paid in full C. had a bad personality D. was paid much money

Question 42. His career in the illicit drug trade ended with the police raid this morning.

- A. elicited B. irregular C. secret D. legal

Question 43. He decided not to buy the fake watch and wait until he had more money.

- A. authentic B. forger C. faulty D. original

Question 44. Population growth rates vary among regions and even among countries within the same region.

- A. restrain B. stay unchanged C. remain unstable D. fluctuate

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the correct word or phrase that best fits each of the underlined part blanks.

Seventy percent of people in Viet Nam live in rural areas. Most of these people (45) _____ their living by caring for farm animals like pigs. Other common jobs are crop farming and fishing. For many of these farmers and fishermen, animal and plant waste is still a problem.

Many women and children cook meals using traditional cooking fuels. They also spend many hours (46) _____ wood and other materials to burn. This process takes time and also uses a lot of natural

resources. Moreover, they suffer the same health (47) _____. Cooking was a difficult and dangerous job. The kitchen was smoky, and the black ash would make people cough, and (48) _____ pain in the eyes.

But a biogas system can (49)_____ all of these problems! It can turn animal or plant waste (50)_____valuable resources – such as cooking fuel, electricity and plant fertilizer. First, an expert must build a system of pipes and tanks. This biogas system contains and manages the decaying process of animal or plant waste. To use the biogas system, a farmer must move animal waste into a pipe with water. These pipes bring the waste to a tank (51)_____ in the ground. This tank is called a bio-digester. Air cannot enter this tank. In this contained environment, natural bacteria decays the waste material. (52) _____, the waste decays in the bio-digester, it produces two things – biogas and slurry. The biogas rises to the top of the tank. The pressure from the gas pushes the liquid slurry into another tank. Now people can use both the biogas and the slurry.

- Question 45.** A. do B. look for C. earn D. take
Question 46. A. looking B. collecting C. keeping D. controlling
Question 47. A. concerns B. importance C. businesses D. involvements
Question 48. A. bring B. hurt C. make D. cause
Question 49. A. solve B. deal C. match D. delete
Question 50. A. to B. into C. at D. in
Question 51. A. bury B. burying C. buried D. being buried
Question 52. A. Because B. Moreover C. Although D. As

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions.

The use of computer and the Internet allows people to work at home instead of traveling to work. For example, a journalist who in a remote part of the world still gets in his articles on time for the next day's newspapers. The Internet allows businesses to communicate with telephone call. Email allows users to send documents, pictures and other data from one part of the world to another in at least 5 minutes. The internet is providing a lot of new business opportunities. Some businesses are advertising their products on the Internet. People can use the Internet to do shopping. This saves a lot of time. It is possible to use the Internet for education - students may connect with their teachers from home to send or receive email or talk their problems through 'on-line' rather than attend a class.

- Question 53. The use of computer and the Internet allows people_____.**
A. to say at home and rest B. not to work
C. to travel to work D. to work at home
- Question 54. Email can be use to send_____.**
A. documents B. pictures C. data D. All are correct.
- Question 55. It takes_____to do the shopping on the internet.**
A. a lot of time B. a little time C. less time D. more time
- Question 56. Which of the followings is not true?**
A. Thanks to the Internet, people do not need to travel to work.
B. E -mail can be used to advertise new products.
C. The Internet can be used for education.

D. Students nowadays spend more time going online than attending school.

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions

Street Food Shoulder Poles on Saigon streets

Street food shoulder pole is familiar with Saigon people throughout many years. Nowadays it has become a special thing that makes travelers curious. In small areas of District 1 and District 3, we could count more than 100 vendors who earned money using shoulder poles. A shoulder pole, also called a carrying pole, is a **yoke** of wood or bamboo, used by people to carry a load. The vendors put their goods in two baskets from each end of the yoke.

In the downtown, we can meet young women with their shoulder poles. The baskets are covered with plastic wrap carefully to protect the foods from the street dust. In a tight space of one basket, she could mix the ingredients and bake the cake on a small charcoal which was defended by carton. The ready cakes were put in other basket.

In the morning or evening, on rainy or sunny day, Saigon streets are marked by shoulder poles of people from different regions of the country, which has become a unique part of Saigon. It has been said that it isn't hard to live in Saigon if you work hard. With the carrying pole on shoulders, the vendor has turned it into a "store". The reason is very simple, they don't have enough money to open a real store. Every day these women continue their journey through Saigon streets under the sun and the rain, selling cheap things or street foods to earn money and feed their children.

Question 57. A shoulder pole _____.

- A. is the connection between wood and bamboo
- B. used to be called a carrying pole
- C. is a bar made of wood or bamboo
- D. is used to put goods on street vendor's shoulders

Question 58. Street food shoulder pole is _____.

- A. used by street vendors to carry things
- B. a characteristic of District 1 and 3
- C. used to make foreign travelers curious
- D. a way for passer-by to have food

Question 59. All of the following are benefits of shoulder poles EXCEPT that _____.

- A. they can help street vendors to sell many things without a store
- B. street vendors can support their families with the help of shoulder poles
- C. it is a way for street vendors to carry goods around the streets
- D. women are marked by unique shoulder poles from different regions

Question 60. The word "yoke" in paragraph 1 is closest in meaning to _____.

- A. a piece of wood that is shaped to fit across a person's shoulders to carry two equal loads

- B. a wooden bar that is connected to the vehicles or loads so that they can be pulled away
- C. something that connects two things or people, usually in a way that limits freedom
- D. a long piece of wood that is fastened across the necks to pull heavy loads

Choose the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the sentence that is made from the words given.

Question 61. my/ opinion/ wear/ uniforms/ encourage/ students/ proud/ school/.

- A. In my opinion, wear uniforms encourages students to be proud of their school.
- B. In my opinion, wearing uniforms encourages students to be proud of their school.
- C. In my opinion, to wear uniforms encourages students to be proud of their school.
- D. In my opinion, to wearing uniforms encourages students to be proud of their school.

Question 62. holiday/ be/ so/ disappointing/ they/ decide/ ask/ money/ back/.

- A. The holiday was so disappointing that they decided to ask for their money back.
- B. The holiday was such disappointing that they decided to ask for their money back.
- C. The holiday was too disappointing that they decided to ask for their money back.
- D. The holiday was enough disappointing that they decided to ask for their money back.

Question 63. if/ there/ be/ much/ exhaust fume/ air/ people/ cope/ respiratory problem/.

- A. If there is too much exhaust fume in the air, people will cope with respiratory problem.
- B. If there will be too much exhaust fume in the air, people will cope with respiratory problem.
- C. If there are too much exhaust fume in the air, people will cope with respiratory problem.
- D. If there was too much exhaust fume in the air, people will cope with respiratory problem.

Question 64. you/ know/ name/ lecturer/ talk/ natural disasters/ two days ago/?

- A. Do you know the name of the lecturer whom talked about natural disasters two days ago?
- B. Do you know the name of the lecturer whose talked about natural disasters two days ago?
- C. Do you know the name of the lecturer which talked about natural disasters two days ago?
- D. Do you know the name of the lecturer who talked about natural disasters two days ago?

Question 65. We/ should/ submit/assignment/ tomorrow.

- A. We should to submit our assignment tomorrow.
- B. We should submit our assignment tomorrow.
- C. We should to have submitted our assignment tomorrow.
- D. We should submitting our assignment tomorrow.

Question 66. We/ hardly/ understand/ him/ because/ his accent.

- A. We hardly ever can understand him because of his accent.
- B. We may hardly understand him because his accent.
- C. We hardly understand him because he has his accent.
- D. We can hardly understand him because of his accent.

Question 67. he/ retire/ eldest son/ take over/ business.

- A. After he retired, his eldest son took over his business.
- B. After retiring, his eldest son will take over his business.
- C. After he retires, his eldest son will take over a business.
- D. After he has retired, his eldest son took over a business.

Question 68. The patient/ recover/ more/ rapidly/ expected.

- A. The patient recovered rapidly he expected more than.
- B. The patient has recovered more rapidly he expected.
- C. The patient recovered more rapidly than expected.
- D. The patient rapidly recovered than he more expected.

Question 69. Sarah/ asked/ I/ a member/ the English club.

- A. Sarah asked me if was I a member of the English club.
- B. Sarah asked me who I was a member of the English club.
- C. Sarah asked me whether I am a member of the English club.
- D. Sarah asked me if I was a member of the English club.

Question 70. People in city/ protect / health/ careful/ than/ those in the countryside.

- A. People in the city protect health more careful than those in the countryside.
- B. People in the city protect health more carefully than those in the countryside.
- C. People in the city protect health as carefully than those in the countryside.
- D. People in the city protect health less careful than those in the countryside.

Rewrite the sentences without changing the meaning, using the cued words in the brackets

Question 71. The artisan moulded the cooper to make a bronze drum. (SO THAT)

→

Question 72. Craft village development is now a good way to solve the poverty in rural areas. (DEAL)

→

Question 73. My father says this place is the noisiest in Ha Noi. (THAN)

→

Question 74. "If I were you, I would tell her the truth." Phong said to Khoa. (ADVISED)

→

Question 75. "When should I start the computer?" Nguyen asked his teacher. (TO START)

→

Question 76. I quite like classical music now, although I wasn't keen on it when I was younger. (USED)

→

Question 77. Children don't spend a lot of time playing outdoors. (I WISH)

→

Question 78. People say that fewer than 1,000 blue whales survive in the southern hemisphere. (IT)

→

Question 79. "Why don't you watch more TV in English, Nam?" (SUGGESTED)

→

Question 80. They used to talk to each other in the past. (NO LONGER)

→

The end

BGH duyệt

TTCM duyệt

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