

A. Vocabulary: Related to the topics:

Local environment: Traditional crafts and Places of interest.
City life.
Teen stress and pressure: Changes in adolescence.
Life in the past.
Wonders of Viet Nam.
Viet Nam: Then and now.

B. Grammar & Structures

1. Complex sentences (adverb clauses of concession, purpose, reason and time).
2. Phrasal verbs.
3. Comparisons.
4. Reported speech.
5. Wh – words to V.
6. Used to V/ be used to V-ing.
7. Wishes.
8. Passive voice - Impersonal passive.
9. Suggest + V-ing/ clause with should.
10. Past perfect.
11. Adjective to V/ adjective that Clause.

C. Pronunciation: Sounds and Stress.

D. Questions

I. Phonetics

Choose the words that have the underlined part pronounced/ stressed differently.

II. Vocabulary and grammar

1. Choose the best answer.
2. Correct the mistakes.
3. Find down the words with closet or opposite meaning.

III. Reading

1. Read the passage and answer the questions.
2. Read and answer True/False.
3. Gap - filling.

IV. Writing

1. Rewrite the sentences without changing the meaning.
2. Complete the sentences using the words given.

PRACTICE

PART A: PHONETICS

I. Find the word which has a different sound in the part underlined.

- | | | | |
|------------------------|------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|
| 1. A. need <u>e</u> d | B. watch <u>e</u> d | C. stop <u>p</u> ed | D. talk <u>e</u> d |
| 2. A. cloth <u>e</u> s | B. match <u>e</u> s | C. colleg <u>e</u> s | D. church <u>e</u> s |
| 3. A. optio <u>n</u> | B. informatio <u>n</u> | C. questio <u>n</u> | D. invitatio <u>n</u> |

- | | | | |
|---------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-----------------|
| 4. A. <u>they</u> | B. <u>thank</u> | C. <u>thirsty</u> | D. <u>youth</u> |
| 5. A. <u>what</u> | B. <u>where</u> | C. <u>whole</u> | D. <u>why</u> |
| 6. A. <u>meat</u> | B. <u>reading</u> | C. <u>bread</u> | D. <u>seat</u> |
| 7. A. <u>stamps</u> | B. <u>rulers</u> | C. <u>cats</u> | D. <u>books</u> |
| 8. A. <u>try</u> | B. <u>my</u> | C. <u>sky</u> | D. <u>study</u> |

II. Choose the word which has a different stress pattern from the others.

- | | | | |
|--------------------|-----------------|-----------------|----------------|
| 1. A. scenery | B. festival | C. atmosphere | D. location |
| 2. A. prevent | B. recent | C. receive | D. remote |
| 3. A. opposite | B. geography | C. geometry | D. endanger |
| 4. A. apply | B. persuade | C. reduce | D. offer |
| 5. A. preservative | B. congratulate | C. preferential | D. development |
| 6. A. president | B. physicist | C. inventor | D. property |
| 7. A. economy | B. unemployment | C. communicate | D. particular |
| 8. A. recommend | B. volunteer | C. understand | D. potential |
| 9. A. elephant | B. dinosaur | C. buffalo | D. mosquito |
| 10. A. abnormal | B. initial | C. innocent | D. impatient |

PART B: LANGUAGE FOCUS & VOCABULARY

I. Choose the correct answer to each of the following sentences.

- The villagers are trying to learn English _____ they can communicate with foreign customers.
A. so that B. in order that C. although D. A and B are correct
- _____ we had eaten lunch, we went to Non Nuoc marble village to buy some souvenirs.
A. After B. Before C. Because D. By the time
- Do you think that the various crafts remind people _____ a specific region?
A. about B. of C. for D. at
- _____ this hand-embroidered picture was expensive, we bought it.
A. As B. Because C. Even though D. So that
- Conical hat making in the village has been passed _____ from generation to generation
A. on B. down C. up D. in
- I look forward to _____ you soon.
A. see B. seeing C. seen D. saw
- The artisan _____ this statue in bronze.
A. moulded B. cast C. carved D. knitted
- The artisans in my village can live _____ basket weaving.
A. for B. on C. up D. in
- There is a big _____ of handicrafts made by different craft villages.
A. collect B. collection C. collector D. collecting
- Last week we had a memorable trip to a new zoo on the _____ of the city.
A. outskirts B. middle C. centre D. mid
- I invited her to join our trip to Trang An, but she _____ down my invitation.
A. passed B. sat C. turned D. closed
- We have to try harder so that our handicrafts can keep _____ theirs.
A. on B. up C. up with D. up down
- I wish I _____ his name.
A. knew B. know C. will know D. would know
- Please turn _____ the light when you leave the room.

- A. on B. off C. up D. down
15. They keep changing the decoration of the shop _____ they can attract more young people.
A. so that B. because C. although D. when
16. I've _____ the product catalogue and decided to buy this table.
A found out B. closed down C. looked through D. lived on
17. This sports centre is so small that it cannot _____ the demands of local residents.
A keep up with B. face up to C. deal about D set up
18. The city has recently set _____ a library in the West Suburb.
A. up B. off C. out D. down
19. The last exhibition was not _____ this one.
A. as interesting B. more interesting than C. so interesting as D. interesting
20. I don't think Fred gets _____ with Daniel. They always argue.
A. over B. through C. on D. in
21. This city is developing _____ in the region.
A. as fast as B. faster than C. the fastest D. faster
22. You should take your hat _____ in the cinema.
A. in B. over C. off D. down
23. You're not a safe driver! You should drive _____.
A. careful B. careless C. more carefully D. carefully
24. Their children have all grown _____ and left home for the city to work.
A. up B. out C. out of D. in
25. I was disappointed as the film was _____ than I had expected.
A. as entertaining B. less entertaining C. more entertaining D. entertaining
26. We were shown _____ the town by a volunteer student.
A. up B. off C. around D. on
27. Let's take this road. It is _____ way to the city.
A. the shortest B. a shorter C. shortest D. A and B are correct
28. The town council decided to pull _____ the building, as it was unsafe.
A. up B. over C. down D. in
29. At weekends the city center is always *packed* with people.
A. busy B. crowded C. full D. quite
30. She lives in one of the most _____ parts of the city: there are lots of luxury shops there.
A. fashionable B. historic C. comfortable D. exciting
31. China is _____ far the most populated country in the world.
A. as B. by C. so D. to
32. Air pollution has a bad influence _____ the environment.
A. at B. in C. on D. to
33. Karachi in Pakistan is the _____ largest city in the world in population.
A. most B. two C. second D. three
34. Before _____ to the office, she has to take her children to school.
A. go B. going C. to go D. went
35. Hai Duong is famous _____ its green bean cakes.
A. for B. of C. with D. in
36. She has taught English here _____ 10 years.
A. in B. for C. since D. from

37. You have to read the instruction before making models
 A. look up B. look through C. look for D. look up
38. She turned _____ the new job in New York because she didn't want to move.
 A. on B. down C. off D. up
39. This laptop is much more user-friendly, but it costs _____ the other one.
 A. so much as B. as many as C. twice as much as D. twice as many
40. Today's cities are _____ than cities in previous times.
 A. lots larger B. much larger C. as large D. the largest
41. Adolescence is the period _____ child and young adulthood
 A. for B. between C. and D. from
42. Your body will change in shape and _____
 A. height B. high C. tall D. taller
43. Your brain will grow and you'll have improved self-control and _____ skills
 A. housekeeping B. reasoning C. social D. emotion control
44. They can't decide who _____ first
 A. go B. to go C. went D. going
45. I wish my parents could put themselves in my _____
 A. situation B. shoes C. feelings D. heart
46. She has _____ because she has a big assignment to complete
 A. frustration B. frustrated C. frustrating D. frustratedly
47. I've won an essay contest. ---- _____!
 A. Congratulations! B. It's interesting C. Oh poor! D. Good!
48. Your friend stayed up late studying for an important exam.
 A. Well done! C. I know how you feel
 B. Stay calm. Everything will be all right. D. A really great job.
49. The children in my home village used to go _____, even in winter. Now they all have shoes.
 A. on foot B. bare-footed C. playing around D. played around
50. The farmers in my home village _____ rice home on trucks. They used buffalo-driven carts.
 A. used to transport B. used to be transported C. didn't use to transport D. use to transport
51. It _____ that the Perfume Pagoda is located in the interior of a cave to the top of the Huong Tich mountains.
 A. says B. is said C. is spoken D. is told
52. It _____ that 70 tons of dead fish washed ashore along more than 200 kilometers of Viet Nam's central coastline in early April.
 A. had been reported B. were reported C. was reported D. had reported
53. Hoa wishes she _____ English perfectly well .
 A. is speaking B. has spoken C. speaks D. spoke
54. Would you like _____ and visit me next summer? .
 A. come B. to come C. coming D. came
55. Ba said he _____ some good marks the semester before.
 A. gets B. got C. had got D. have got
56. My teacher told me that she _____ attend the math course for the higher level programme that she _____ for.
 A. can't - apply B. couldn't - apply C. can't - applied D. couldn't - had applied
57. Traditional games _____ as an effective but simple educational method for centuries.

A. were used B. used to used C. had used D. have been used

58. We wish LCD projectors _____ still expensive.

A. haven't been B. are not C. were not D. hadn't been

59. Cyclo, a sort of tricycle rickshaw, _____ the most popular means of transport in Viet Nam in the past.

A. was B. used to C. used to be D. would be

60. In the past, white, or violet Ao dai _____ by Vietnamese female students as their uniforms.

A. wore B. used to wear C. was worn D. would be wear

II. Choose the underlined word or phrase (A, B, C or D) that needs correcting.

1. He said he would go to England next week.

A B C D

2. My brother enjoys to go to the park on Summer evenings.

A B C D

3. Nam wishes he can speak English fluently.

A B C D

4. She worked hard, but she passed her exam.

A B C

5. Mai has stayed on her uncle's farm for last week.

A B C D

6. They asked me don't talk during the discussion.

A B C D

7. They happily looked at their children to play in the yard.

A B C D

8. This is the first time I visited a famous place in Hanoi.

A B C D

9. When we are on holiday, we used to go to the beach every day.

A B C D

10. When he lived in Japan, he didn't used to eat food with forks, but with chopsticks.

A B C D

11. She wished she is not getting stuck in another traffic jam.

A B C D

12. I wish I can go to see all the wonders which have been recognised by UNESCO.

A B C D

13. He said that they will have to set off soon after midnight.

A B C D

14. I used to having a very good time with my grandparents when I was a child.

A B C D

15. It is saying that the Temple of Literature was built in the 11th century.

A B C D

16. They suggest that we must book a hotel by the Perfumed River.

A B C D

17. Many people have been claimed that the show tickets are too expensive.

A B C D

18. I suggest to cycle to the castle in the north at four o'clock this afternoon.

A B C D

19. It's well worth to go to Ha Long Bay as it is very picturesque.

A B C D

PART C: READING

A. Choose the correct option A, B, c, or D for each gap in the passage.

Homelessness is a problem in many big cities in the world. It occurs when a part of the population does not have any (1)_____ place to call home. Hundreds of millions of people in the world spend at least some time of the year homeless. This is an issue that the authorities are trying to (2)_____. However, there are (3)_____ things that each person can do to help those people.

One of the things that you can do to help the homeless is to volunteer your time. If you have a lot of free time, you might go on an extended trip to help (4)_____ homes or improve an impoverished area. Even with just a few hours a week, it is possible to make an impact in your own city. You can also sign up to help at a (5)_____ soup kitchen: most cities have a mission of some kind (6)_____ food to the homeless and offering temporary shelter.

1. A. common	B. regular	C. unusual	D. fixed
2. A deal with	B. get over	C look through	D. find out
3. A. little	B. less	C. more	D. fewer
4. A. care for	B, show around	C. set up	D. pull down
5. A. urban	B. central	C. capital	D. local
6. A. cooking	B. supporting	C. helping	D. serving

B. Son Doong Cave

Located in the limestone Mountains of Phong Nha - Ke Bang National Park. Son Doong Cave was first found in 1991 by Ho Khanh, a local man. In 2009, the cave was explored and published by a group of scientists from British Cave Research Association.

Son Doong Cave was formed from 2 to 5 million years ago, when the river flowed through the limestone mountain area and was buried. The water eroded limestone and created an underground tunnel. In soft limestone areas, the collapse of tunnel ceiling formed large holes which became giant domes afterward. The cave is about 200m high, 200m wide and at least 8 5km long. Especially, Son Doong consists of two entrances, which is unique among explored caves in Phong Nha - Ke Bang National Park. Exploring the cave, visitors were surprised with spectacular scenery of numerous stalactites of which some giant stalagmites are more than 70 meters high. Deep inside the cave exists a grandiose tropical jungle called "Garden of Eden" by the explorers. The jungle is home to a diversified system of fauna and flora. Besides, the cave possesses a 2.5-kilometre underground river. Not far from the "Garden of Eden" lies an enormous "pearl collection" consisting of tens of thousands of small stone pieces in dry ponds, contributing to magnificent beauty of the cave.

1. The reason why Son Doong Cave was formed is that _____.

- A. an underground tunnel was buried in the area.
- B. the limestone areas were soft.
- C.it only happened from 2 to 5 million years ago.
- D. the river was buried in the limestone mountains.

2. The most important feature of "Garden of Eden" is _____.

- A. the biodiversity
- B. giant stalagmites
- C. the biggest length
- D. the river below

3. We can infer from the passage that_____.

- A. tunnels and giant domes were formed at the same time.
- B. “pearl collection” contains a lot of precious stones.
- C. we can live the cave with the air and water.
- D. “Garden of Eden” is in the underground river.

4. All of the following are the wonderful features of Son Doong Cave **EXCEPT** _____.

- A. tropical jungle inside with the biodiversity.
- B. spectacular scenery of numerous stalactites and stalagmites.
- C. a river flowing over 2.5 kilometers along the cave.
- D. the big sizes of the cave and the giant domes.

5. The thing that makes it different from other caves in Phong Nha – Ke Bang National Park is _____.

- A. stalactites and stalagmites.
- B. the two entrances into the cave.
- C. its discovery by a local man.
- D. large holes in the ceiling.

C. Around 60 kilometers southwest of Ha Noi, Perfume Pagoda is one of the largest religious sites in Huong Son Commune, My Duc District. It comprises a complex of pagodas and Buddhist shrines built into the limestone cliffs of Perfume Mount, spreading alongside the mountain up to the peak. The complex's center is Inner Temple, right inside Huong Tich Cavern. Huge numbers of pilgrims flock to the site during Perfume Pagoda Festival, which begins in the middle of the first lunar month and lasts until the middle of the third one (or from February to April) in order to pray for happiness and prosperity in the coming year. Also, it is a very popular opportunity for young couples to meet and for numerous romances to be formed. On this special occasion, a wide range of traditional cultural activities is incorporated. Perfume Pagoda is not only a religious site, but a great sight-seeing spot in Viet Nam as well.

Read the passage again and answer the questions.

1. Where can a complex of pagodas and Buddhist shrines be found in Huong Son Commune?
2. How long does Perfume Pagoda festival last?
3. What do people go to Perfume Pagoda festival for?
4. What activities can people take part in?
5. Why is the festival also popular to young couples?

Finds words in the passage to match these definitions.

1. _____ : people who travel to a place for religious reasons
2. _____ : places where people come to worship because of a holy person or event
3. _____ : relationships of love between two people
4. _____ : go somewhere in large numbers
5. _____ : the state of being successful, especially making money.

D. Read the passage and decide whether these statements are T or F.

This area is in Ninh Hai commune, Hoa Lu district, Ninh Binh, north Viet Nam. Come, and you can enjoy a forty-minute boat-ride on the river from Tam Coc, Bich Dong, to the small picturesque valley where the Bird Garden is located. The experience of floating past mangroves and water caves to the astoundingly vast garden will definitely bring you a feeling of deep satisfaction. The Bird Garden

boasts forty-six varieties of bird, forty thousand specimens, and five thousand nests. Come and experience the beauty of the Buddha Cave, which is five-hundred meters long, seventy meters at its widest point, and thirty meters at its highest point. Exploring the cave, you will be deeply impressed by the images, especially the image of Buddha sitting by the underground river bringing good luck to visitors. And don't forget to climb up to Vai Gioi Cave, which is spectacularly located on a hill top, eighty-eight meters above the ground. The cave covers up to five thousand square meters, and includes three levels representing Hell, Earth, and Heaven

1. The area can be accessed by boat.	
2. On the way to the valley, visitors can enjoy the beauty of the mangroves and water caves.	
3. The Bird Garden is very small and boring, with only a few different types of birds.	
4. The Buddha image shows the Buddha standing and giving luck to visitors.	
5. Vai Gioi Cave seems to have a sacred meaning for the people of the area.	

E. Read the following passage and choose the item (A, B, C or D) that best answers each of the questions about it.

Hoi An is a small town on the coast of East Sea in central Vietnam. Hoi An used to be an important trading center in the 16th and 17th centuries. Today, Hoi An is still a small town, but *it* attracts a large number of tourists, also being a well established place on the backpacker trail. Many visit for the numerous art and craft shops and tailors, who produce made-to-measure clothes for a fraction of the western price. Several Internet cafés, bars and restaurants have opened along the riverfront. Some popular evening venues, especially with western visitors, are Tam's restaurant and bar and the Mango restaurant.

established (adj): có uy tín; backpacker (n): du khách ba lô
 numerous (adj): vô số; fraction (n): phần nhỏ; venue (n): nơi gặp gỡ

- Hoi An _____ .
 A. is a small town B. used to be an important trading center
 C. attracts a large number of tourists D. all are correct
- What does the word 'it' in line 3 refer to?
 A. the coast B. trading center C. Hoi An D. small town
- In comparison with the western price, made-to-measure clothes in Hoi An are _____ .
 A. expensive B. not expensive C. cheap D. B & C
- What does the word 'popular' in line 8 mean?
 A. liked by a lot of people B. not special or unusual
 C. very old D. of the present time
- _____ is a famous place in Hoi An
 A. Tam Tam's restaurant and bar B. The Mango restaurant
 C. A & B D. no information

PART D: EVERYDAY ENGLISH
Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.

- I've won an essay contest. ---- _____ !
 A. Congratulations! B. It's interesting C. Oh poor! D. Good!

2. "He had to work 12 hours every day." – " _____ "
- A. Sure. B. I wish I could go back to that time.
C. How cool! D. I can't imagine that.
3. "Can I help you?" - " _____ "
- A. Yes, you can. C. Yes, I'm looking for a jumper.
B. No, you can't. D. Yes, here's lovely one.
4. "Peter's gone to the States for a month." - " _____ "
- A. He's twenty years old. B. Oh thanks.
C. He's studying English. D. Oh yes, Holiday?
5. "Do you mind if I open the window?" - " _____ "
- A. Well, yes. B. Well, I can manage.
C. Well, it's a bit cold. D. Well, I'm busy.
6. "I've passed my exam with the highest mark, dad!" – " _____ "
- A. I think so. B. I hope so. C. How cool! D. I like it.
7. Tom: "I feel really worried about the exam." - Lan: " _____ "
- A. No way. B. Good luck!
C. Poor you! D. Go on! You can do it.
8. "Thanks for giving me a ride to work today." – "..... I was herding this direction anyway."
- A. No worries B. I'd love to C. You don't need to D. Yes, thanks
9. Nam: "Congratulations on your success!" - Hoa: " _____ ."
- A. You're welcome. B. No, thanks.
C. That's very kind of you. D. Yes, of course.
10. How are you doing?" – " _____ ."
- A. Great. Thanks. B. Yes, I am. C. I'm reading a novel. D. I'm afraid not.

PART E: WRITING

Mark the letter A, B, C or to indicate the meaningful sentence from the cues given.

1. Although his leg was broken, he managed to get out of the car.

- A. In spite his broken leg, he managed to get out of the car.
B. In spite of his broken leg, he managed to get out of the car.
C. In spite his leg broken, he managed to get out of the car.
D. In spite of his leg was broken, he managed to get out of the car.

2. They reported that the troops were coming.

- A. It had been reported that the troops were coming.
B. It was being reported that the troops were coming.
C. It was reported that the troops to be coming.
D. It was reported that the troops were coming.

3. "What time did you come home last night, Mark?" said Tom.

- A. Tom asked Mark what time had he come home the previous night.
B. Tom asked Mark what time he had come home last night.
C. Tom asked Mark what time he came home last night.
D. Tom asked Mark what time he had come home the previous night.

4. Did you always eat sweets when you were small?

- A. Were you use to eat sweets when you were small?
B. Did you used to eat sweets when you were small?
C. Were you used to eat sweets when you were small?

D. Did you use to eat sweets when you were small?

5. We last visited Ho Chi Minh city 3 years ago.

- A. We didn't visit Ho Chi Minh city for 3 years.
- B. We haven't visited Ho Chi Minh city for 3 years
- C. We haven't visited Ho Chi Minh city for 3 years ago.
- D. We didn't visit Ho Chi Minh city for 3 years go.

6. Study hard or you will fail the exam.

- A. You don't fail the exam unless you study hard.
- B. If you don't study hard, you will fail the exam.
- C. You don't study hard, so you will fail the exam.
- D. Because you study hard, you don't fail the exam.

7. My school has no playground equipment or extra activities.

- A. I wish my school had had playground equipment or extra activities.
- B. I wish my school had playground equipment or extra activities.
- C. I wish my school can have playground equipment or extra activities.
- D. I wish my school will have playground equipment or extra activities.

8. "How beautiful is the dress you have just bought!" Peter said to Mary.

- A. Peter promised to buy Mary a beautiful dress.
- B. Peter said thanks to Mary for her beautiful dress.
- C. Peter complimented Mary on her beautiful dress.
- D. Peter asked Mary how she had just bought her beautiful dress.

9. "Close your books and go out to play", the teacher said to us.

- A. The teacher told us close our books and go out to play.
- B. The teacher told us to closing our books and go out to play.
- C. The teacher told us closing our books and go out to play.
- D. The teacher told us to close our books and go out to play.

10. My dad worked in a factory in the past, but doesn't work there now.

- A. My dad used to working in a factory.
- B. My dad used to be working in a factory.
- C. My dad used to work in a factory.
- D. My dad used to be work in a factory.

11. Mr. Peter has written a lot of articles for the CNN News.

- A. A lot of articles have written for the CNN News by Mr. Peter.
- B. A lot of articles have been written for the CNN News by Mr. Peter.
- C. A lot of articles has written for the CNN News by Mr. Peter.
- D. A lot of articles has been written for the CNN News by Mr. Peter.

12. Although he was tired, he finished doing his homework.

- A. In spite his tiredness, he finished doing his homework.
- B. In spite of his tiredness, he finished doing his homework.
- C. In spite of he was tired, he finished doing his homework.
- D. In spite his tired, he finished doing his homework.

13. He is a much slower speaker than my brother.

- A. He speaks much more slowly than my brother.
- B. He doesn't speak much more slowly than my brother.

C. He speaks much more quickly than my brother.

D. He doesn't speak much more quickly as my brother.

14. They often went to school by bike when they were young.

A. They used to go to school by bike when they were young.

B. They used to going to school by bike when they were young.

C. They used to go to school by bike when they were young.

D. They used to went to school by bike when they were young.

15. She has taught her children to play piano for 4 years.

A. She started teaching her children to play piano 4 years ago.

B. She started to teaching her children to play piano 4 years ago.

C. She started teaching her children to play piano for 4 years ago.

D. She started teaching her children to play piano since 4 years.

16. It's a pity I can't cook as well as my mom.

A. I wish I could cook as well as my mom.

B. I wish I can cook as well as my mom.

C. I wish I could cook as good as my mom.

D. I wish I can cook as better as my mom.

17. Shall we use environmental problem in Ha Noi as a theme of the presentation?

A. She suggests use environmental problem in Ha Noi as a theme of the presentation.

B. She suggests to use environmental problem in Ha Noi as a theme of the presentation.

C. She suggests to using environmental problem in Ha Noi as a theme of the presentation.

D. She suggests using environmental problem in Ha Noi as a theme of the presentation.

18. Finish your homework or you can't go out with your friend.

A. Unless you finish your homework, you can go out with your friend.

B. If you don't finish your homework, you can go out with your friend.

C. If you don't finish your homework, you can't go out with your friend.

D. If you finish your homework, you can't go out with your friend.

19. It took me 4 hours to read the first chapter of the book.

A. I spent 4 hours reading the first chapter of the book.

B. I spent 4 hours to read the first chapter of the book.

C. I spent 4 hours to reading the first chapter of the book.

D. I spent 4 hours read the first chapter of the book.

20. Snowboarding is more dangerous than tennis.

A. Tennis is as dangerous as snowboarding.

B. Tennis is not as dangerous as snowboarding.

C. Tennis is as dangerously as snowboarding.

D. Tennis is not as dangerously as snowboarding.

21. Jenny took a taxi, but she still arrived late for the interview.

A. In spite of Jenny took a taxi, she still arrived late for the interview.

B. Although taking a taxi, Jenny still arrived late for the interview.

C. Although Jenny took a taxi, she still arrived late for the interview.

D. In spite of took a taxi, Jenny still arrived late for the interview.

22. We didn't go out because of the heavy rain.

A. We didn't go out because it rained heavily.

B. We didn't go out because of it rained heavily.

C. We didn't go out because it didn't rain heavily.

D. We didn't go out because it rained heavy.

23. "Why don't you meet to discuss how to organize the fair?"

A. He suggested that we should meet to discuss how to organize the fair.

B. He suggested that we shouldn't meet to discuss how to organize the fair.

C. He suggested to meet to discuss how to organize the fair.

D. He suggested to meeting to discuss how to organize the fair.

24. "If I were you, I would take a break," Tom said to Daisy.

A. Tom wanted to take a break with Daisy. B. Tom advised Daisy to take a break.

C. Tom suggested not taking a break. D. Tom wanted to take a break, and so did Daisy.

25. People believed he won a lot of money on the lottery.

A. He is believed that he won a lot of money on the lottery.

B. He won a lot of money on the lottery, it is believed.

C. He is believed to have won a lot of money on the lottery.

D. He was believed to win a lot of money on the lottery.

26. Mary said, "I don't know what Fred is doing".

A. Mary said that she doesn't know what Fred is doing.

B. Mary said that she didn't know what Fred is doing.

C. Mary said that she doesn't know what Fred was doing.

D. Mary said that she didn't know what Fred was doing.

Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the meaningful sentence from the cues given.

1. Last weekend/ I/ go/ Van Phuc village/ buy/ nice/ silk scarf/ mother.

A. Last week I went to Van Phuc village to buy nice silk scarf for my mother.

B. Last week I went to Van Phuc village and bought a nice silk scarf for my mother.

C. Last week I went to Van Phuc village to buy nice silk scarf to my mother.

D. Last week I went to Van Phuc village and buy a nice silk scarf to my mother.

2. Phong/ walk/ fast/ it/ really/ hard/ keep up with/ him.

A. Phong walks fast, and it's really hard for keep up with him.

B. Phong walks fast, so it was really hard to keep up with him.

C. Phong walks fast, and it's really hard to keep up with him.

D. Phong walks fast, so it was really hard for keeping up with him.

3. These/ baskets/ make/ thin/ bamboo/ strips.

A. These baskets were made by thin bamboo strips.

B. These baskets are made with thin bamboo strips.

C. These baskets were made in thin bamboo strips.

D. These baskets are made of thin bamboo strips.

4. In/ past/ most/ girls/ like/ knit/ sweaters/ themselves.

A. In the past most girls liked knitting sweaters for themselves.

B. In the past most girls like to knit sweaters for themselves.

C. In the past most girls like knitting sweaters for themselves.

D. In the past most girls liked to knitting sweaters for themselves.

5. He / say / he / be/ artisan / workshop / since 2010.

A. He said he was an artisan of the workshop since 2010.

B. He said he had been an artisan of the workshop since 2010.

C. He said he has been an artisan at the workshop since 2010.

D. He said was an artisan at the workshop since 2010.

6. No-one / kind-hearted / than / my mom.

- A. No-one is as kind-hearted than my mom. B. No-one is more kind-hearted than my mom.
C. No-one isn't more kind-hearted than my mom. D. No-one isn't as kind-hearted than my mom.

7. read/ newspaper/ morning/ give/ he/ please/.

- A. Reading newspapers on the morning will give him pleased.
B:To read newspapers in the morning give him please
C:Read newspapers in the morning gives he please.
D:Reading newspapers in the morning gives him pleasure.

8. We/ should/ think/ positive/ how/ protect/ environment/.

- A. We should think positive how to protect our environment.
B. We should think positively how to protect our environment.
C. We should think positively how to protecting our environment.
D. We should think positive how protecting our environment.

9. I/ not/ know/ what/ do/ make/ mother/ happy/.

- A. I not know what do to make mother happy
B. I don't know what to do to make my mother happy.
C. I don't know what doing to make my mother happy.
D. I don't know what to doing make my mother happy.

10. Although / he /tired / he / have to / finish / homework.

- A. Although he was tired, he has to finish his homework.
B. Although he is tired, he has to finish his homework.
C. Although he is tired, he have to finish the homework.
D. Although he tired, he has to finish the homework.

11. It/ be / necessary / have a day / celebrate / our parents

- A. It is necessary to have a day to celebrate for our parents.
B. It is necessary to have a day for celebrate for our parents.
C. It is necessary to have a day to celebrate to our parents.
D. It is necessity to have a day to celebrate for our parents.

12. It/ be said/ Ha Long Bay/ one/ the most interesting/ tourist attractions/ Vietnam.

- A. It said that Ha Long Bay is one of the most interesting tourist attractions in Vietnam.
B. It is say that Ha Long Bay is one of the most interesting tourist attractions in Vietnam.
C. It is said that Ha Long Bay to be one of the most interesting tourist attractions in Vietnam.
D. It is said that Ha Long Bay is one of the most interesting tourist attractions in Vietnam.

13. Her mother/ suggest/ Mary/ go/ see the dentist.

- A. Her mother suggests that Mary goes to see the dentist.
B. Her mother suggested that Mary went to see the dentist.
C. Her mother suggested Mary going to see the dentist.
D. Her mother suggested that Mary should go to see the dentist.

Complete the second sentence so that it has a similar meaning to the first.

1. Ba can't speak English well.

Ba wishes

2. They grow rice in tropical countries.

Rice

3."I will go to my village next week" Mr. Nick said.

- Mr. Nick said
4. She worked hard. She passed her exam .
She worked
5. I don't have a new car.
I wish
6. They will build a new supermarket here.
A new supermarket
7. People speak English all over the world.
English
8. Keeping the environment clean is very important.
It's
9. They have just built a new bridge in the area.
A new bridge
10. How about going to the beach this weekend ?
Shall we.....
11. He had a headache, but he still went to work.
Although.....
12. She started working as a secretary five years ago.
She has.....
13. Because of his broken leg, he didn't take part in the contest yesterday
Because his.....
14. Despite the bad weather, we went out for a picnic.
Although.....
15. I spend three hours doing my homework everyday.
It takes
16. He had a lot of money, but now he doesn't.
He used.....
17. Scientists have discovered that there is water on Mars.
It has been
18. We expect the professor will arrive this morning.
It is expected
19. I usually stayed up late to watch football matches last year.
I used to
20. "Why don't you watch more TV in English, Nam?"
-> The teacher suggests.
21. David gave up smoking two years ago. **(used)**
->

===== THE END =====

Long Biên, ngày 1 tháng 12 năm 2021

NGƯỜI LẬP ĐỀ CƯƠNG

TỔ TRƯỞNG

**KT HIỆU TRƯỞNG
PHÓ HIỆU TRƯỞNG**

(đã kí)

Đoàn Thị Lê

Đoàn Thị Lê

Cao Thị Phương Anh