**UNIT 1: MY HOBBY**

**I.** **Choose the word which has the underlined part pronounced differently from the others.**

1. A. bird B. girl C. first D. sister

2. A. burn B. sun C. hurt D. turn

3. A. nurse B. picture C. surf D. return

4. A. neighbor B. favorite C. culture D. tourist

5. A. hobby B. hour C. hotel D. hot

**II.** **Choose the best options to complete the following sentences.**

1. My mother loves flowers so I often ...................... some in the living room.

A. hate B. arrange C. burn D. catch

2. ...................... is a popular hobby of the people living around this forest.

A. Collecting dolls B. Bird-watching

C. Ice-skating D. Surfing

3. He can’t ...................... because he is scared of heights.

A. make pottery B. go camping

C. go mountain climbing D. make models

4. My father is doing the ...................... and my mother is cooking.

A. gardening B. horse-riding C skating D. monopoly

5. You should ...................... gymnastics regularly to have good health.

A. do B. go C. watch D. play

6. A lot of people enjoy ...................... things such as dolls, stamps or bottles.

A. making B. arranging C. doing D. collecting

7. It takes me a lot of time to make a ......................

A. collage B. cycling C. eggshell D. Monopoly

8. You shouldn’t go ...................... if you can’t swim.

A. skating B. board game C. gallery D. surfing

9. Can you ride a horse? - Of course. It’s a piece of ......................

A. cake B. horse C. collage D. art

10. He’s a great artist. He can ...................... in both ......................

A. plant ‒ stone and wood B. carved ‒ eggshell

C. carve ‒ wood and eggshells D. plant ‒ wood and eggshells

11. I love this song because its ...................... is very sweet and romantic.

A. melody B. monopoly C. challenging D. unique

12. Be careful, please! All of things in this box are very ......................

A .gallery B. collage C. carved D. fragile

13. A lot of girls love holding their weddings ......................

A. challenging B. outdoors C. in board games D. unusual

14. Lan doesn’t like ...................... sports such as surfing or mountain climbing.

A. fragile B. indoors C. challenging D. carved

15. Be careful. Don’t ...................... yourself.

A. hurt B. plant C. hate D. catch

**III.** **Choose the underlined word or phrase (marked A, B, C or D) in each sentence that needs correcting.**

1. The children are playing boarding games, and their mother is arranging flowers.

2. One of his father's favourite hobbies is playing horse-riding, and he just practises it twice a month.

3. He started learning how to play the guitar on his elder brother.

4. Your favourite football match will begin at 3 p.m., so you should arrive there soon to get a good seat.

5. She will attend the judo class next month because she intends to have a long vacation in Ho Chi Minh City.

**IV.** **Read the text and choose the correct answer.**

If you enjoy cycling for pleasure, doing it in London can be a shock. There are not enough lanes especially for bikes, and making your way through the traffic can be very risky. But if you have great passion, cycling in London can be exciting, and **it** is an inexpensive way of keeping fit if you live there. Some cyclists don’t mind spending a lot of money on expensive bikes. However, if you just want a basic bike that is only for occasional use, there are many cheap choices. Several markets have cheap bikes on sale which may not be impressive to look at but should be satisfactory. You should buy a cycling helmet if you want to cycle in London. Wearing a cycling helmet is not compulsory in Britain, but it is a good idea to wear one for protection.

1. What is the main idea of the passage?

A. Cycling helmets B. Cheap bicycles

C. Bicycle markets D. Cycling in London

2. According to the passage, cycling in London is

A. easy B. difficult C. tiring D. boring

3. The word “it” in line 3 refers to

A. cycling B. passion C. excitement D. doing exercise

4. The difficulty of cycling in London is described in lines

A. 2 B. 5 C. 5-6 D. 8-9

5. According to the passage, all the followings are true **EXCEPT** that

A. It is compulsory to wear a helmet when cycling in Britain.

B. Some bikes in London are cheap.

C. There are not many lanes especially for bikes.

D. Some cyclists don’t want to buy expensive bikes.

**V.** **Choose the most suitable word for each space.**

What do you like doing best (1) your spare time? My cousin Paul likes going for walks in the country and (2) photos. Sometimes he (3) with his friends, and they have fun at the park or at the beach. They always have a good time. His brother Chris isn’t (4) on walking. He spends most of the (5) at home.

1. A. for B. when C. in D. at

2. A. making B. having C. taking D. doing

3. A. travels B. gets up C. sees D. goes out

4. A. interested B. out C. decided D. keen

5. A. other B. time C. people D. money

**V. Choose the sentences (A, B, C or D) that is closest in the meaning to the root sentence or best combines the two given sentences.**

1. It usually takes me two hours to do my homework.

A. I usually spend two hours to do my homework.

B. Doing my homework needs me two hours.

C. Two hours is the time I need to do my homework.

D. Two hours are enough for me to do my homework.

2. Staying at home alone scares me.

A. I am used to staying at home alone.

B. I find staying at home alone scary.

C. I don’t like staying at home alone.

D. Staying at home alone causes me no fear.

3. My brother has a lot of strange stickers in his collection.

A. There are a lot of strange stickers in my brother’s collection.

B. My brother has a strange collection of stickers.

C. My brother often asks people for strange stickers to put in his collection.

D. My brother has the strangest stickers I’ve ever seen in his collection.

4. This math exercise is too difficult for me to solve.

A. I have no difficulty solving this math exercise.

B. This math exercise is difficult enough for me to solve.

C. This math exercise is easy enough for me to solve it.

D. This math exercise isn’t easy enough for me to solve.

5. I am keen on walking in the rain.

A. I avoid walking in the rain.

B. Walking in the rain gives me a lot of pleasure.

C. I often have to walk in the rain.

D. Walking in the rain makes me feel unpleasant.

**UNIT 2: HEALTH**

**I.** **Choose the word which has the underlined part pronounced differently from the others.**

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 1. | A. of | B. coffee | C. leaf | D. faucet |
| 2. | A. cough | B. laugh | C. enough | D. through |
| 3. | A. know | B. knife | C. king | D. knitting |
| 4. | A. daughter | B. weigh | C. rough | D. thought |
| 5. | A. knives | B. draught | C. flight | D. tough |

**II.** **Choose the best options to complete the following sentences.**

1. You should eat a lot of fruits and vegetables because they vitamin A,

which is good for the eyes.

A. run B. take C. provide D. get

2. The health from that diet expert is that you should eat less junk food and count your calories if you are becoming fat.

A. advices B. ideas C. tip D. tips

3. The seafood I ate this morning makes me feel all over.

A. itchy B. weak C. running D. well

4. If you want to be fit, stay outdoors more and do more activities.

A. physics B. physic C. physical D. physically

5. Do more exercise eat more fruit and vegetables.

A. and B. so C. but D. although

6. After working in computer for long hours, you should your eyes and relax.

A. wake B. rest C. sleep D. sleep in

7. Eat less high-fat foods to keep you from fat.

A. gaining B. reducing C. getting D. rising

8. We should follow the advice from doctors and health in order to keep fit.

A. managers B. experts C. people D. workers

9. Have a healthy and you can enjoy your life.

A. lifeline B. lively C. lives D. lifestyle

10. They go outside even when it’s cold.

A. swims B. swimming C. swimming D. swam

11. Rob eats a lot of fast food and he on a lot of weight.

A. spends B. brings C. takes D. puts

12. We need to spend less time computer games.

A. playing B. to playing C. play D. to play

13. To prevent , you should eat a lot of garlic and keep your body warm.

A. cold B. mumps C. flu D. headache

14. Be careful with you eat and drink.

A. who B. this C. what D. that

15. Eating a lot of junk food may lead to your .

A. pain B. stomachache C. obesity D. fitness

**III.** **Choose the underlined word or phrase (marked A, B, C or D) in each sentence that needs correcting.**

1. My father often takes my sister and me to the cinema at special occasions.

2. My younger brother had temperature and felt tired yesterday, so I was worried about him so much

3. They provide some food and drink with the poor people in their community more often.

4. I think he will go to the book fair next Sunday because he loves to read books so much

5. Be less careful when you eat some kinds of food, my dear! You may have allergies if you don't take my advice.

**IV.** **Choose the word or phrase among A, B, C or D that best fits the blank space in the following passage.V.** **Choose the most suitable word for each space.**

It’s important to (1) well, especially when you are studying. If you are at primary (2) , you may not go home for lunch and have a cooked meal of meat or (3) and vegetables. A chicken and lettuce sandwich, with some (4) fruit would be a light but (5) lunch. Many people around the world eat plain, boiled (6) two or three times a day. Pupils and students often don’t eat (7) when they’re revising for an exam – they eat chocolate and (8) lots of black coffee! And by the way, doctors say everybody should start the day with healthy (9) . It’s also good for you to drink a lot of (10) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_through the day.

1. A. launching B. emitting C. eat D. peaking

2. A. school B. weapons C. spaceships D. rockets

3. A. to B. towards C. with D. fish

4. A. as soon as B. fresh C. as well as D. such as

5. A. burnt B. explored C. went off D. healthy

6. A. rice B. audience C. observatories D. watcher

7. A. sent back B. returned to C. well D. except for

8. A. weightlessness B. drink C. wavelengths D. length

9. A. space B. atmosphere C. vacant D. breakfast

10. A. scientists B. drivers C. water D. astronaut

**V. Choose the sentences (A, B, C or D) that is closest in the meaning to the root sentence or best combines the two given sentences.**

1. It was very hot. He switched on the fan.

A. It was very hot, so he switched on the fan.

B. Because he switched on the fan, it was very hot.

C. It was very hot, but he switched on the fan.

D. So it was very hot, he switched on the fan.

2. You will miss the train. You must hurry.

A. You must hurry, so you will miss the train.

B. Because you must hurry, you will miss the train.

C. You must hurry, or you will miss the train.

D. Missing the train means you must hurry.

3. She had a sunburn. She didn’t apply sunscreen on her body.

1. She had a sunburn or she didn’t apply sunscreen on her body.

B. Although she had a sunburn, she didn’t apply sunscreen on her body.

C. Because she had a sunburn, she didn’t apply sunscreen on her body.

D. She had a sunburn because she didn’t apply sunscreen on her body.

4. Helen has a temperature. She has a headache.

A. Although Helen has a temperature, she has a headache.

B. Helen has a temperature or a headache.

C. Helen has a temperature and a headache.

D. Helen has a temperature because she has a headache.

5. You have to get up early. You will be late for school.

A. Because you have to get up early, you won’t be late for school.

B. Get up early or you will be late for school.

C. You have to get up early and you will be late for school.

D. Although you get up early, you will still be late for school.

**UNIT 3: COMMUNITY SERVICE**

**I.** **Choose the word which has the underlined part pronounced differently from the others.**

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 1. | A. collect | B. cough | C. think | D. certain |
| 2. | A. girl | B. game | C. gym | D. give |
| 3. | A. colour | B. face | C. city | D. recycle |
| 4. | A. global | B. geography | C. green | D. big |
| 5. | A. charitable | B. character | C. headache | D. school |

**II.** **Choose the best options to complete the following sentences.**

1. Thank you. This Information ...................... me a lot.

A. helps B. benefits C. volunteer D. A &B are correct.

2. All of these books and clothes will be ...................... to children in Ha Giang.

A. encouraged B. donated C. clean D. All are correct.

3. My mom often asks me to ...................... my room on the weekend.

A. stay B. volunteer C. make D. clean up

4. Students often make postcards and sell them to ...................... to help the poor.

A. volunteer B. raise funds C. raise money D. B & C are correct.

5. Try to study harder and be more active to ...................... to your life.

A. make a difference B. raise money C. clean up D. donated

6. My sister works as a volunteer at a ...................... in the city.

A. donate B. shelter C. community D. homeless

7. Nowadays, a lot of ...................... live in a nursing home.

A. homeless people B. elderly people C. street children D. disabled people.

8. There are a lot of ...................... after the storm.

A. homeless people B. elderly people C. nursing home D. community

9. Many ...................... gifts will be given to the poor in Lao Cai this Sunday.

A. blood B. charitable C. dirty D. flooded

10. On Fridays and Saturdays, 100 ...................... for free chicken noodle soup are given to the poor by Mr. Khanh in Hanoi.

A. coupons B. mentors C. tutors D. blankets

11. We are collecting ...................... and clothes for street children.

A. dirty B. blood C. rubbish D. blankets

12. Many ...................... are ...................... to protect the environment.

A. non-profit organizations – provided B. tutor – established

C. non-profit organizations –established D. coupons –donated

13. This program will ...................... life skills for young people.

A. provide B. be forced C. graffiti D. establish

14. She is very ...................... She always helps others.

A. dirty B. kind-hearted C. charitable D. flooded

15. Can you help me ...................... these clothes?

A. tutor B. establish C. provide D. sort

**III.** **Choose the underlined word or phrase (marked A, B, C or D) in each sentence that needs correcting.**

1. They want to provide necessary life skills with street children in their community.

2. She has known how to look after sickness children in the right way so far.

3. We often volunteer at the nursing home to help elderly in our free time.

4. He has attended a green project and planted a lot of trees in their communitytwo months ago.

5. She had time to play chess with her brother yesterday morning because she cleaned the dirty beach with her green club.

**IV.** **Choose the most suitable word for each space.**

(1) January 17th, 1995, a powerful earthquake hit the city of Kobe, Japan. Many buildings (2) or collapsed.

Soon after the earthquake, people in Kobe (3) working together to save their city. Neighbours pulled each other out (4) collapsed buildings. Ordinary people (5) out fires even before the fire trucks arrived. Volunteers in Kobe organized themselves into (6) . They worked out a system to send (7) to people who needed. Other teams searched for belongings in damaged stores and homes. Some people (8) food, water, clothes, and electric generators to different part of the city. Some volunteers took (9) of children who had lost their parents. Teams of volunteers from outside Japan helped, too.

Today, Kobe has been built. But people there still remember the outpouring of support they (10)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ from all over the world back in 1995.

1. A. in B. at C. on D. from

2. A. is burning B. burned C. burning D. burn

3. A. to begin B. are beginning C. begin D. began

4. A. into B. of C. on D. with

5. A. to put B. putting C. puts D. put

6. A. teams B. pair C. group D. friends

7. A. helped B. helping C. help D. to help

8. A. brought B. bringing C. brings D. brought

9. A. part B. care C. caring D. note

10. A. received B. is receiving C. have received D. receiving

**V. Choose the sentences (A, B, C or D) that is closest in the meaning to the root sentence or best combines the two given sentences.**

1. Mr. Viet started collecting stamps two years ago.

A. Mr. Viet has started collecting stamps for two years.

B. Mr. Viet has been collected stamps for two years ago.

C. Mr. Viet has collected stamps for two years ago.

D. Mr. Viet has collected stamps for two years.

2. He hasn’t cleaned his room for days.

A. he started cleaning his room days ago.

B. it is days since he has cleaned his room.

C. He last cleaned his room days ago.

D. he has never cleaned his room.

3. Johnny is almost as tall as Bob now.

A. Johnny and Bob are almost the same tall now.

B. Johnny was not as tall as Bob in the past.

C. Johnny and Bob are almost the same height now.

D. Johnny is a little bit taller than Bob now.

4. I have never listened to ghost stories before.

A. This is the first time I listened to ghost stories.

B. These are the first Ghost stories I listen to.

C. This is the first time I have listened to ghost stories.

D. This is the first time I listen to ghost stories.

5. No one in the family is more sympathetic then Laura.

A. The people in the house is not sympathetic at all.

B. Laura is very sympathetic.

C. Laura is the most sympathetic of all the people in the house.

D. Laura is more sympathetic than many people in the house.

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**UNIT 4: MUSIC AND ARTS**

**I.** **Choose the word which has the underlined part pronounced differently from the others.**

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 1. | A. collection | B. tradition | C. exhibition | D. question |
| 2. | A. version | B. pleasure | C. usual | D. design |
| 3. | A. closure | B. sure | C. pleasure | D. leisure |
| 4. | A. ocean | B. concert | C. musician | D. official |
| 5. | A. so | B. expensive | C. saxophone | D. music |

**II.** **Choose the best options to complete the following sentences.**

1. He is very good at drawing\_\_\_\_\_. He often draws his parents and friends.

A. crayons B. landmarks C. galleries D. portraits

2. She can play some musical\_\_\_\_\_ such as guitar, piano or cello.

A. instruments B. paintbrushes C. opera D. microphones

3. He\_\_\_\_\_ as a photographer. He likes \_\_\_\_\_\_ photos very much.

A. plays/drawing B. writes/taking C. works/taking D. works/drawing

4. Physical education, music or art are the subjects in the secondary\_\_\_ in Viet Nam.

A. curriculum B. necessity C. consideration D. importance

5. Do you know the national \_\_\_\_\_\_ of Viet Nam? -Yes. It's Tien Quan Ca.

A. composer B. anthem C. academic D. music

6. Some people should take notice of the main content in the discussion. They just talk about\_\_\_\_\_\_ things.

A. suitable B. central C. unimportant D. necessary

7. The puppeteers are \_\_\_\_\_ the puppets by their strings.

A. controlling B. visiting C. appearing D. enjoying

8. She's looking to receiving the letter from her mother.

A. on B. forward C. up D. for

9. Your paintings are \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ his.

A. as beautiful so B. as beautiful as C. more beautiful as D. so beautiful than

10. Her paintbrushes are so old. Hers are \_\_\_\_\_\_ yours.

A. as not new as B. not as new like C. not as new as D. not as new than

11. His knowledge of history of art is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ours.

A. the same as B. very same as C. like same as D. more same as

12. Their kind of music is \_\_\_\_\_ mine.

A. different with B. so different to C. as different than D. different from

13. Some people think the band's rock and roll songs are very lively. They are \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ some of their gentle old songs.

A. the same as B. different from C. not as far as D. as much as

14. I love dancing, and my sister loves it, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. so B. too C. neither D. either

15. He can't play the saxophone, and his brother can't \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ .

A. either B. neither C. so D. too

**III.** **Choose the underlined word or phrase (marked A, B, C or D) in each sentence that needs correcting.**

1.She's interested in photographs because she wants to take a lot of beautiful photos of life.

2. The band would like to share their interest in music to their fans by singing good songs in their concert.

3. Water puppetry is one of the unique and traditional artist forms in Viet Nam.

4. She thinks her younger brother plays the piano as good as she does.

5. Some people say that the melody of classical music isn't more quick as hip-hop.

**IV.** **Read the text and choose the correct answer.**

You can’t buy a drawing by Julian Beever and you can’t see his work in a gallery or museum. Julian makes his amazing pictures on the pavements of city streets. People have called him “the Pavement Picasso” and perhaps you have seen his pictures on the Internet.

Julian has made hundreds of pieces of “pavement art” in different countries - in many parts of Europe and also in the USA, Australia, Japan, Argentina, and Brazil.

His drawings can take three or four days to finish. But because he draws with chalk, the drawings only stay for a short time. When people walk on them or when it rains, they quickly disappear. For Julian, this isn’t a problem. The drawings survive in the photos he has taken, and this is the most important thing for him.

Julian’s fame hasn’t come from experts in the art world, but from the Internet. “The reason why my work has become well known is because people like it and they’ve sent it to each other on the Internet,” he says. “So I know that what I do is popular.”

Julian Beever is from Leicestershire in England, but he now lives in Belgium.

1. Julian Beever makes drawings .

A. outside B. on his computer C. for exhibitions in a gallery

2. He has worked .

A. in a few cities B. in lots of countries C. with hundreds of people

3. His pictures .

A. are easy to draw B. look good when it rains C. don’t stay for a long time

4. Lots of people know Julian’s art because .

A. they know a lot about art B. he has sent photos to them

C. they have seen it on the net

5. Julian Beever .

A. hasn’t lived in Britain B. hasn’t tried to be a star in the art world

C. isn’t very interested in photos.

**V.** **Read the text carefully then decide whether the f statements are true (T) or false (F).**

Many students listen to music while they are studying, and say that it helps them learn. Many parents and teachers say that music is just distracting, and that students are better studying in silence. Who is right?

In a study, some scientists asked three groups of students to listen to a piece of music by Mozart or a relaxation tape for ten minutes, or just sit in silence for ten minutes. The students then did a ‘spatial reasoning’ test (a test about remembering shapes and imagining looking at objects from different directions), and the ones who had listened to the Mozart did better in the test.

Taking part in musical activities and learning to play an instrument can improve verbal memory (the ability to remember words). The longer the training lasts, the better the improvement in the memory. So, there’s no excuse to give up the piano lessons!

1. Many students think it’s helpful to listen to music when studying.

2. Teachers say music helps students to better concentrate.

3. The students who had listened to Mozart did better in the spatial reasoning test.

4. Listening to Mozart music will not make you smarter.

5. Music training helps to improve memory.

**V. Choose the sentences (A, B, C or D) that is closest in the meaning to the root sentence or best combines the two given sentences.**

1. Loan is beautiful. She is also intelligent and hard working.

A. Loan is not very beautiful but she is intelligent and hard working.

B. Loan is beautiful, intelligent and hard working.

C. Loan is beautiful and she is not intelligent or hard working either.

D. Loan is as beautiful as intelligent and hard working.

2. Da Nang is peaceful and beautiful. Nha Trang is peaceful and beautiful.

A. Both Da Nang and Nha Trang are peaceful and beautiful.

B. Da Nang is different from Nha Trang because Da Nang is more beautiful and peaceful.

C. Da Nang is not as beautiful and peaceful as Nha Trang.

D. Da Nang and Nha Trang are peaceful and beautiful either.

3. It rained heavily this morning. Luyen was late for school.

A. Because Luyen was late for school, it rained heavily this morning.

B. It rained heavily this morning as Luyen was late for school.

C. Luyen was late for school this morning because it rained heavily.

D. Luyen was late for school so it rained heavily this morning.

4. Dancing is as healthy and interesting as singing.

A. Dancing is healthier and interesting as singing.

B. Singing is different from dancing and more interesting.

C. Dancing is healthy and interesting and singing is too.

D. Singing and dancing are not very healthy and interesting.

5. Photography is more expensive and time-consuming as photography.

A. Dancing is as expensive and time-consuming as photography

B. Dancing is not as expensive and time-consuming as photography.

C. Photography is the same as dancing.

D. Photography is expensive and time-consuming and dancing is too.

**UNIT 5: VIET NAM FOOD AND DRINKS**

**I.** **Choose the word which has the underlined part pronounced differently from the others.**

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 1 | A. tofu | B. opera | C. hot | D. bottle |
| 2 | A. wash | B. warm | C. wall | D. walk |
| 3 | A. apple | B. pancake | C. snack | D. salt |
| 4 | A. pan | B. bag | C. water | D. add |
| 5 | A. taught | B. water | C. sandwich | D. author |

**II.** **Choose the best options to complete the following sentences.**

1. How many tomatoes and onions do you need for the ....................., Lan?

A. sauce B. pork C. beef D.pancake

2. The ..................... for pho bo is made by stewing cow bones.

A. sweet soup B. sausage C. omelette D. broth

3. Is there any ..................... left? I want to make some more cookies.

A. eels B. tuna C. spring rolls D. flour

4. Eating too much .....................can make you feel like your mouth is on fire.

A. green tea B. pepper C. spinach D. noodles

5. Drinking 2 to 3 cups of .....................a day may bring you alot of health benefits.

A. ham B. sauce C. green tea D. broth

6. We don’t have any rice left, but you can have some ..................... instead.

A. noodles B. salt C. turmeric D. peppers

7. ..................... is one of delicious Vietnamese desserts, especially in summer.

A. Tofu B. Sweet soup C. Sausage D. Ham

8. Vegetables are one of the most important parts of my diet, and my favourite one is .....................

A. pork B. beef C. spinach D. tuna

9. I help my mom go to the supermarket to buy all the ................ for her spring rolls.

A. ingredients B. yoghurt C. spinach D. tofu

10. I’ll send you the ..................... for my mother’s chocolate cake.

A. green tea B. recipe C. frying pan D. ingredient

11. ..................... your frying pan first and then add the cooking oil.

A. Add B. Pour C. Heat D. Fold

12. There is some food in the fridge. You can use the microwave to .......... the food up.

A. warm B. squeeze C. pour D. beat

13. Ben ..................... some lemonade into a glass and gave it to me.

A. beat B. poured C. folded D. heated

14. May I have some more sugar, please? The lemonade is too .....................

A. sweet B. sour C. spicy D. fragrant

15. The activities in their party last night were boring, but the food was .....................

A. delicious B.bitter C. salty D.sour

**III.** **Choose the underlined word or phrase (marked A, B, C or D) in each sentence that needs correcting.**

1. She added some cooking oil into the frying pan, and then put the mixtures of eggs into it.

2. The noodles in a bowl of bun bo are done from the most delicious rice.

3. They shouldn't put a pinch and sugar more because the mixture of cakes is so sweet now.

4. There are some potato and beef in the kitchen now, so we can cook soup from them.

5. The chef always cooks eel soup very well, and we can't forget its specially taste

**IV.** **Read the text and choose the correct answer.**

Vietnamese food culture varies by regions from the north to the south. In Northern Vietnam, food is characterized by light and balanced. Northern Vietnam is seen to be the cradle of Vietnamese cuisine with many notable dishes like Pho, Bun Rieu, Bun Thang, Bun Cha, BanhCuon, etc. Then, food culture in Northern Vietnam became popular in Central and Southern Vietnam with suitable flavors in each regions.

The regional cuisine of Central Vietnam is famous for its spicy food. Hue cuisine is typical Central Vietnam’s food culture. Food in the region is often used with chili peppers and shrimp sauces, namely, Bun Bo Hue, BanhKhoai, BanhBeo, etc.

In Southern Vietnam, the warm weather and fertile soil create an ideal condition for planting a variety of fruit, vegetables and livestock. Thus, food in the region is often added with garlic, shallots and fresh herbs. Particularly, Southerners are favored of sugar; they add sugar in almost dishes. Some signature dishes from Southern Vietnam include BanhKhot and Bun Mam.

1. It is considered that Vietnamese cuisine \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

a. originated from the North

b. became more and more popular

c. always combines taste and colour

d. can be found only in Northern Vietnam

2. What are the features of Northern Vietnamese food?

a. It’s delicious and healthy. b. It’s sweet and sour.

c.It’s light and balanced. d. It’s a bit fatty and salty.

3. Hue cuisine is notable for its \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

a. colorful food b. spicy taste c. bitter taste d. light flavor

4. In Southern Vietnam, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

a. the warm weather makes it hard to plant fruit and vegetables

b. fresh herbs are always used in cooking

c. people love sweet food

d. sugar is often added to dishes

5. Which of the followings is NOT true?

a. Food in Vietnam changes region to region.

b. Southerners do not like northern food due to its light flavor.

c. Chill peppers and shrimp sauces are among the frequently used ingredients.

d. Bun Bo Hue is a typical dish of the Central Vietnam cuisine.

**V.** **Read the text carefully then decide whether the f statements are true (T) or false (F).**

***Read the passage and then decide whether the sentences are True (A) or False (B).***

In Vietnam, family meals with many *traditional Vietnamese foods* have been one of the unique cultural features. Up to now, the family meals are higher appreciated when people are getting busier with their business. In some big cities such as Hanoi and Ho Chi Minh, parents are always busy. They get up early in the morning and take their children to school before going to work. The children study and have lunch at school and the parents usually work and eat lunch at offices. Therefore, dinner becomes the most important meal of the day for most of the families in Vietnam because it connects family members together and helps them share a meal and talk together after a hard day.

1. Dinner is the most important meal of all families in Vietnam

A. True B. False

2. Meals with traditional food play an important role in Vietnamese culture.

A. True B. False

3. Children in big cities in Vietnam usually have lunch at school

A. True B. False

4. When people become busier with their work, family meals are less appreciated.

A. True B. False

5. Having dinner together helps family members become closer.

A. True B. False

**V. Choose the sentences (A, B, C or D) that is closest in the meaning to the root sentence or best combines the two given sentences.**

1. How much do you pay for the blue jeans you are wearing?

A. How much money does the blue jeans you are wearing?

B. How much are the blue jeans you are wearing?

C. How many money do you pay for the blue jeans you are wearing?

D. How many are the blue jeans you are wearing?

2. When did you last ride a bike?

A. What time is it when you ride a bike?

B. How often did you ride a bike?

C. How much time did you ride a bike?

D. When was the last time you rode a bike?

3. I am wearing sunglasses. I am wearing a T-shirt. I am wearing jeans.

A. I am wearing a pair of sunglasses, a T-shirt and a jeans.

B. I am wearing a T-shirt, jeans and a pair of sunglasses.

C. I am wearing jeans, T-shirt and sunglasses.

D. I am wearing a pair of sunglasses, T-shirt, jeans.

4. Tuan put some flour in the mixture. Tuan didn’t put any milk.

A. Tuan put some flour and milk in the mixture.

B. Tuan didn’t put any flour in the mixture but he put some milk.

C. Tuan forgot to put some flour and milk in the mixture.

D. Tuan put some flour and he didn’t put any milk in the mixture.

5. Trang has got lots of friends. She hasn’t got much money.

A. Trang has got a lot of friends and money.

B. Trang hasn’t got a lot of money but she has many friends.

C. Trang has got much friends and many money.

D. Trang hasn’t got any friends or money.

**UNIT 6: THE FIRST UNIVERSITY IN VIETNAM**

**I.** **Choose the word which has the underlined part pronounced differently from the others.**

1. A. century B. major C. arrange D. village

2. A. culture B. nature C. choose D. January

3. A. jump B. question C. gigantic D. danger

4. A. language B. miniature C. mutual D. picture

5. A. edging B. orange C. joke D. temperature

**II.** **Choose the best options to complete the following sentences.**

1. ..................... was built of wood on a single stone post.

A. Khue Van Pavilion B. One Pillar Pagoda

C. Imperial Academy D. World Heritage Site

2. The ..................... in Hanoi is the area with busy streets and lots of shops as well as restaurants.

A. Doctors’ stone tablets B. Emperor

C. Temple of Literature D. Old Quarter

3. He finally received the ..................... that he deserved for his teaching career.

A. recognition B. relic C. scholar D. site

4. The red rose is a ..................... beauty and romantic love.

A. scholar B. doctoral C. symbol D. tomb

5. Cambridge University was founded in 1209 by a group of ..................... from the University of Oxford.

A. Emperor B. scholars C. relics D. statues

6. When their leader died, they placed his body in a large .....................

A. tomb B. site C. symbol D. doctorate

7. Staying in a ..................... is a greatway to be in the fresh air and still be comfortable.

A. locate B. tent C. compass D.build

8. If you know how to use a ....................., youwon’t get lost in the forest.

A. blanket B. camera C. tent D. compass

9. In July 1976, Saigon was officially ..................... Ho Chi Minh City.

A. regarded B. renamed C. built D. grown

10.They ..................... a statue in memory of Vo Thi Sau.

A. erected B. surrounded C. recognized D. considered

11. The old temple was ..................... in 1962 on the same site.

A. located B. consisted C. reconstructed D. surrounded

12. Stacey is ..................... as one of the world’s best players at the age of 25.

A. grown B. built C. consisted D. regarded

13. Music and arts \_\_\_\_\_ at many schools in Vietnam.

A. aren’t teached B. isn’t learnt C. teach D. aren’t taught

14. My house \_\_\_\_\_ in 2005 an I \_\_\_\_\_ in the same year.

A. was build / born B. was built/ was born

C. were built/ were born D. is build/ was born

15. I \_\_\_\_\_ a lot of trees around my house when I lived in the countryside.

A. grew B. grow C. was grown D. is grown

**III.** **Choose the underlined word or phrase (marked A, B, C or D) in each sentence that needs correcting.**

1. She hopes she will have a greatly success in her study at university.

2. They should book tickets of this train to Hue on advance.

3. He decided visiting some places of interest in Can Tho at the weekend.

4. This area is contained some souvenir shops, a small restaurant and a clean park.

5. The historical and precious relics protect carefully in the museum.

**IV.** **Read the following passage and choose the best option for each numbered bank.**

Chu Van An was born in 1292 and died in 1370. From his childhood, he was (1) for his intelligence. He did not have the dream of (2) part in exams to become mandarins (3) other students. Chu Van An stayed at (4) and taught himself by reading books, and opened schools. His school quickly became famous in the region and many students from other places went there to (5) .\_\_\_\_\_

Emperor Tran Minh Tong (6) Chu Van An to be the principal of the Imperial Academy to teach his crown prince and other students to become (7)\_\_\_\_\_\_people for the country. In 1359, Emperor Tran Minh Tong gave his crown (8)\_\_\_\_\_his son, Tran Hien Tong, who was also a student of Chu Van An. Under the regime of Emperor Tran Hien Tong, the court and the country were peaceful. (9) \_\_\_\_, this period lasted only for 12 years. Then Emperor Tran Hien Tong died, and Tran Du Tong inherited the crown. The social situation became complicated, the people were very poor and many good people were killed.

Chu Van An bravely submitted a petition which requested the Emperor to behead 7 perfidious mandarins, so it was (10) “Seven Beheaded Petition” (That Tram So). “Seven Beheaded Petition” became the symbol of the courageous attitude of the real intellectuals, and of Chu Van An’s spirit.

1. A. like B. famous C. Such as D. Similar

2. A. approximately B. expressively C. taking D. progressively

3. A. like B. pioneering C. pioneering D. pioneers

4. A. custom B. waiter C. service D. home

5. A. tourists B. study C. pilot D. guess

6. A. invited B. orbition C. orbital D. orbiting

7. A. constructed B. designed C. talented D. painted

8. A. equipment B. to C. equivalent D. furniture

9. A. invitation B. ticket C. space D. However

10. A. called B. departures C. islands D. destinations

**V. Choose the sentences (A, B, C or D) that is closest in the meaning to the root sentence or best combines the two given sentences.**

1. They water the flowers every morning.

A. They need some water and flowers every morning.

B. The flowers are watered by them in the morning every day.

C. There is some water on the flowers.

D. They put the flowers in the water every morning.

2. Their game of badminton is always on Thursday.

A. They always play badminton on Thursday.

B. They always play their game on Thursday.

C. They play badminton always on Thursday.

D. They have played badminton every Thursday.

3. My birthday is on Jun the 4th.

A. I born on the 4th of Jun.

B. I was born on the 4th of Jun.

C. My mother born me on June the 4th.

D. I am born on June the 4th.

4. My parents didn’t buy that house. They didn’t have enough money.

A. Because they didn’t have a lot of money, my parents bought that house.

B. My parents didn’t have enough money so they bought that house.

C. Because my parents didn’t have enough money, they didn’t buy that house.

D. My parents didn’t buy that house because they had a lot of money.

5. The temple in my hometown was built in the 18th century.

A. They build the temple long time ago in my hometown.

B. In my home, the temple was not very old.

C. It took 200 years to build the temple in my village.

D. The temple in my hometown is over 200 years old.