# LONG BIEN DISTRICT PEOPLE'S COMMITTEE PHUC DONG LOWER SECONDARY SCHOOL

# THE SECOND MID - TERM TEST - ENGLISH 9

Time allowance: 60 mins

Period: 78 - The 2<sup>nd</sup> term (2023-2024)

# MA TRẬN ĐỀ KIỂM TRA GIỮA KỲ 2 MÔN: TIẾNG ANH 9 – THỜI GIAN LÀM BÀI: 60 PHÚT

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# BẢNG ĐẶC TẢ KĨ THUẬT ĐỂ KIỂM TRA GIỮA KỲ 2 MÔN: TIẾNG ANH 9 – THỜI GIAN LÀM BÀI: 60 PHÚT

Mức độ kiến thức, kĩ năng N cần kiểm tra, đánh giá b Nhận biết:	Mức độ kiến thức, kĩ năng N cần kiểm tra, đánh giá b Nhận biết:		TT Kĩ năng		I. LANGUAGE																				
n tra, đánh giá h các âm và trọng ua các từ vựng đã học.	c, kĩ năng N lánh giá b lánh giá TN và trọng 4		Đơn vị kiến thức/kỹ năng		<ol> <li>Pronunciation</li> <li>Sounds: /i/ and /e/, / id/ and /d/</li> <li>Stress in 2-syllable and</li> </ol>	5- Syllable Words.		The state of the s			V		2. Vocabulary	<ol> <li>Vocabulary</li> <li>Từ vựng đã học theo chủ</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Vocabulary</li> <li>Từ vựng đã học theo chủ điểm: Recipes and</li> </ol>	2. Vocabulary Từ vựng đã học theo chủ điểm: Recipes and eating habits, Tourism	2. Vocabulary Từ vựng đã học theo chủ điểm: Recipes and eating habits, Tourism and English in the world	2. Vocabulary Từ vựng đã học theo chủ điểm: Recipes and eating habits, Tourism and English in the world	2. Vocabulary Từ vựng đã học theo chủ điểm: Recipes and eating habits, Tourism and English in the world	2. Vocabulary Từ vựng đã học theo chủ điểm: Recipes and eating habits, Tourism and English in the world	2. Vocabulary Từ vựng đã học theo chủ điểm: Recipes and eating habits, Tourism and English in the world	2. Vocabulary Từ vựng đã học theo chủ điểm: Recipes and eating habits, Tourism and English in the world	2. Vocabulary Từ vựng đã học theo chủ điểm: Recipes and eating habits, Tourism and English in the world 3. Grammar	2. Vocabulary Từ vựng đã học theo chủ điểm: Recipes and eating habits, Tourism and English in the world 3. Grammar Các chủ điểm ngữ pháp	2. Vocabulary Từ vựng đã học theo chủ điểm: Recipes and eating habits, Tourism and English in the world 3. Grammar Các chủ điểm ngữ pháp đã học: Conditional
Số cá Nhận biết TN TI	Số câu hỏi theo Nhận Thông biết hiểu TN TL TN TI		Mức độ kiến thức, kĩ năng cần kiểm tra, đánh giá		Nhận biết: - Nhận biết các âm và trọng âm thông qua các từ vựng theo chủ để đã học	,	Ivnan Diet:		- Nhận ra, nhớ lại, liệt kê được	<ul> <li>Nhận ra, nhớ lại, liệt kê được các từ vựng theo chủ đề đã</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Nhận ra, nhớ lại, liệt kê được các từ vụng theo chủ đề đã học.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Nhận ra, nhớ lại, liệt kê được các từ vựng theo chủ đề đã học.</li> <li>Thông hiểu:</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Nhận ra, nhớ lại, liệt kê được các từ vựng theo chủ đề đã học.</li> <li>Thông hiểu:</li> <li>Hiểu và phân biệt được các</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Nhận ra, nhớ lại, liệt kê được các từ vựng theo chủ đề đã học.</li> <li>Thông hiểu:</li> <li>Hiểu và phân biệt được các từ vựng theo chủ đề đã học.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Nhận ra, nhớ lại, liệt kê được các từ vựng theo chủ đề đã học.</li> <li>Thông hiểu:</li> <li>Hiểu và phân biệt được các từ vựng theo chủ đề đã học.</li> <li>Nắm được các mối liên kết</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Nhận ra, nhớ lại, liệt kê được các từ vựng theo chủ đề đã học.</li> <li>Thông hiểu:</li> <li>Hiểu và phân biệt được các từ vựng theo chủ đề đã học.</li> <li>Nắm được các mối liên kết và kết hợp của từ trong bối</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Nhận ra, nhớ lại, liệt kê được các từ vựng theo chủ đề đã học.</li> <li>Thông hiểu:</li> <li>Hiểu và phân biệt được các từ vựng theo chủ đề đã học.</li> <li>Nắm được các mối liên kết và kết hợp của từ trong bối cảnh và ngữ cảnh tương ứng.</li> </ul>	- Nhận ra, nhớ lại, liệt kê được các từ vựng theo chủ đề đã học.  Thông hiểu: - Hiểu và phân biệt được các từ vựng theo chủ đề đã học Nắm được các mối liên kết và kết hợp của từ trong bối cảnh và ngữ cảnh tương ứng.  Vận dụng:	- Nhận ra, nhớ lại, liệt kê được các từ vựng theo chủ đề đã học.  Thông hiểu: - Hiểu và phân biệt được các từ vựng theo chủ đề đã học Nắm được các mối liên kết và kết hợp của từ trong bối cảnh và ngữ cảnh tương ứng.  Vận dụng: - Hiểu và vận dụng được từ	<ul> <li>Nhận ra, nhớ lại, liệt kê được các từ vựng theo chủ đề đã học.</li> <li>Thông hiểu: <ul> <li>Hiểu và phân biệt được các từ vựng theo chủ đề đã học.</li> <li>Nắm được các mối liên kết và kết hợp của từ trong bối cảnh và ngữ cảnh tương ứng.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Vận dụng: <ul> <li>Hiểu và vận dụng được từ vựng đã học trong văn cảnh</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	- Nhận ra, nhớ lại, liệt kê được các từ vựng theo chủ đề đã học.  Thông hiểu: - Hiểu và phân biệt được các từ vựng theo chủ đề đã học Nắm được các mối liên kết và kết hợp của từ trong bối cảnh và ngữ cảnh tương ứng.  Vận dụng: - Hiểu và vận dụng được từ vựng đã học trong văn cảnh (đanh từ, động từ, tính từ và	- Nhận ra, nhớ lại, liệt kê được các từ vựng theo chủ đề đã học.  Thông hiểu: - Hiểu và phân biệt được các từ vựng theo chủ đề đã học Nắm được các mối liên kết và kết hợp của từ trong bối cảnh và ngữ cảnh tương ứng.  Vận dụng: - Hiểu và vận dụng được từ vựng đã học trong văn cảnh (đanh từ, động từ, tính từ và trạng từ)	- Nhận ra, nhớ lại, liệt kê được các từ vựng theo chủ đề đã học.  Thông hiểu: - Hiểu và phân biệt được các từ vựng theo chủ đề đã học Nắm được các mối liên kết và kết hợp của từ trong bối cảnh và ngữ cảnh tương ứng.  Vận dụng: - Hiểu và vận dụng được từ vựng đã học trong văn cảnh (đanh từ, động từ, tính từ và trạng từ)  Nhận biết:	- Nhận ra, nhớ lại, liệt kê được các từ vựng theo chủ đề đã học.  Thông hiểu: - Hiểu và phân biệt được các từ vựng theo chủ đề đã học Nắm được các mối liên kết và kết hợp của từ trong bối cảnh và ngữ cảnh tương ứng.  Vận dụng: - Hiểu và vận dụng được từ vựng đã học trong văn cảnh (đanh từ, động từ, tính từ và trạng từ)  Nhận biết: - Nhận ra được các kiến thức	- Nhận ra, nhớ lại, liệt kê được các từ vựng theo chủ đề đã học.  Thông hiểu: - Hiểu và phân biệt được các từ vựng theo chủ đề đã học Nắm được các mối liên kết và kết hợp của từ trong bối cảnh và ngữ cảnh tương ứng.  Vận dụng: - Hiểu và vận dụng được từ vựng đã học trong văn cảnh (đanh từ, động từ, tính từ và trạng từ)  Nhận biết: - Nhận ra được các kiến thức ngữ pháp đã học trong bài
	Thông hiểu  TN TI	Số cá	Nhận biết	-	4			تن		(A)	1	.1												٥	ω
mức độ nh Vận dụng L TN TL		iận thức	Vận dụng cao	77 Sz	. :																				
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Thông hiểu: - Hiểu và phân biệt các chủ điểm ngữ pháp đã học.	Vận dụng: - Hiểu và vận dụng các kiến thức ngữ pháp đã học vào bài ngh-, nói/ đọc/ viết.	Nhận biết: - Nhận ra được các thành tố ngôn ngữ và liên kết về mặt văn bản.	Thông hiểu: - Phân biệt được các đặc trưng, đặc điểm các thành tố ngôn ngữ và liên kết về mặt văn bẩn.	<ul> <li>Vận dụng:</li> <li>Sử dụng các kiến thức ngôn ngữ và kỹ năng trong các tình huống mới.</li> </ul>	N <b>hận biết:</b> - Thông tin chi tiết	Thông hiểu: - Hiểu ý chính của bài đọc và chọn câu trả lời phù hợp Hiểu được nghĩa tham chiếu Loại trừ các chi tiết để đưa ra câu trả lời phù hợp	Vận dụng: - Đoán nghĩa của từ trong văn
Relative clauses, Articles, Quantifiers	e e	1. Cloze test Hiểu được bài đọc có độ dài khoảng 80-100 từ về các chủ điểm đã học:	English in the world	2	2. Reading	Hiểu được nội dung chính và nội dung chính và nội dung chi tiết đoạn văn bản có độ dài khoáng 100-120 từ, xoay quanh chủ điểm:	1 (41.5)111
20		READING	*	e e			
		i					

Tổng	3. Sentence building Chọn câu đúng được ch viết từ các từ cho sẵn.	Chọn câu có cùng nghĩa với câu gốc	2. Sentence	Xác định lỗi sai	III. WRITING		
		ó cùng nghĩa	2. Sentence	Xác định lỗi sai			-
	- H ch cá			**			
	Vận dụng cao: - Hiểu từ và ngữ pháp và chọn câu đúng được viết từ các từ cho sẵn.	<ul> <li>Vận dụng: Hiểu câu gốc và chọn câu có cùng nghĩa với câu gốc</li> </ul>	Thông hiểu: - Hiểu câu gốc và chọn câu có cùng nghĩa với câu gốc	và từ loại trong câu về mạo từ và đại từ quan hệ và câu điều kiện với động từ khuyết thiếu	Nhận biết: - Nhận diện lỗi về ngữ pháp	chính của bài để chọn câu trắ lời phù họp.	cánh. - Hiều, phân tích, tổng họp ý
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# LONG BIEN DISTRICT PEOPLE'S COMMITTEE THE SECOND MID- TERM TEST - ENGLISH 9

PHUC DONG LOWER SECONDARY SCHOOL Code 901

Class: Name:....

Time allowance: 60 mins

Period: 78 - The 2<sup>nd</sup> term (2023-2024)

Date: 15/3/2024

	Mark	T	Ceacher's remarks
A. PHONETICS( 1 <sub>1</sub>	nt)	50 a	
		fare from the other th	eras in pronunciation in each of
the following question		jers from the other th	ree in pronunciation in each of
	B. <u>e</u> rode	C. flexibility	D nenner
ATT ATT	B. explored		
Control of the Contro	1990 San		n of primary stress in each of
the following question		or miles in the position	of printary siress in each of
	B. accent	C. tourist	D. garnish
	B. official		
	AND GRAMMAR (4.5		
	answer to each of the f	- 1	.25 pts)
	ard today, can he have a		F
	B. worked		D. works
	ravelling in a big way.		
	B. interested		D. hooked
	the potatoes before		
	B. marinate -		D. peel - chopping
	English skills, he would	l easily get a job.	
	B. improved		D. had improved
	,is fluent		
	B. which/at		
	in Ha Noi at7 o'		
A.Ø - the	B.the - the	C.a - a	D.the - an
11. Would you like _	yoghurt and cold	water?	
A. any	B. a	C.an	D. some
12. She said those pri	ces were very	for the distance of t	he trip.
A. afford	B. affordably		D. to afford
13. Mike comes from	a city is location	ated in the southern pa	art of England.
A. whose	B. who	C. where	D. that
II. Choose the under	lined part that needs co	rrection in each of th	e following questions. (0.75 pt)
14. You <u>must</u> improv	e your cooking skills if y	you attend this cookin	g class.
A	ВС	D	
15. In Britain the coff	fee is more expensive that	an <u>tea</u> .	
A I	3 C	D	

16. Can you give m	ne <u>the</u> money <u>whose</u> I	lent you last month?	
A	В С	D	
III. Choose the wo	rd that is CLOSEST	in meaning to the underli	ned part in each of the
following sentence	(0.5 pt)		
17. Vietnamese spr	ing rolls are very del	icious so a lot of people lik	e eating them.
A. tasty	B. salty	C. sweet	D. bitter
18. It is <u>risky</u> to tra	ivel across the mount	ain at night.	
A. safe	B. dangerous	C. convenient	D. inconvenient
IV. Choose the wor	rd that is OPPOSITE	in meaning to the underl	ined part in each of the
following sentence	. (0.5 pt)		
19. Thousands are	going starving becau	se of the failure of this year	r's harvest.
A. hungry	B. poor	C. rich	D. full
20. The English tes	t today is really <b>com</b>	olicated. No one can comp	lete it.
A. exciting	B. difficult	C. simple	D. different
V. Choose the corn	rect response to each	of the following exchange	es. (0.5 pt)
21. Linda: "			
Mary: A pizza	base, some cheese, so	ome bacon, an onion and ar	apple.
A.How much is this	s pizza?	B.Why do I	have to make a pizza?
C. Who is going to	make a pizza?	D. What do	we need to make a pizza?
		ong Bay. It's very picturesq	ue."
Mike: "	•		
A. No. I'm not goin	g there next month.	B. This is th	e first time I've ever been there.
C. I've gone to Ha I	Long Bay.	D. Yes, that	s what I've heard.
C. READING (2.5	pts)		
I. Read the follows	ing passage and cho	ose the correct word or p	hrase that best fits each of the
numbered blanks.	(1.25 pt)		<sup>2</sup> a
The English langua	ge began (23)	_ England, of course. But	when people went from England
to (24) cou	ntries, they brought	their language with them. (	(25) first English people
to come to North A	.merica (26) n	nany things that they did no	ot know about before, especially
different kinds of a	nimals and plants. So	they took the words for the	nese plants and animals from the
people (27)	were already living	in America - the Indians	"Raccoon", -skunk", "tomato",
and "tobacco" are a	ll American Indian w	ords.	
23. A. in	B. at	C. on	D. of
24. A. any	B. other	C. much	D. not
25. A. a	B. an	C. the	D. zero
26. A. watched	B. looked	C. saw	D. heard
27. A. that	B. which	C. who	D. whose
II. Read the follows	ing passage and cho	ose the correct answer to e	each of the questions.(1 pt)
Being overshadowe	ed by Ha Long Bay to	o the north, Cat Ba Island	s often left out of the itineraries
of the majority of t	ravellers coming to	Viet Nam. Nevertheless, C	Cat Ba Island is one of the most
underrated destinati	ons in Viet Nam.		

The massive island of Cat Ba is a fantastic destination eco-tourism and adventure activities in Northern Viet Nam. Cat Ba National Park, which was established on 31st March 1986 is one of the

most ecologically diverse national parks in Viet Nam The park possesses seven different ecosystems, both underway and inland. It is home to thirty-two types of mammals, along with seventy bird species, and more than a thousand species of plants, hundreds of which can be used as medicines. There are several different hiking and trekking routes through rugged and forested mountain within Cat Ba National Park. These routes are also divided by different levels of difficulty, so travellers don't have to worried if their fitness is not very good. In addition, travel can take a side visit to explore the exquisite Trung Trang cave or discover the traditional village of Viet Hai.

# 28. Why isn't Cat Ba Island chosen in the itineraries of the majority of travellers coming to Viet Nam?

- A. Because it is overshadowed by Ha Long Bay.
- B. Because it is not a good destination for tourism
- C. Because there is too much rain there
- D. Because it is too far from Ha Long Bay
- 29. Cat Ba Island is a wwonderful place and suitable for\_\_\_\_.
- A. scientific research and exploration
- B. ecotourism and adventure activities in Northern Viet Nam
- C. experiencing urban life
- D many indoor activities
- 30. Cat Ba National Park is home to thirty-two species of
- A. birds
- B. mammals
- C. plants
- D. medicines
- 31. The word 'exquisite' in the passage is closest in meaning to
- A. quiet
- B. plain
- C. ugly

- D. beautiful
- 32. Which of the following is NOT true about Cat Ba National Park according to the passage?
- A. Hiking and trekking in Cat Ba National Park requires a high level of fitness.
- B. It is one of the most ecologically diverse national parks in Viet Nam.
- C. There are seven different ecosystems in Cat Ba National Park.
- D. It was set up in 1986.
- D. WRITING (2pts)

I. Choose the sentence that is closest in meaning to the original sentence in each of the following question. (1pt)

- 33. I think you should work harder on your English pronunciation.
- A. If I were you, I would work harder on your English pronunciation.
- B. If I am you, I will work harder on your English pronunciation.
- C. If I were you, I will work harder on your English pronunciation.
- D. If I was you, I will work harder on your English pronunciation.
- 34. We like the computer. We bought it yesterday.
- A. We like the computer which we bought it yesterday
- B. We like the computer which we bought yesterday.
- C. We like the computer we bought which yesterday
- D. The computer we like who we bought yesterday.
- 35. She speaks enough Spanish for her holiday in Spain.
- A. She can get in Spanish on her holiday in Spain.

- B. She can get by in Spanish on her holiday in Spain.
- C. She can get by on Spanish on her holiday in Spain.
- D. She can get on with Spanish on her holiday in Spain.
- 36. The tree should be cut down. Its branches are dead.
- A. The tree whose branches are dead should be cut down.
- B. The tree its branches are dead should be cut down.
- C. The tree where the branches are dead should be cut down.
- D. The tree which branches are dead should be cut down.
- II. Choose the sentence that is built from the words and phrases given. (1 pt)
- 37. Her / English / not / be / rusty / she / used / more often.
- A. Her English wouldn't be rusty if she uses it more often.
- B. Her English wouldn't be rusty if she has used it more often.
- C. Her English wouldn't be rusty if she is using it more often.
- D. Her English wouldn't be rusty if she used it more often.
- 38. He / ought / go / diet / if / he / want / weight.
- A. He ought to going on a diet if he wants to lose weight.
- B. He ought not to go on diet if he wants to lose weight.
- C. He ought to go on diet if he doesn't want to lose weight.
- D. He ought to go on a diet if he wants to lose weight.
- 39. I / move / new school / English / taught / native teachers.
- A. I moved to a new school which English is taught by native teachers.
- B. I moved to a new school which English is taught with native teachers.
- C. I moved to a new school where English is taught by native teachers.
- D. I moved to a new school where English is taught with native teachers.
- 40. how/many/component/there/in/typical/Japanese/meal/?
- A. How many components are there in a typical Japanese meal?
- B. How many component is there in typical Japanese meal?
- C. How many components there are in a typical Japanese meal?
- D. How many component there is in a typical Japanese meal?

---- Good luck to you !----

# LONG BIEN DISTRICT PEOPLE'S COMMITTEE PHUC DONG LOWER SECONDARY SCHOOL

THE SECOND MID- TERM TEST - ENGLISH 9 Time allowance: 60 mins

Code 902

Period: 78 - The 2<sup>nd</sup> term (2023-2024)

Name:....

Class:

Date: 15/3/2024

	ų.			
	Mark		Teacher's remarks	
A. READING (2.	.5 pts)			
I. Read the follow	wing passage and	d choose the correc	t word or phrase that best fits	each of the
numbered blanks				ū
The English langu	age began (1)	England, of co	arse. But when people went from	m England to
			h them. (3) first Engli	
			they did not know about before	
			words for these plants and anim	550
			Indians. "Raccoon", -skunk", "	
"tobacco" are all				
1. A. in	B. at	C. on	D. of	
2. A. any	B. other	C. much	D. not	
3. A. a	B. an	C. the	D. zero	
4. A. watched	B. looked	C. saw	D. heard	
5. A. that	B. which	C. who	D. whose	

# II. Read the following passage and choose the correct answer to each of the questions. (1 pt)

Being overshadowed by Ha Long Bay to the north, Cat Ba Island is often left out of the itineraries of the majority of travellers coming to Viet Nam. Nevertheless, Cat Ba Island is one of the most underrated destinations in Viet Nam.

The massive island of Cat Ba is a fantastic destination eco-tourism and adventure activities in Northern Viet Nam. Cat Ba National Park, which was established on 31st March 1986 is one of the most ecologically diverse national parks in Viet Nam The park possesses seven different ecosystems, both underway and inland. It is home to thirty-two types of mammals, along with seventy bird species, and more than a thousand species of plants, hundreds of which can be used as medicines. There are several different hiking and trekking routes through rugged and forested mountain within Cat Ba National Park. These routes are also divided by different levels of difficulty, so travellers don't have to worried if their fitness is not very good. In addition, travel can take a side visit to explore the exquisite Trung Trang cave or discover the traditional village of Viet Hai.

# 6. Why isn't Cat Ba Island chosen in the itineraries of the majority of travellers coming to Viet Nam?

- A. Because it is overshadowed by Ha Long Bay.
- B. Because it is not a good destination for tourism

C. Because the	re is too much rain the	re -		y, a
D. Because it is	s too far from Ha Long	Bay		
7. Cat Ba Islan	nd is a wwonderful pl	ace and suitable for	•	
	search and exploration		×	
	and adventure activities	s in Northern Viet N	am	
C. experiencing				
D many indoor		5 2		
5	onal Park is home to	thirty_two species o	f	
A. birds	B. mammals	VMV == /	D. medicines	
	exquisite' in the passag	-		
A. quiet	B. plain		D. beautiful	
-		~ .		0
			ational Park according to the pass	age:
	trekking in Cat Ba Nati			
	he most ecologically d	/ <del></del>		
	ven different ecosyster	ns in Cat Ba Nationa	d Park.	
D. It was set up				
	ARY AND GRAMM			
			ch of the following questions. (0.75	pt)
	mprove your cooking s		is cooking class.	
A	Section 2007	3 C D		
12. <u>In Britain</u> ti A	he coffee is more exper B C	isive than tea.		
	ve me the money whose		th?	
A		D D	tii:	
II. Choose the	correct answer to each		estion. (2.25 pts)	
	rrives in Ha Noi at			
A.Ø - the	B.the - the			
	likeyoghurt an			
	B. a		D. some	
	ose prices were very			
	B. affordably			
			outhern part of England.	
	B. who			
	hard today, can h B. worked			
	travelling in a b		D. WOLKS	
A. into	B. interested	C keen	D. hooked	
20. You need to	the potatoes	before the	em.	
A. slice - choppi	ing B. marinate -	C. chop - p	eeling D. peel - chopping	
	chopping			
	his English skills, l	ne would easily get a	ijob.	
			es D. had improved	
	nire Huy, is f		-	
	B. which/at			

III. Choose the word that is CLOSEST in meaning	to the underlined part in each of the
following sentence. (0.5 pt)	
23. Vietnamese spring rolls are very delicious so a lo	ot of people like eating them.
A. tasty B. salty C. sweet	D. bitter
24. It is <u>risky</u> to travel across the mountain at night.	
A. safe B. dangerous C. convenie	ent D. inconvenient
IV. Choose the correct response to each of the following	owing exchanges. (0.5 pt)
25. Linda: ""	
Mary: A pizza base, some cheese, some bacon, a	
A. How much is this pizza?	B. Why do I have to make a pizza?
C. Who is going to make a pizza?	D. What do we need to make a pizza?
26. Paul: "It's well worth going to Ha Long Bay. It's Mike: "."	very picturesque."
A. No. I'm not going there next month.	B. This is the first time I've ever been there.
C. I've gone to Ha Long Bay.	D. Yes, that's what I've heard.
V. Choose the word that is OPPOSITE in meaning	
following sentence. (0.5 pt)	and the same pure at each of the
27. Thousands are going <u>starving</u> because of the fail	ure of this year's harvest.
A. hungry B. poor C. rich	D. full
28. The English test today is really <b>complicated</b> . No	
A. exciting B. difficult C. simple	D. different
C. WRITING (2pts)	
I. Choose the sentence that is built from the words	and phrases given. (1 nt)
29. I / move / new school / English / taught / native	
A. I moved to a new school which English is taught 1	
B. I moved to a new school which English is taught v	
C. I moved to a new school where English is taught l	by native teachers.
D. I moved to a new school where English is taught	
30. how/many/component/there/in/typical/J	
A. How many components are there in a typical Japa	
B. How many component is there in typical Japanese C. How many components there are in a typical Japanese	
D. How many component there is in a typical Japane	
31. Her / English / not / be / rusty / she / used / mo	
A. Her English wouldn't be rusty if she uses it more	
B. Her English wouldn't be rusty if she has used it m	
C. Her English wouldn't be rusty if she is using it mo	
D. Her English wouldn't be rusty if she used it more	often.
32. He / ought / go / diet / if / he / want / weight.	
A. He ought to going on a diet if he wants to lose we	
B. He ought not to go on diet if he wants to lose weig	
C. He ought to go on diet if he doesn't want to lose w	
D. He ought to go on a diet if he wants to lose weigh II. Choose the sentence that is closest in meaning to	
question. (1pt)	me original semence in each of the following
33. She speaks enough Spanish for her holiday in	Snain
A. She can get in Spanish on her holiday in Spain.	Spam.

B. She can get by in Spanish on her holiday in Spain. C. She can get by on Spanish on her holiday in Spain. D. She can get on with Spanish on her holiday in Spain. 34. The tree should be cut down. Its branches are dead. A. The tree whose branches are dead should be cut down. B. The tree its branches are dead should be cut down. C. The tree where the branches are dead should be cut down. D. The tree which branches are dead should be cut down. 35. I think you should work harder on your English pronunciation. A. If I were you, I would work harder on your English pronunciation. B. If I am you, I will work harder on your English pronunciation. C. If I were you, I will work harder on your English pronunciation. D. If I was you, I will work harder on your English pronunciation. 36. We like the computer. We bought it yesterday. A. We like the computer which we bought it yesterday B. We like the computer which we bought yesterday. C. We like the computer we bought which yesterday D. The computer we like who we bought yesterday. D. PHONETICS(1pt) I.Choose the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions. (0.5 pt) 37. A. celery B. erode C. flexibility D. pepper B. explored 38. A. marinated C. travelled D. improved II. Choose the word that differs from the other three in the position of primary stress in each of the following questions. (0.5pt) 39. A. shallot B. accent C. tourist D. garnish B. official 40. A. openness C. simplify D. imitate

---- Good luck to you !----

# LONG BIEN DISTRICT PEOPLE'S COMMITTEE PHUC DONG LOWER SECONDARY SCHOOL

# THE SECOND MID- TERM TEST - ENGLISH 9

Code 903

ne: ..... Class:

Time allowance: 60 mins

Period: 78 - The 2<sup>nd</sup> term (2023- 2024)

Date: 15 / 3 /2024

Mark	Teacher's remarks
A. VOCABULARY AND GRAMMAR (4.5	
I. Choose the correct response to each of the	following exchanges. (0.5 pt)
1. Linda: ""	
Mary: A pizza base, some cheese, some b	NOT CONTRACTOR OF THE CONTRACT
A.How much is this pizza?	B. Why do I have to make a pizza?
C. Who is going to make a pizza?	D. What do we need to make a pizza?
2. Paul: "It's well worth going to Ha Long Ba Mike: ""	y. It's very picturesque."
A. No. I'm not going there next month.	B. This is the first time I've ever been there.
C. I've gone to Ha Long Bay.	D. Yes, that's what I've heard.
II. Choose the word that is CLOSEST in med	uning to the underlined part in each of the following
sentence. (0.5 pt)	
3. Vietnamese spring rolls are very delicious	so a lot of people like eating them.
A. tasty B. salty C. sv	weet D. bitter
4. It is <u>risky</u> to travel across the mountain at n	ight.
A. safe B. dangerous C. co	onvenient D. inconvenient
III. Choose the word that is OPPOSITE in m	neaning to the underlined part in each of the
following sentence. (0.5 pt)	
5. Thousands are going starving because of the	ne failure of this year's harvest.
A. hungry B. poor C. ri	ch D. full
6. The English test today is really complicated	d. No one can complete it.
A. exciting B. difficult C. sir	mple D. different
IV. Choose the correct answer to each of the	following question. (2.25 pts)
You need to the potatoes before	them.
A. slice - chopping B. marinate -	C. chop - peeling D. peel - chopping
chopping	
8. If he his English skills, he would	easily get a job.
A. is improving B. improved	C. improves D. had improved
9. I really admire Huy, is fluent	both English and French.
A. who/ in B. which/ at	
10. Our plane arrives in Ha Noi at7 o'o	clock in morning.
A.Ø - the B.the - the	C.a - a D.the - an

11. Would you lik	teyoghurt and	d cold water?	
A. any	B. a	C.an	D. some
12. She said those	prices were very	for the distance of	the trip.
			D. to afford
13. Mike comes fi	rom a city	is located in the southern p	part of England.
A. whose			
14. If he	hard today, can he	have a holiday tomorrow?	
A. has worked		C. will work	D. works
15. Minh's	travelling in a big		
A. into		C. keen	D. hooked
V. Choose the un	derlined part that ne	eds correction in each of th	e following questions. (0.75 pt)
		I <u>lent</u> you last month?	
A	В С		
17. You must imp	rove your cooking sk	ills if you attend this cooking	ng class.
		C D	
18. In Britain the	coffee is more expens	sive than tea.	
A	ВС	D .	
B. PHONETICS	( 1pt)		
		e other three in the position	of primary stress in each of the
following question			
	B. accent	C. tourist	D. garnish
20. A. openness	B. official	C. simplify	
			three in pronunciation in each
of the following q		<i>y</i>	A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH
	B. erode	C. flexibility	D. pepper
	B. explored	C. travelled	
C. READING (2.		dimension.	I management
		loose the correct word or i	phrase that best fits each of the
numbered blanks.			3
The English langu	age began (23)	England, of course. But	when people went from England
			(25) first English people
			not know about before, especially
			hese plants and animals from the
			s. "Raccoon", -skunk", "tomato"
	all American Indian		
23. A. in	B. at	C. on	D. of
24. A. any	B. other	C. much	D. not
	B. an		D. zero
	B. looked		D. heard
	B. which		D. whose
			each of the questions.( 1 pt)

Being overshadowed by Ha Long Bay to the north, Cat Ba Island is often left out of the itineraries of the majority of travellers coming to Viet Nam. Nevertheless, Cat Ba Island is one of the most underrated destinations in Viet Nam.

The massive island of Cat Ba is a fantastic destination eco-tourism and adventure activities in Northern Viet Nam. Cat Ba National Park, which was established on 31st March 1986 is one of the most ecologically diverse national parks in Viet Nam The park possesses seven different ecosystems, both underway and inland. It is home to thirty-two types of mammals, along with seventy bird species, and more than a thousand species of plants, hundreds of which can be used as medicines. There are several different hiking and trekking routes through rugged and forested mountain within Cat Ba National Park. These routes are also divided by different levels of difficulty, so travellers don't have to worried if their fitness is not very good. In addition, travel can take a side visit to explore the exquisite Trung Trang cave or discover the traditional village of Viet Hai.

# 28. Why isn't Cat Ba Island chosen in the itineraries of the majority of travellers coming to Viet Nam?

- A. Because it is overshadowed by Ha Long Bay.
- B. Because it is not a good destination for tourism
- C. Because there is too much rain there
- D. Because it is too far from Ha Long Bay
- 29. Cat Ba Island is a wwonderful place and suitable for .
- A. scientific research and exploration
- B. ecotourism and adventure activities in Northern Viet Nam
- C. experiencing urban life
- D many indoor activities
- 30. Cat Ba National Park is home to thirty-two species of
- A. birds
- B. mammals
- C. plants
- D. medicines
- 31. The word 'exquisite' in the passage is closest in meaning to .
- A. quiet
- B. plain
- C. ugly

- D. beautiful
- 32. Which of the following is NOT true about Cat Ba National Park according to the passage?
- A. Hiking and trekking in Cat Ba National Park requires a high level of fitness.
- B. It is one of the most ecologically diverse national parks in Viet Nam.
- C. There are seven different ecosystems in Cat Ba National Park.
- D. It was set up in 1986.
- D. WRITING (2pts)
- I. Choose the sentence that is built from the words and phrases given. (1 pt)
- 33. Her / English / not / be / rusty / she / used / more often.
- A. Her English wouldn't be rusty if she uses it more often.
- B. Her English wouldn't be rusty if she has used it more often.
- C. Her English wouldn't be rusty if she is using it more often.
- D. Her English wouldn't be rusty if she used it more often.
- 34. He / ought / go / diet / if / he / want / weight.
- A. He ought to going on a diet if he wants to lose weight.
- B. He ought not to go on diet if he wants to lose weight.

- C. He ought to go on diet if he doesn't want to lose weight.
- D. He ought to go on a diet if he wants to lose weight.
- 35. I / move / new school / English / taught / native teachers.
- A. I moved to a new school which English is taught by native teachers.
- B. I moved to a new school which English is taught with native teachers.
- C. I moved to a new school where English is taught by native teachers.
- D. I moved to a new school where English is taught with native teachers.
- 36. how/many/component/there/in/typical/Japanese/meal/?
- A. How many components are there in a typical Japanese meal?
- B. How many component is there in typical Japanese meal?
- C. How many components there are in a typical Japanese meal?
- D. How many component there is in a typical Japanese meal?
- II. Choose the sentence that is closest in meaning to the original sentence in each of the following question. (1pt)
- 37. I think you should work harder on your English pronunciation.
- A. If I were you, I would work harder on your English pronunciation.
- B. If I am you, I will work harder on your English pronunciation.
- C. If I were you, I will work harder on your English pronunciation.
- D. If I was you, I will work harder on your English pronunciation.
- 38. The tree should be cut down. Its branches are dead.
- A. The tree whose branches are dead should be cut down.
- B. The tree its branches are dead should be cut down.
- C. The tree where the branches are dead should be cut down.
- D. The tree which branches are dead should be cut down.
- 39. We like the computer. We bought it yesterday.
- A. We like the computer which we bought it yesterday
- B. We like the computer which we bought yesterday.
- C. We like the computer we bought which yesterday
- D. The computer we like who we bought yesterday.
- 40. She speaks enough Spanish for her holiday in Spain.
- A. She can get in Spanish on her holiday in Spain.
- B. She can get by in Spanish on her holiday in Spain.
- C. She can get by on Spanish on her holiday in Spain.
- D. She can get on with Spanish on her holiday in Spain.

 Good	luck	to	you	'

# LONG BIEN DISTRICT PEOPLE'S COMMITTEE PHUC DONG LOWER SECONDARY SCHOOL

Time allowance: 60 mins

THE SECOND MID-TERM TEST - ENGLISH 9

Code 904

Period: 78 - The 2<sup>nd</sup> term (2023-2024)

Name:....

Class:

Date: 15 / 3 /2024

Mark	Teacher's remarks
	II 00:

## A. WRITING (2pts)

I.Choose the sentence that is closest in meaning to the original sentence in each of the following question. (1pt)

- 1. I think you should work harder on your English pronunciation.
- A. If I were you, I would work harder on your English pronunciation.
- B. If I am you, I will work harder on your English pronunciation.
- C. If I were you, I will work harder on your English pronunciation.
- D. If I was you, I will work harder on your English pronunciation.
- 2. We like the computer. We bought it yesterday.
- A. We like the computer which we bought it yesterday
- B. We like the computer which we bought yesterday.
- C. We like the computer we bought which yesterday
- D. The computer we like who we bought yesterday.
- 3. She speaks enough Spanish for her holiday in Spain.
- A. She can get in Spanish on her holiday in Spain.
- B. She can get by in Spanish on her holiday in Spain.
- C. She can get by on Spanish on her holiday in Spain.
- D. She can get on with Spanish on her holiday in Spain.
- 4. The tree should be cut down. Its branches are dead.
- A. The tree whose branches are dead should be cut down.
- B. The tree its branches are dead should be cut down.
- C. The tree where the branches are dead should be cut down.
- D. The tree which branches are dead should be cut down.
- II. Choose the sentence that is built from the words and phrases given. (1 pt)
- 5. Her / English / not / be / rusty / she / used / more often.
- A. Her English wouldn't be rusty if she uses it more often.
- B. Her English wouldn't be rusty if she has used it more often.
- C. Her English wouldn't be rusty if she is using it more often.
- D. Her English wouldn't be rusty if she used it more often.
- 6. He / ought / go / diet / if / he / want / weight.
- A. He ought to going on a diet if he wants to lose weight.
- B. He ought not to go on diet if he wants to lose weight.

C. He ought to go on diet if he doesn't want to lose weight.
D. He ought to go on a diet if he wants to lose weight.
7. I / move / new school / English / taught / native teachers.
A. I moved to a new school which English is taught by native teachers.
B. I moved to a new school which English is taught with native teachers.
C. I moved to a new school where English is taught by native teachers.
D. I moved to a new school where English is taught with native teachers.
8. how/ many / component / there / in / typical / Japanese / meal/?
A. How many components are there in a typical Japanese meal?
B. How many component is there in typical Japanese meal?
C. How many components there are in a typical Japanese meal?
D. How many component there is in a typical Japanese meal?
B. VOCABULARY AND GRAMMAR (4.5 pts)
I. Choose the underlined part that needs correction in each of the following questions. (0.75 pt)
9. You <u>must</u> improve your cooking <u>skills</u> <u>if</u> you <u>attend</u> this cooking class.
A B C D
10. In Britain the coffee is more expensive than tea.
A B C D
11. Can you give me the money whose I lent you last month?
A B C D
II. Choose the word that is CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined part in each of the following
sentence. (0.5 pt)
12. Vietnamese spring rolls are very <u>delicious</u> so a lot of people like eating them.
A. tasty B. salty C. sweet D. bitter
13. It is <u>risky</u> to travel across the mountain at night.
A. safe B. dangerous C. convenient D. inconvenient
III. Choose the word that is OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined part in each of the
following sentence. (0.5 pt)
14. Thousands are going <b>starving</b> because of the failure of this year's harvest.
A. hungry B. poor C. rich D. full
15. The English test today is really <b>complicated</b> . No one can complete it.
A. exciting B. difficult C. simple D. different
IV. Choose the correct response to each of the following exchanges. (0.5 pt)
16. Linda: ""
Mary: A pizza base, some cheese, some bacon, an onion and an apple.
A. How much is this pizza?  B. Why do I have to make a pizza?
C. Who is going to make a pizza?  D. What do we need to make a pizza?
17. Paul: "It's well worth going to Ha Long Bay. It's very picturesque."
Mike: ""  A. No. I'm not going there now month.  D. This is the first time I've even been there.
A. No. I'm not going there next month.  B. This is the first time I've ever been there.  C. I've gone to Ha Long Bay.  D. Ves, that's what I've heard.
C. I've gone to Ha Long Bay.  D. Yes, that's what I've heard.
V. Choose the correct answer to each of the following question. (2.25 pts)  18. If he hard today, can he have a holiday tomorrow?
16. If the hard today, can he have a holiday tollioffow?

A. has worked	B. worked	C. will work	D. works
19. Minh's	travelling in a big	g way.	
A. into	B. interested	C. keen	D. hooked
20. You need to	the potatoes b	pefore them.	
A. slice - chopping	B. marinate -	C. chop - peeling	D. peel - chopping
	chopping		
21. If he	his English skills, he	e would easily get a job.	
A. is improving	B. improved	d C. improves	D. had improved
22. I really admire	Huy, is flu	uent both Englis	sh and French.
		C. that/ in	
23. Our plane arriv	es in Ha Noi at	7 o'clock in morni	ng.
A.Ø - the	B.the - the	C.a - a	D.the - an
24. Would you like	eyoghurt and	cold water?	
A. any	B. a	C.an	D. some
25. She said those	prices were very	for the distance of	the trip.
A. afford	B. affordably	C. affordable	D. to afford
26. Mike comes from	om a city	is located in the southern	part of England.
A. whose	B. who	C. where	D. that
C. PHONETICS(	1pt)		
I.Choose the word	whose underlined p	art differs from the other	three in pronunciation in each of
the following ques			
27. A. c <u>e</u> lery	B. erode	C. flexibility	D. pepper
28. A. marinated	B. explored	C. travelled	D. improved
II.Choose the wor	d that differs from th	he other three in the positi	on of primary stress in each of
the following ques	tions. (0.5pt)		
29. A. shallot	B. accent	C. tourist	D. garnish
30. A. openness	B. official	C. simplify	D. imitate
D. READING (2.5	5 pts)		
I. Read the follow	ing passage and ch	oose the correct word or	phrase that best fits each of the
numbered blanks.	(1.25 pt)		
The English language	age began (31)	England, of course. Bu	t when people went from England
to (32) con	untries, they brought	their language with them	. (33) first English people
to come to North	America (34)	many things that they did	not know about before, especially
different kinds of a	animals and plants. S	so they took the words for	these plants and animals from the
people (35)	_were already living	g in America - the Indiar	ns. "Raccoon", -skunk", "tomato",
and "tobacco" are	all American Indian	words.	
31. A. in	B. at	C. on	D. of
32. A. any	B. other	C. much	D. not
33. A. a	B. an	C. the	D. zero
34. A. watched	B. looked	C. saw	D. heard
35. A. that	B. which	C. who	D. whose
II. Read the follow	ving passage and cho	oose the correct answer to	each of the questions.(1 pt)

Being overshadowed by Ha Long Bay to the north, Cat Ba Island is often left out of the itineraries of the majority of travellers coming to Viet Nam. Nevertheless, Cat Ba Island is one of the most underrated destinations in Viet Nam.

The massive island of Cat Ba is a fantastic destination eco-tourism and adventure activities in Northern Viet Nam. Cat Ba National Park, which was established on 31st March 1986 is one of the most ecologically diverse national parks in Viet Nam The park possesses seven different ecosystems, both underway and inland. It is home to thirty-two types of mammals, along with seventy bird species, and more than a thousand species of plants, hundreds of which can be used as medicines. There are several different hiking and trekking routes through rugged and forested mountain within Cat Ba National Park. These routes are also divided by different levels of difficulty, so travellers don't have to worried if their fitness is not very good. In addition, travel can take a side visit to explore the exquisite Trung Trang cave or discover the traditional village of Viet Hai.

36. Why isn't Cat Ba Island chosen is	n the itineraries (	of the majority of travellers coming to
Viet Nam?		
A. Because it is overshadowed by Ha Lo	ong Bay.	
B. Because it is not a good destination for	or tourism	
C. Because there is too much rain there		
D. Because it is too far from Ha Long Ba	ay	
37. Cat Ba Island is a wwonderful place	ce and suitable for	·
A. scientific research and exploration		
B. ecotourism and adventure activities in	Northern Viet Na	m
C. experiencing urban life		
D many indoor activities		
38. Cat Ba National Park is home to the	nirty-two species o	<b>f</b>
A. birds B. mammals	C. plants	D. medicines
39. The word 'exquisite' in the passage	is closest in mean	ning to
A. quiet B. plain	C. ugly	D. beautiful
40. Which of the following is NOT true	e about Cat Ba Na	ntional Park according to the passage?
A. Hiking and trekking in Cat Ba Nation	al Park requires a l	nigh level of fitness.
B. It is one of the most ecologically dive	rse national parks i	in Viet Nam.
C There are seven different ecosystems	in Cat Ra National	Park

---- Good luck to you !----

D. It was set up in 1986.

# ANSWER KEY FOR THE 2<sup>ND</sup> MID- TERM TEST – ENGLISH 9 SCHOOL YEAR: 2023–2024

Each correct answer gets 0.25pt

### Code 901

1. B	2. A	3. A	4. B	5. D	6. A	7. D	8. B	9. A	10. A
11. D	12.C	13. D	14. A	15. B	16. C	17. A	18. B	19. D	20. C
21. D	22. D	23.A	24.B	25.C	26. C	27. C	28. A	29. B	30. B
31. D	32.A	33. A	34.B	35. B	36. A	37. D	38. D	39. C	40. A

### Code 902

1. A	2. B	3. C	4. C	5. C	6. A	7. B	8. B	9. D	10. A
11. A	12.B	13. C	14. A	15. D	16. C	17. D	18. D	19. A	20. D
21. B	22. A	23.A	24.B	25.D	26. D	27. D	28. C	29. C	30. A
31. D	32.D	33. B	34.A	35. A	36. B	37. B	38. A	39. A	40. B

## Code 903

1. D	2. D	3. A	4. B	5. D	6. C	7. D	8. B	9. A	10. A
11. D	12.C	13. D	14. D	15. A	16. C	17. A	18. B	19. A	20. B
21. B	22. A	23.A	24.B	25.C	26. C	27. C	28. A	29. B	30. B
31. D	32.A	33. D	34.D	35. C	36. A	37. A	38. A	39. B	40. B

### Code 904

1.A	2. B	3. B	4. A	5. D	6. D	7. C	8. A	9. A	10. B
11. C	12.A	13. B	14. D	15. C	16. D	17. D	18. D	19. A	20. D
21. B	22. A	23.A	24.D	25.C	26. D	27. B	28. A	29. A	30. B
31. A	32.B	33. C	34.C	35. C	36. A	37. B	38. B	39. D	40. A

# Code 905

1. A	2. B	3. B	4. A	5. A	6. B	7. D	8. C	9. D	10. D
11. D	12.A	13. D	14. B	15. A	16. A	17. D	18. C	19. D	20. A
21. B	22. C	23.A	24.B	25.C	26. C	27. C	28. A	29. B	30. B
31. D	32.A	33. D	34.D	35. C	36. A	37. A	38. B	39. B	40. A

Ban giám hiệu

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