**CU KHOI SECONDARY SCHOOL**

**GROUP: ENGLISH**

**REVISION FOR THE SECOND MID-TERM TEST**

**GRADE 8 - School year: 2021 - 2022**

**PART A. THEORY**

**Content**: From Unit 7 to Unit 9

**I. Pronunciation**

-Stress words ending in -ic, -al, -ee, -ese, -logy, -graphy

**II. Vocabulary:**

- Vocabulary related to the topic of Pollution, English speaking countries, Natural disasters.

**III. Grammar:**

**1. Câu điều kiện**

**\*Câu điều kiện loại 1**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Chức năng | Dùng để diễn tả điều kiện có thể xảy ra ở hiện tại hoặc tương lai. |
| Cấu trúc | If + S+ V (s/es) + (bổ ngữ) S will +Vnguyên mẫu + (bổ ngữ)  (thì hiện tại đơn) (thì tương mai đơn)  -> Mệnh đề IF dùng thì hiện tại đơn, mệnh đề chính dùng thì tương lai. |
| Ví dụ | If I have enough money, I will buy a new computer. (Nếu tôi có đủ tiền thì tôi sẽ mua một chiếc máy tính mới.)  - If you work hard, you will make a lot of money. (Nếu bạn làm việc chăm chỉ thì bạn sẽ kiếm được nhiều tiền.) |
| Lưu ý | * Unless= If not * If= Unless + not   Ví dụ:  - If he doesn’t do his homework, his mother will complain.  -> Unless he does homework, his mother will complain.  - If you don’t send to the hospital, she will die.  -> Unless you send her to the hospital, she will die.  Có thể dùng các động từ must, have to, can, may, should thay cho will trong mệnh đề chính.  Ví dụ:  Is It rains heavily, you can stay here. (Nếu trời mưa bạn có thể ở lại đây.)  - If you want to see that film, you must buy a ticket. (Nếu bạn muốn xem bộ phim đó thì bạn phải mua vé.) |

**\*Câu điều kiện loại 2**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Chức năng | - Dùng để diễn tả điều kiện không thể xảy ra ở hiện tại hoặc tương lai, điều kiện chỉ là một giả thiết, mọt ước muốn trái ngược với thực trạng hiện tại.  - Dùng để đưa ra lời khuyên. |
| Cấu trúc | If+ S+ V-ed + (bổ ngữ), S+ would + V nguyên mẫu + (bổ ngữ).  (thì quá khứ đơn)  -> Mệnh đề IF dùng thì quá khứ đơn, mệnh đề chính dùng động từ khuyết thiếu “would +V” |
| Ví dụ | If we were a bird, I wou;d be very happy.  (Nếu tôi là một con chim tôi sẽ rất hạnh phúc)  -> Tôi không thể là chim được.  If I had a million USD, I would buy that cả. (Nếu tôi có một triệu đo la, tôi sẽ mua chiếc xe đó.)  -> hiện tại không có. |
| Lưu ý | - Trong câu điều kiện loại 2, ở mệnh đề ‘IF’, với chủ ngữ “ I/he/she/it” ta có thể dùng “were ” hoặc “was” đều được.  - Ta cũng có thể dùng “could” hoặc “might” trong mệnh đề chính.  WOULD= sẽ (dạng quá khứ của WILL)  COULD = có thể (dạng quá khứ của CAN)  MIGHT = có thể (dạng quá khứ của MAY) |

1. **Các thì hiện tại.**

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Thì | Cấu trúc | Dấu hiệu nhận biết |
| Hiện tại đơn | \* Động từ thường  (+) S + V\_s/es + O  (-) S + don’t/ doesn’t + V + O  (?) Do/Does + S + V + O?  \* Động từ Tobe  (+) S + am/is/are +O  (-) S + am/ is/ are not + O  (?) Am/ Is/ Are + S + O? | Everyday/week/month/year…, in the morning/ afternoon/ evening/ always; usually; often; sometimes; seldom; rarely; frequently; … |
| Hiện tại tiếp diễn | (+) S + am/ is/ are + V\_ing + O.  (-)S + am/ is/ are + not V\_ing + O  (?) Am/ Is/ Are + S + V\_ing + O? | Now, at the moment, at the present, Look! Listen! At this time, right now, now,… |
| Hiện tại hoàn thành | (+) S+ have/ has + VpII +O.  (-)S+ have/ has + not VpII +O.  (?) Have/ Has + S + VpII +O? | Just, yet, never, ever, already, so far, up to now, since, for, recently, lately, until now, up to present, … |

**3.Thì hiện tại đơn mang nghĩa tương lai**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Cách dùng** | **Ví dụ** |
| Thì hiện tại đơn diễn tả tương lai khi nói về lịch làm việc, thời gian biểu, lịch trình tàu xe… (như giao thông công cộng, lịch chiếu phim, lịch phát sóng chương trình truyền hình…) | - The train leaves Plymouth at 11:30 and arrives in London at 14:45 *(Đoàn tàu sẽ rời Plymouth lúc 11h30 và sẽ đến Luân Đôn lúc 14h45.)*  - It’s Friday tomorrow. *(Ngày mai là thứ 6)*  - The final exam is in May. *(Bài kiểm tra cuối cùng diễn ra vào tháng 5.)* |
| Thì hiện tại tiếp diễn được sử dụng với nghĩa tương lai khi diễn tả một kế hoạch trong tương lai gần (có dự định trước) | - What are you doing on Saturday evening?*(Bạn sẽ làm gì vào tối thứ 7?)*  - I’m not working tomorrow, so we can go out somewhere*.(Ngày mai tôi sẽ không làm việc vì vậy chúng ta có thể đi chơi đâu đó.)* |

**4.Câu bị động**

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Thì** | **Cấu trúc câu chủ động** | **Cấu trúc câu bị động** |
| **Hiện tại đơn** | S + V (s/es)  People speak English here. | S + am/is/are + VpII  English is spoken here. |
| **Hiện tại tiếp diễn** | S + am/is/are + V-ing  They are building a new house. | S + am/is/are + being + VpII  A new house is being built |
| **Hiện tại hoàn thành** | S + have/has + VpII  We have cleaned our car. | S + have/has been + VpII  Our car has been cleaned. |
| **Quá khứ đơn** | S + Ved/V2  Someone cleaned the room yesterday. | S + was/were + VpII  The room was cleaned yesterday. |
| **Quá khứ tiếp diễn** | S + was/were + V-ing  They were making a cake when I arrived. | S + was/were being + VpII  A cake was being made when I arrived. |
| **Tương lai đơn** | S + will + V-inf  The government will pass the new law next month. | S + will be + VpII  The new law will be passed next month. |
| **Tương lai tiếp diễn** | S + will be + V-ing  She will be singing a song when the prime minister comes in. | S + will be being + VpII  The song will be being sung when the prime minister comes in. |

1. **Thì quá khứ hoàn thành**

**-Công thức:**

**(+) S + had + p2**

**(-) S + hadn’t + p2**

**(?) Had + S + p2**

**-Cách dùng:**

+ Diễn tả hành động đã xảy ra và đã hoàn thành trước một hành động khác trong quá khứ: Thường sử dụng các từ nối như before, after, just, when, as soon as, by the time, until,…

+ Diễn tả 1 hành động xảy ra một khoảng thời gian trong quá khứ, trước một mốc thời gian khác

**PART B. TYPES OF EXERCISE**

***I. Choose the letter A, B, C, D to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions***

***2. Choose the letter A, B, C, D to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of primary stress in each of the following questions:***

***3. Choose the letter A, B, C, D to indicate the correct answer to each of the question***

***4. Choose the letter A, B, C, D to indicate the underlined part that needs correction in each of the following questions***

***5. Choose the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the most suitable response to complete each of the following exchanges.***

**6. *Choose the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word in each of the following questions.***

**7. *Choose the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.***

**8. *Read the following passage and choose the letter A, B, C or D that best fits the blank space in the following passage.***

**9. *Read the following passage and choose the letter A,B, C,D to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions.***

**10. *Choose the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that is***

***correct or closest in meaning to the previous one.***

**11. *Choose  letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the best sentence that***

***can be made from the cues given.***

**PART C. PRACTICE**

**I. PRONUNCIATION**

***Ex1.* Choose the letter A, B, C, D to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions .**

1. A.looked B.suggested C.minded D.decided

2. A. heritage B. giant C. garden D. village

*3.* A.prepares B.erupts C.stops D.photographs

*4.* chemical B. brochure C. mechanical D. orchid

*5.* A. myth B. thigh C. breath D. breathe

***Ex2:* Choose the letter A, B, C, D to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of primary stress in each of the following questions.**

1. **A.**emergency **B.**astrology **C.**scientific **D.**environment

2. **A.**survivor **B.**property **C.**resident **D.**government

3. **A.**historic **B.** iconic **C.**spectacle **D.**attraction

4. **A.**official **B.**together **C.**koala **D.**popular

5. **A.**poisonous **B.**pollutant **C.**artistic **D.**aquatic

**II. VOCABULARY AND GRAMMAR**

***Ex3:* Choose the letter A, B, C, D to indicate the correct answer to each of the question**

1. Frank is capable \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ doing better than he is doing now.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| A. of | B. off | C. with | D. in |

2. Last summer, Mike spent two weeks\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ a summer camp.

A. for B. in C. on D. at

3. If I were you, I \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ for a new car to buy.

A. would look B. will look C. look D. looking

4. This house and these doors are going to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ for Christmas day by the Greens.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| A. painted | B. be painted | C. paint | D. be painted |

5. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ loss can be caused by noise pollution.

A. sound B. hearing C. listening D. audio

6. Using computers too much may have harmful effects \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ your minds and bodies.

A. at B. on C. in D. with

7. He \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to Cape Town before 1997

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| A. hasn’t been | B. has been | C. were | 1. hadn’t been |

8. At present they \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to New York.

A. traveling B. are travelling C. travelled D. to travel

9. So far, he \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ five stories for children.

A. writes B. is writing

C. has written D. has writing

10. Justine was \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to John's birthday party last month.

A. invited B. inviting C. invite D. invites

11. The scheme has been set up to help \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ people.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| A. home-made | B. homeless | C. house-style | D. Moreover |

12. They \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ then they took a look around the supermarket.

A. had lunch B. have lunch C. having lunch D. to have lunch

13. Was this beautiful house \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ by Mark?

A. buy B. bought C. buying D. buyer

14. After he \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ everything clearly, we started our work.

A. had explained B. had explain C. has explained D. has explain

15. People will be \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to a safe place to live in the short run.

A. taken B. took C. takes D. to take

***Ex4:* Choose the letter A, B, C, D to indicate the underlined part that needs correction in each of the following questions**

1.If I were you, I will go jogging every morning.

A B C D

2. All the visitors were prevented from continuing their exploration because the uninformed landslide.

A B C D

3. How much do you visit your friends in New York?- Three times a year

A B C D

4. Before Christine goes to bed, she had drunk a glass of wine.

A B C D

5. I visited 6 foreign countries so far, but only 2 out of them are English-speaking countries.

A B C D

6. They aren’t go to bed at 9 o’clock.

A B C D

7. That’s my sister over there. She stands next to the window.

A B C D

8. I came back home after my sister had finish her dinner.

A B C D

9.When I arrived at the stadium, the football match had starting.

A B C D

10. Jack has never be there before, so he is so excited.

A B C D

**Ex5: *Choose the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the most suitable response to complete each of the following exchanges.***

1. “Excuse me; can I book a ticket for Paris?” “..............”
2. Hurry up B. Thank you C. Never mind D. Certainly
3. “Most people had moved to safe areas when the storm broke”

A. Not at all! B. That’s a relief C. Oh no! D. Oh dear!

3. “Shall we have a drink when you finish your talk?” “..............”

A. No, you can‟t B. All right C. You‟re welcome D. You needn’t do that

4.“What is Johnson‟s family like?” “..........”

A. His family is just like me B. They all like sports and games

C. Oh, it‟s really a big one D. They are all warm-hearted and helpful

5.“Do you mind me smoking here?” “ .........look at the sign. It says, „no smoking‟”

A. It doesn’t matter B. No, I don‟t C. You’d better not D. Never mind

**Ex6: *Choose the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word in each of the following questions.***

1. Being listed as an endangered species can have negative **effect** since it could make a species more desirable for collectors and poachers

A.awareness B preservation C.support D.impact

2. Billy come and **give me a hand.**

A. help B. prepare C.be busy D. attempt

3.The rain of 1993 causing Missouri river to overflow **resulted in** one of the worst floods

A. stopped B. tried C. caused D. overcame

4. The life boat **rescued** the crew of the sinking ship.

A. Picked up B. provided food for C. saved the life of D. looked for

**Ex7: *Choose the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.***

1. She had a **cozy** little apartment in Boston

A.uncomfortable B.dirty C.lazy D.warm

2. We offer a speedy and **secure** service if transferring money in less than 24 hours

A. uninterested B. unsure C. open D. slow

3. The Earth is being **threatened** and future looks bad.

A. done C. made D. defended D. good

4. One of the key to **successful** business is careful planning.

A. falling B. victorious C. faulty D. impossible

**III. READING**

***Ex8:* Read the following passage and choose the letter A, B, C or D that best fits the blank space in the following passage.**

Industrialized countries (1) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ worked to reduce levels of sulphur dioxide, smog, and smoke in (2) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to improve people's health. But a result, not predicted until recently, is that the lower sulphur dioxide levels may actually (3) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ global warming worse.

Most people agree that to \_\_\_\_\_\_ (4) global warming, a variety of measures need to be taken. On a personal level, driving and flying less, recycling, and conservation reduces a person's "carbon footprint" – the amount of carbon dioxide a person is responsible for (5) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ into the atmosphere.

1. A. has B. have C. had D. having

2. A. direction B. demand C. instruction D. order

3. A. make B. do C. go D. move

4. A. curb B.up C.raise D.make

5. A. to put B. put C. putting D. puts

***Ex9:* Read the following passage and choose the letter A,B, C,D to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions.**

Two of the most dangerous storms which affect America are hurricanes and tornadoes. They are very much feared by anyone who may live in the path of their destruction.

Every year homes are destroyed by their fury and often lives are lost. Most people who live near the coast are forced to evacuate their homes and to move to safer areas until the storm passes. Floods are caused along the coasts by both the heavy rain and a storm tide that is considerably above normal water level. The high winds, coastal flooding and heavy rains associated with a hurricane cause enormous damage.

Hurricanes usually develop between July and October. Once they hit land they carry tremendous power with driving rain and wind.

Tornadoes are violent low - pressured storms. These storms occur most often during the summer months and are noticeable by their strong wind and lack of rain. The sky turns black as dust is sucked up into the air. Tornadoes are capable of lifting quite heavy objects from the ground. They can pick up trees and cars right into the air and even uplift heavier objects such as homes and railway cars.

Both hurricanes and tornadoes cause millions of dollars worth of damage to life and property every year. Today they can be predicted more easily than in the past, but they cannot be stopped or ignored.

***28.What are two of the most dangerous storms which affect America?***

A. Hurricanes and tornadoes.

B. Typhoons and thunderstorms.

C. Thunderstorms and hurricanes.

D. Hurricanes and typhoons.

***29.At which part of the year do hurricanes usually develop?***

A. July and August only.

B. All the year round.

C. From the seventh to the ninth month.

D. Between July and October.

***30.What is the major similarity of both a hurricane and a tornado?***

A. They cover only a small area.

B. They can cause great damage.

C. They are not accompanied by rain.

D. They have either wind or speed.

***31.Which of the following is true of tornadoes and hurricanes?***

A. They cannot be predicted with accuracy.

B. They are easier to control today than in the part.

C. They can be predicted today with greater accuracy.

D. They cannot be predicted today with greater accuracy.

***32.Which of the following was not mentioned in the article?***

A. The number of people killed each year by these storms.

B. The tremendous power of the storm.

C. The damage caused by hurricanes and tornadoes.

D. The time of year when they are most likely to strike.

**IV. WRITING**

**Ex10: Choose the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that is**

**correct or closest in meaning to the previous one.**

***1. Marry is good. She can pass the examination.***

A. Mary is not good enough to pass the examination

B. Mary is good enough so that she cannot pass the examination

C. Mary is good enough lead to she cannot pass the examination

D. Mary is good enough to pass the examination

***2. It isn’t necessary for us to get a visa for Singapore.***

A. We needn’t get a visa for Singapore.

B. We mustn’t get a visa for Singapore.

C. We mayn’t get a visa for Singapore.

D. We shouldn’t get a visa for Singapore.

***3. You will run out of money if you don’t stop wasting it.***

A. You won’t run out of money unless you stop wasting it.

B. You will run out of money unless you don’t stop wasting it.

C. You will run out of money if you stop wasting it.

D. You will run out of money unless you stop wasting it.

***4. Although he looks healthy, he has a weak heart.***

A. He has a weak heart in spite looking health

B. He has a weak heart despite of looking health

C. He has a weak heart in spite of looking health

D. He has a weak heart because looking health

***5. In spite of heavy rain, my brother went to work.***

A. In spite it rained heavily, my brother went to work.

B. Although it rained heavily, my brother went to work.

C. Despite it rained heavily, my brother went to work.

D. Although of heavy rain, my brother went to work.

***6. Although he looks healthy, he has a weak heart.***

A. He has a weak heart in spite looking health

B. He has a weak heart despite of looking health

C. He has a weak heart in spite of looking health

D. He has a weak heart because looking health

***7.I would like you give me some money to buy food.***

A. Do you mind giving me some money to buy food?

B. Do you mind to give me some money to buy food?

C. Do you mind helping me some money to buying food?

D. Do you mind helping me some money buying food?

***8. Despite his inexperience in the field, John applied for the job.***

A. John was unable to do the job because he was inexperienced.

B. John applied for the job because he has experience in the field.

C. John did not apply for the job because of his inexperience in the field.

D. John applied for the job even though he has no experience in the field.

***9. We had lunch then we took a look around the shops.***

A. Before we took a look around the shops, we had have lunch.

B. Before we took a look around the shops, we had had lunch.

C. Before we take a look around the shops, we had had lunch.

D. Before we took a look around the shops, we have lunch.

***10. No one in the class is taller than Dave.***

A. Dave is taller student in the class.

B. Dave is the tallest student in the class.

C. Dave is the taller student in the class.

D. Dave is tallest student in the class.

**Ex11:Choose  letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the best sentence that**

**can be made from the cues given.**

***1. More/ foreign tourist/ come/ here/ if/ environment/ clean.***

***A.***More foreign tourist will come here if the environment is clean.

B. More foreign tourist will come here if the environment was clean.

C. More foreign tourist would come here if the environment is clean.

D. More foreign tourist will come here if the environment were clean.

***2. She/ spend/ a year/ USA/with his family/ last year.***

A. He spended a year in USA with his family last year.

B. He spend a year in USA with his family last year.

C. He spent a year in USA with his family last year.

D. He has spent a year in USA with his family last year.

***3. Alison/ often/ watch/ TV/ after dinner.***

A. Alison is often watch TV after dinner.

B. Alison often watching TV after dinner.

C. Alison often watch TV after dinner.

D. Alison often watches TV after dinner.

***4. They/ live/ that house/ ten years.***

A. They has lived in that house for ten years.

B. They had lived in that house for ten years.

C. They have lived in that house for ten years.

D. They have live in that house for ten years.

***5. Every student /require/ to write /an essay on the topic/by Ms Lyly***

A. Every student is required to write an essay on the topic by Ms Lyly

B. Every student are required to write an essay on the topic by Ms Lyly

C. Every student is require to write an essay on the topic by Ms Lyly

D. Every student is require to write an essay on the topic by Ms Lyly

**\*\*\*\*The end\*\*\*\***

**ANSWER KEY**

**I.PRONUNCIATION**

***Ex1.* Choose the letter A, B, C, D to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions .**

1. A 2. C 3. A 4. B 5. D

***Ex2:* Choose the letter A, B, C, D to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of primary stress in each of the following questions.**

1. C 2. A 3. B 4. D 5. A

**II.VOCABULARY AND GRAMMAR**

***Ex3:* Choose the letter A, B, C, D to indicate the correct answer to each of the question**

1. A 2. C 3. A 4. D 5. B 6. B 7. D 8. B 9. C 10. A 11. B 12. A 13. B 14. C 15. A

***Ex4:* Choose the letter A, B, C, D to indicate the underlined part that needs correction in each of the following questions**

1. B 2. C 3. A 4. B 5. A 6. A 7. C 8. D 9. D 10. B

**Ex5: *Choose the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the most suitable response to complete each of the following exchanges.***

1. D 2. B 3. B 4. B 5. C

**Ex6: *Choose the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word in each of the following questions.***

1. D 2. A 3. C 4. C

**Ex7: *Choose the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions***

1. A 2. B 3. D 4. A

**III. READING**

***Ex8:* Read the following passage and choose the letter A, B, C or D that best fits the blank space in the following passage.**

1. B 2. D 3. A 4. A 5. C

***Ex9:* Read the following passage and choose the letter A,B, C,D to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions.**

1. A 2. D 3. B 4. C 5. A

**IV. WRITING**

**Ex10: Choose the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that is**

1. D 2. A 3. D 4. A 5. B 6. C 7. A 8.D 9. B 10. B

***Ex11:* Choose letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the best sentence that**

**can be made from the cues given.**

1. A 2. C 3. D 4. C 5. A

**The end**

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **BGH duyệt**  **Đỗ Thị Thu Hương** | **Tổ/ Nhóm CM duyệt**  ***(Đã kí)***  **Nguyễn Thị Lan Hương** | **Người lập**  ***(Đã kí)***  **Lương Thị Quỳnh Mai** |