LONG BIEN PEOPLE'S COMMITTEE LE QUY DON SECONDARY SCHOOL

CODE:9A04

THE SECOND MID -TERM TEST GRADE 9 SCHOOL YEAR: 2021-2022 Time: 60 minutes

Full name:Class: 9A___

Score	Examiner 1	Examiner 2

Choose the correct answer to complete the sentences. Circle the letter A, B, C or D.						
Question 1: You can learn a lot	estion 1: You can learn a lot about the local by taking to local people.					
A. territory	B. area	C. land	D. nation			
Question 2: My mom says my e	eating habits are	its are so I am thinking about changing them.				
A. healthy	B. unhealthy	C. healthily	D. unhealth			
Question 3: If I had enough money, I abroad to improve my English.						
A. will go	B. go	C. would go	D. should have to go			
Question 4: Keeping a	_ for a few days will	help you discover yo	our bad eating habits.			
A. food dairy	B. report	C. diary	D. personal			
Question 5: It's an important part of your cultural identity to keep your in speaking English.						
A. accent	B. skill	C. vocabulary	D. language			
Question 6: I never listen to radio. In fact I haven't got radio.						
A. a/ a	B. a/ the	C. the/ the	D. the/ a			
Question 7: The children	ren attend that English school receive good education.					
A. which	B. whose	C. who	D. whom			
Question 8: They had to put the trip because the bad weather.						
A. through	B. off	C. up	D. over			
Question 9: I moved to a new school English is taught by native teachers.						
A. which	B. in which	C. where	D. both B and C			
Question 10:is the la	anguage that you lear	rn to speak from birth	1.			
A. First language	B. First language	C. Official langua	ge D. Global language			
Choose the letter A, B, C or I	D to indicate the mo	ost suitable response	e to complete each of the			
following exchanges.						
Question 11: Peter: "Would you mind sending those flowers to Mr. Carlos?" - Minh:""						
A. He wouldn't mind.B. No, I can handle it myself.						
C. I would if I were you. D. Sure, I'll do it now.						
Question 12: Linda: "Would you mind opening the window?" - Jane:""						
A. I agree with you		es, you can				
C. Not at all		es, I'd love to				
Choose the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the underlined part that needs correction in each of the						
following questions.						
Question 13: My friend George, that arrived late, was not permitted to enter the class.						
A. that B. la	te C. p	ermitted D. to	enter			

Question 14: Would you like any orange juice?					
A. Would B. lik		ny D. ju	ice		
Choose the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of					
the following questions.					
Question 15: A. flexibility	B. dial <u>e</u> ct	C. establishment	D. acc <u>e</u> nt		
Question 16: A. far <u>th</u> est	B. brea <u>th</u> taking	C. <u>th</u> eater	D. <u>th</u> inkable		
Choose the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the word(s) OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined					
word(s) in each of the following questions.					
Question 17: She lost contact with a lot of her old friends when she went abroad to study, so now					
she can't see them or have any ir					
A. made room for			D. kept in touch with		
Question 18: The law protects <u>a</u>					
A. modern	B. old	C. traditional	D. historic		
Choose the word that differs from the other three in the position of primary stress in each of the					
following questions.					
Question 19: A. immersion			1.		
c 1		C. official	- · P ····		
Choose the letter A , B , C or D to		s) CLOSESI in mear	ling to the underlined		
word(s) in each of the following	-	w to opply this dish			
Question 21: The chef gave som					
A. effects	B. symptoms		D. emonstrations		
Question 22: It is very difficult t	o <u>understand</u> what l		he recipe for the curry.		
A. pick up	B. make up	C. turn out	D. make out		
Read the following passage and	l circle the letter A,	B, C or D on the co	rrect word or phrase that		
best fits each of the numbered	blanks.				
English is the (23)	-	•	y large number of people		
understand and use English in (2	_				
Indeed English IS a very useful language. If we (25) English we can go to any place or					
country we like. We shall not find it hard to make people understand what we want to say.					
English also helps us (26) all kinds of subjects. Hundreds of books are					
(27) in English every day in many countries to teach people many useful things. English					
language has, therefore, helped to	o spread ideas and k	nowledge to all the co	orners of the world.		
Question 23: A. most	B. mostly	C. chiefly	D. best		
Question 24: A. little	B. much	C. any	D. many		
Question 25: A. realize	B. say	C. speak	D. tell		
Question 26: A. learning	B. to learn	C. learns	D. learnt		
Question 27: A. published	B. wrote	C. print	D. make		
Read the following passage and circle the letter A, B, C, or D on the correct answer to each of					
the questions.					
	act of Vict Nom wh	ich is famous for mar	w booutiful boooboo I ong		

Situated on the central coast of Viet Nam, which is famous for many beautiful beaches, Lang Co Beach, since June 2009, has become an official member of the "World's most beautiful bays" club. Today, it is a popular destination for tourists in Viet Nam. especially for those who love beach so much.

With the length of approximately 10 kilometres, Lang Co Beach located in Lang Co town, Phu Loc district, Thua Thien- Hue province is next to the National Highway 1A and near Hai Van Pass. Lying on the most beautiful curve of the country, Lang Co has almost everything that the nature can offer: green mountains and tropical forests, smooth white sand, full of sunshine and cool, blue and clear sea as crystal, and the average temperature of 25°C in summer. <u>It</u> is an attractive destination for both domestic and international tourists in Viet Nam. It is the third bay of Viet Nam, after Ha Long and Nha Trang named in the list of 30 most beautiful bays in the globe.

It can be said that nobody can resist a nature beauty like Lang Co town. This small and peaceful town will give you the most relaxing time and many games at the beach. In addition, you will have good time to enjoy the seafood with various kinds of shrimps, lobster, crab, butter-fish, mackerel fish, oysters, etc. and not far from the beach are some attractions such as Lang Co fishing village, Chan May scenery.

Lying on the "Central Heritage Road", Lang Co is very close to other famous attractions such as the Imperial City of Hue, Hoi An Ancient Town, Son Tra Peninsula where the famous Son Tra Natural Reserve and beautiful beaches located, and so many more.

Question 28: Lang Co beach is located _____.

A. between Hoi An Ancient Town and Son Tra Peninsula

B. on the most beautiful curve of Viet Nam

C. 10 kilometres away from Hue

D. under Hai Van Pass

Question 29: The most important reason why so many tourists come to Lang Co beach is that

A. they can enjoy various kinds of seafood

B. they can come to the famous Son Tra Natural Reserve

C. it is the third most beautiful beach in Viet Nam

D. it is considered an ideal place for beach lovers

Question 30: The word "it" in the passage refers to_____.

A. The bay

- B. The beach
- C. The river

D. The mountain

Question 31: All of the following are attractions of Lang Co Beach EXCEPT _____.

A. its location on the "Central Heritage Road"

B. smooth white sand, and full of sunshine

C. cool, blue and clear sea as crystal

D. the National Highway 1A next to it

Question 32: We can infer from the passage that Lang Co Beach _____.

A. is the most beautiful bay in the world

B. enjoys the harmony of nature and humans

C. is the first member of the "World's most beautiful bays" club in Viet Nam

D. is very hot during summer

Choose the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the sentence that is closest in meaning to the original sentence in each of the following questions.

Question 33: If you don't have a rest, you really will be ill.

A. Unless you don't have a rest, you really will be ill.

B. Unless you have a rest, you really will be ill.

C. Unless you have a rest, you really won't be ill.

D. Unless you really will be ill, you have a rest.

Question 34: She asked, "How many English students are there in your class, Tom?"

A. She asked Tom how many English students there were in his class.

B. She asked Tom how many English students there are in his class.

C. She asked Tom how many English students are there in his class.

D. She asked Tom how many English students were there in his class.

Question 35: Study hard or you will fail your exams.

A. If you don't study hard, you won't fail the exams.

B. If you don't study hard, you would fail the exams.

C. If you don't study hard, you will fail the exams.

D. If you didn't study hard, you will fail the exams.

Question 36: His book became the best seller. It was published last year.

A. His book, what was published last year, became the best seller.

B. His book, that was published last year, became the best seller.

C. His book, whom was published last year, became the best seller.

D. His book, which was published last year, became the best seller.

Choose the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the sentence that is made from the words given.

Question 37: My mum / use/ live /in /a /small /village /when /she /be/ a /girl.

A. My mum used to living in a small village when she was a girl.

B. My mum used to live in a small village when she was a girl.

C. My mum used to live in a small village when she is a girl.

D. My mum used live in a small village when she was a girl.

Question 38: I'll / look / it / carefully / and / give / you / an / answer / next week

A. I'll look after it carefully and give you an answer next week.

B. I'll look over it carefully and give you an answer next week.

C. I'll look up it carefully and give you an answer next week.

D. I'll look forward to it carefully and give you an answer next week.

Question 39: The book / be / really / interesting / I / bought /at / this /bookstore

A. The book who was really interesting I bought at this bookstore.

B. The book whom was really interesting I bought at this bookstore.

C. The book which is really interesting I bought at this bookstore.

D. The book which was really interesting I bought at this bookstore.

Question 40: If /we / have / enough / money /, / we / would / go / on/ holiday.

A. If we have enough money, we would go on holiday.

B. If we had enough money, we will go on holiday.

C. If we had enough money, we would go on holiday.

D. If we had enough money we would/could go on holiday.

-The end-