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| **LY THUONG KIET SECONDARY SCHOOL**  **School year: 2020 -2021**   |  | | --- | | **ĐỀ CHÍNH THỨC** | | **THE FINAL TERM TEST**  **English 8**  **Time: 60 minutes**  **Thursday, December 23rd, 2021** |

**PHONETICS**

***\* Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of following question.***

**Question 1.A.** pract**i**ce **B.** d**i**verse **C.** her**i**tage **D.** r**i**tual

**Question 2. A.** reduc**ed**. **B.** collect**ed** **C.**develop**ed** **D.** increas**ed**

***\* Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word that differs from in the other three in the position of primary stress in each following sentence.***

**Question 3.A.** reflect . **B.** preserve **C.** disturb **D.** visit

**Question 4. A.** magician **B.** vegetarian **C.** historian **D.** musician

**VOCABULARY AND GRAMMAR**

***\* Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.***

**Question 5.** The\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ houses of many ethnic groups are used to worship the ancestors.

**A.** mountain **B.** commune **C.** mountainous **D.** communal

**Question 6.** \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ you are Vietnamese, you should know the story of *chung* cakes and *day* cakes.

**A.** When **B.** If **C.** While **D.** Despite

**Question 7.** This student works as \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ volunteer, helping \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ poor in this mountainous area.

**A.** the – the **B.** the – an **C.** a – the **D.** a – an

**Question 8.** The Huong Pagoda Festival is always crowded, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ we like to go there to pray for good fortune and happiness.

**A.** despite **B.** or **C.** yet **D.** and

**Question 9.** You can do \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_activities such as yoga, or do the gardening.

**A.** to relax **B.** relaxing **C.** relaxed **D.** to relaxing

**Question 10.** At this time last year, we \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ part in the Hue Festival.

**A.** took **B.** were taken **C.** were taking **D.** was taking

**Question 11.** People in some far-away mountainous regions still keep their\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ way of life.

**A.** tradition **B.** rich **C.** traditional **D.** modern

**Question 12.** Tony always do the test \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ than Peter.

**A.** more careful **B.** careless **C.** more carefully **D.** more careless

**Question 13.** The \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of *quan ho* singing has been recognized as a world heritage.

**A.** perform **B.** song **C.** performance **D.** performing

**Question 14.** \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ city is more expensive, Ho Chi Minh City or Hue?

**A.** Where **B.** How **C.** What **D.** Which

**Question 15.** I prefer\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to playing computer games.

**A.** swim **B.** swimming **C.** to swim **D.** swam

**Question 16.** Lan: “Some groups like Tay, Hmong…have their own ways of life, and customs and traditions.”

– Mai: “\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_”

**A.** Not at all! **B.** That’s awesome! **C.** It’s my pleasure! **D.** Very good!

**Question 17.** Peter: “Our team has just won the last football match?”

– Tom: “\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_”

**A.** Well, I can’t agree with you. **B.** It was not good at it.

**C.** Well, that’s very surprising. **D.** It’s my pleasure.

***\*Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word in each of the following questions.***

**Question 18.** How many students **took part in** the singing contest?

**A.** performed **B.** participated in **C.** arrived **D.** turned up

**Question 19.** These young students like to get a **nomadic life**.

**A.** a funny life **B.** a life on the move **C.** a different life **D.** a warm life

***\*Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s)OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word(s)in each of the following questions.***

**Question 20**. The Ministry of Health is carrying out a health project for the poor in mountainous regions and **rural** areas.

**A.** urban **B.** famous **C.** coastal **D.** poor

**Question 21**. Our friends **enjoy** becoming a volunteer for the community.

**A.** like **B.** dislike **C.** love **D.** mind

***\* Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the underlined part that needs correction in each of the following questions***

**Question 22.** Because the New Year’s Eve is late at night, my children stay awake to welcome the New Year and to watch the firework display.

**A.** Because **B.** at night **C.** awake **D.** display

**Question 23.** I did some Internet research on Vietnamese legends for my project when Quang phoned me.

**A.** did **B.**research on **C.** legends **D.** phoned

**Question 24.** Which ethnic group has a largest population in Viet Nam?

**A.** Which **B.** group **C.** a **D.** in Vietnam

**READING**

***Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct word or phrase that best fits each of the numbered blanks.***

Last summer vacation, Hoa invited me to go to his village in Nam Dinh Province with her father.

It’s harvest time, \_\_\_(25)\_\_\_\_ all people there were very busy. The villagers got up very early and went to the field to cut rice, load it onto buffalo-drawn carts or tractor and drove it home. Hoa’s father helped her parents with the farm work. Hoa and I followed her father to go to the fields. There\_\_\_(26)\_\_\_\_ so much space and I loved the vast open space, the fresh air and the feeling of freedom in the countryside. We would run around the fields and shout out loudly without\_\_\_(27)\_\_\_\_ anybody. I have never seen any interesting place like this. In the afternoon, some of Hoa’s cousins took us to the fields to fly kites.!

In the next morning , Hoa and I went to the market with her grandmother. There were many interesting things there. Locals sold their home –made products and many fresh fruits such as bananas, oranges, apples and they also sold animals such as chickens, geese, ducks, cats, dogs and pigs..

The trip to the countryside gave me my first experience \_\_\_(28)\_\_\_\_ farm work: cutting rice, drying rice, planting vegetables and collecting potatoes. It’s really unforgettable!

**Question 25. A.** but . **B.** so . . **C.** because . **D.** why

**Question 26. A.** was **B.** were **C.** are **D.** is

**Question 27. A.** disturbing **B.** to disturb **C.** disturbed **D.** disturb

**Question 28. A.** for **B.** of **C.** about **D.** in

**\**Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.***

Tet in Viet Nam starts with the first new moon, usually in late January or early February. The celebrations usually last for three days, The Vietnamese celebrate Tet with family gatherings, wonderful foods and lion dances. Let's take a look at some of the traditions linked to Tet, the most popular festival in Viet Nam.

● Red is a bright, happy colour that keeps away bad spirits. That's why people decorate their homes with red and yellow to bring good luck for the next year. Also, parents and grandparents give children special lucky money in red envelopes.

● One thing people avoid during Tet is sweeping the house. Before Tet, the Vietnamese clean their houses to clear out any bad luck from the previous year. People finish cleaning before New Year's Day because they believe you'll brush away your good luck if you sweep the house during Tet. People also buy branches of apricot blossom or peach blossom, which symbolise a long life, to decorate their houses.

Traditionally, people travel back to their hometowns to celebrate Tet with their family. During their stay, they visit relatives and have large meals together. They wear colourful new clothes to bring them good luck for the coming new year. They also visit flower fairs and calligraphy markets where calligraphers can write poems on "giấy đỏ", wood or stone for them.

**Question 29. *What is the best title of the passage?*  
A.** Family gatherings on Tet holidays.

**B.** Tet in Viet Nam.  
**C.** Traditional celebrations in Viet Nam.

**D.** Popular activities during Tet holidays.  
**Question 30. *According to the passage, how long does Tet usually last?*  
A.** For a long time. **B.** For three days.  
**C.** In early February **D.** In late January  
**Question 31. *Which of the following is NOT true, according to the passage?*  
A.** Houses are decorated with branches of apricot blossom or peach blossom.  
**B.** Apricot blossom and peach blossom symbolise a long life.  
**C.** People finish cleaning their houses before New Year's Day.  
**D.** The Vietnamese clean their houses during Tet.

**Question 32. *Why do people wear colourful new clothes on Tet holidays?***

**A.** Because they travel back to their hometowns.

**B.** Because they visit relatives and have large meals together.  
**C.** Because they buy branches of apricot blossom.  
**D.** Because they think it will bring good luck for the coming new year.

***\* Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the most meaningful sentence written from the given words.***

**Question 33. These children / enjoy / feed / the buffaloes, pigs, chickens / ducks.**

**A.** These children enjoy to feed the buffaloes, pigs, chickens and ducks.

**B.** These children enjoy to feeding the buffaloes, pigs, chickens and ducks.

**C.** These children enjoys feeding the buffaloes, pigs, chickens and ducks.

**D.** These children enjoy feeding the buffaloes, pigs, chickens and ducks.

**Question 34. He / crash / his car / although / he / drive / carefully / last night.**

1. Although driving carefully, he crashed his car last night.  
   **B.** Although he drove carefully, he crashed his car last night.  
   **C.** He crashed his car although he drives carefully last night.  
   **D.** Although he drove carefully, he crash his car last night.

***\* Mark letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the most suitable questions for the underlined words in each of the following questions.***

**Question 35. Jane started learning Vietnamese three years ago.**

**A.** Where did Jane start learning Vietnamese?

**B.** When did Jane started learning Vietnamese?

**C.** How did Jane start learning Vietnamese?

**D.** When did Jane start learning Vietnamese?

**Question 36. The Hmong people I met in Sapa speak English very well.**

**A.** How do the Hmong people you met in Sapa speak English?

**B.** Why do the Hmong people you met in Sapa speak English?

**C.** How many English do the Hmong people you met in Sapa speak?

**D.** When do the Hmong people you met in Sapa speak?

***\* Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to choose the sentence that is closest in meaning to each of the following questions.***

**Question 37. *She is the most intelligent woman I have ever met.***

**A.** I have never met a more intelligent woman than her.

**B.** She is not as intelligent as the women I have ever met.

**C.** I have ever met such an intelligent woman.

**D.** She is more intelligent than I am.

**Question 38. *You need to revise your lesson carefully in order to get good marks.***

**A.** You must not revise your lesson carefully in order to get good marks.

**B.** In order to get good marks, you must not revise your lesson carefully.

**C.** It order to get good marks, you must revise your lesson carefully.

**D.** You must revise your lesson carelessly in order to get good marks.

**Question 39. *It’s not very polite if you chew and talk at the same time.***

**A**. You shouldn’t to chew and talk at the same time.

**B.** You should to chew and talk at the same time.

**C.** You shouldn’t chew and talk at the same time.

**D.** Should you chew and talk at the same time?

**Question 40. *When my children arrived, all the good seats were already taken.***

**A**. My children didn’t get good seats because they arrived too late.

**B.** My children arrived early enough to get good seats.

**C.** My children had to stand for the whole show.

**D.** My children didn’t get good seats although they arrived early.

TRƯỜNG THCS LÝ THƯỜNG KIỆT

NHÓM ANH 8

**HƯỚNG DẪN CHẤM BÀI THI HỌC KỲ I**

**MÔN TIẾNG ANH LỚP 8**

**NĂM HỌC 2021- 2022**

\*25 points per each correct answer

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| **Questions** | **1** | **2** | **3** | **4** | **5** | **6** | **7** | **8** | **9** | **10** |
| **Answers** | **B** | **B** | **D** | **B** | **D** | **B** | **C** | **C** | **B** | **C** |

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| **Questions** | **11** | **12** | **13** | **14** | **15** | **16** | **17** | **18** | **19** | **20** |
| **Answers** | **C** | **C** | **C** | **D** | **B** | **B** | **C** | **B** | **B** | **A** |

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| **Questions** | **21** | **22** | **23** | **24** | **25** | **26** | **27** | **28** | **29** | **30** |
| **Answers** | **B** | **A** | **A** | **C** | **B** | **A** | **A** | **B** | **B** | **B** |

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| **Questions** | **31** | **32** | **33** | **34** | **35** | **36** | **37** | **38** | **39** | **40** |
| **Answers** | **D** | **D** | **D** | **B** | **D** | **A** | **A** | **C** | **C** | **A** |