# GRADE 9 - ANSWER KEY <br> PRACTICE TEST 6 

(Week 3 - March 2020)
I. Choose the word that has the underlined part pronounced differently from the others.

1. A. castle
B. whistle
C. hostel
D. listen
2. A. change
B. hungry
C. angry
D. single
3. 

A. explain
B. current
C. desire
D. electric
4. A. threaten
B. thread
C. seat
D. bread
5.
A. elephant
B. success
C. detail
D. invent
6. A. thought
B. sunbathe
C. cloth
D. month
7. A. knife
B. socket
C. desk
D. book
8. A. hour
B. honour
C. honest
D. honey
9. A. bomb
B. debt
C. cucumber
D. doubt
10. A. handicaped
B. education
C. drawing
D. fund
II. Choose the word whose stress pattern is different from that of the others
11. A. directory
B. telephone
C.invention
D. experiment
12. A. furniture
B. university
C. patient
D. hospital
13. A. sociable
B. humorous
C. generous
D. reserved
14. A. delivery
B. equipment
C. electricity
D. experience
15. A. enroll
B. summer
C. hobby
D. Favor

## III. Choose the best answer (A, B, C or D)

16. What $\qquad$ we do to prevent these natural disasters?
A. have
B. ought
C. should
D. be able
17. $\qquad$ at someone is usually considered rude.
A. Point
B. To point
C. To pointing
D. Pointing
18. My father shouted at me, $\qquad$ made me feel sorrowful.
A. that
B. who
C. whose
D. which
19. The opposite of failure is $\qquad$ .
A. success
B. difficulty
C. pride
D. harm
20. The opposite of enemy is $\qquad$ .
A. army
B. friend
C. dog
D. cat
21. The opposite of agree is $\qquad$ .
A. fly
B. dream
C. refuse
D. grow
22. 'What is the $\qquad$ . of the USA ?' - 'The dollars.'
A. current
B. population
C. territory
D. currency
23. How long ago $\qquad$ Mai?
A. have you seen
B. you saw
C. would you see
D. did you see
24. Household and garden waste $\qquad$ collected $\qquad$ compost.
A. is / to make
B. are/ to do
C. is/ to do
D. are/ to make
25. I don't mind $\qquad$ the phone as long as you pay for your calls.
A. you used
B. you to use
C. your to using
D. your using

## IV. Read the passage and choose the correct answer

Speech is one of the most important (26) $\qquad$ of communicating. It consists of far more than just making noises. To talk and also to (27) $\qquad$ by other people, we have to speak a language , that is, we have to use combinations of (28) $\qquad$ that everyone agrees to stand for a particular object or idea. Communication would be impossible if everyone made up their own language. Learning a language is properly very (29) $\qquad$ . The basic (30) $\qquad$ of English is not very large, and only about 2,000 words are needed to speak it quite (31) $\qquad$ . But the more idea you can (32) $\qquad$ the more precise you can be about their exact meaning. Words are the (33) $\qquad$ thing we use in communicating what we want to say. The way we (34) $\qquad$ the words is also very important. Our tone of voice can express many emotions and (35) $\qquad$ whether we are pleased or angry, for instance.
26.
A. reason
B. tests
C. ways
D. rules
27.
A. be spoken
B. be examined
C. be understood
D. be talked
B. sounds
C. languages
D. talks
B. important
C. simple
D. expensive
A. grammar
B. word
C. vocabulary
D. structure
A. fluent
B. good
C. perfect
D. well
A. need
B. grow
C. express
D. pass
A. main
B. certain
C. full
D. most
A. talk
B. say
C. pass
D. send
A. show
B. ask
C. understand
D. know
28. A. systems
29. A. easy
30.
31.
32.
33.
34.
35.

## V. Fill in the blanks with suitable word

celebration, custom, gather, gifts, midnight, particularly, symbolize, ring, bring, display
In Scotland, the biggest celebration
(36) of the year is "Hogmanay". "Hogmanay" is the Scottish word for New Year's Eve. On 31 ${ }^{\text {st }}$ December in Edinburgh, there is an enormous firework display__(37) at the castle and they play live music in the park. Thousands of people gather $\qquad$ (38) in the streets, coffees and bars. Then at 12 o' clock, church bells ring $\qquad$ (39) all over the city. After midnight people go "first footing" . This is a Scottish custom (40) that dates back hundreds of years. "First footing" is visiting your neighbours after midnight (41) on New Year's Eve. The visitors must step into the house
with their right foot step first, to bring $\qquad$ (42) good luck. Traditionally, the visitors bring three gifts $\qquad$ (43) : a piece of coal, a piece of "short bread" (a Scottish biscuit) and a little whisky. The gifts symbolize $\qquad$ (44) warmth, food and happiness. If the first person who visits your home after midnight is a man with dark hair, that is particularly___(45) lucky.
VI. Fill in each blank with the correct form of the word in capitals.
46. Their children have quite different $\qquad$ characters. DIFFERENCE
47. Relax for some minutes and you'll feel more comfortable $\qquad$ .

COMFORT
48. She is one of the greatest performers $\qquad$ to appear in this theater. PERFORM
49. My house is on the top of a hill. It's very windy $\qquad$ there in the fall.

WIND
50. Bell successfully $\qquad$ demonstrated his invention.

SUCCESS
VII. Choose the underlined words or phrases that are not corect in each sentence. Find and correct them.
51. David is particular fond of cooking, and he often cooks really delicious meals.
A -> particularly
B
C
D
52. Sandra has not rarely missed a play or concert since she was seventeen years old.
A -> rarely
B
C
D
53. The bridge hit by a large ship during a suddenly storm has been mended.
A
B
C-> sudden
B
54. Jim was upset last night because he had to do a lot of homeworks.
A
B
C
D -> homework
55. Jane told me that she will have to go to London the following day.

A
C
D
B -> would
VIII. Rewrite the following sentences using the given words.
56. What is the depth of this lake?

How deep is this lake?
57. "'ll give you my phone number so that you can call me" Jane said to me.

Jane told me she would give me her phone number so that I could call her.
58. He can touch the light because he is very tall.

He is tall enough to touch the light.
59. It is such good weather that they are going for a picnic.

The weather is so good that they are going for a pinic.
60. It is over twenty years since he last went back to his hometown.

He hasn't gone back to his home town for over twenty years.

> Grammar Quiz: Suffixes: -dom, -hood, \& -ship
Q1 - Free
$\boxed{\square}$ Freedom
$\square$ Freehood
$\square$ Freeship

Q2 - Friend
$\square$ Frienddom
$\square$ Friendhood
$\boxed{\triangle}$ Friendship

Q3 - Neighbour
$\square$ Neighbourdom
$\checkmark$ Neighbourhood
$\square$ Neighbourship

Q4 - Sponsor
$\square$ Sponsordom
$\square$ Sponsorhood
, \Sponsorship

Q5 - Child
$\square$ Childdom
$\square$ Childom
$\checkmark$ Childhood
$\square$ Childship

Q6 - Relation<br>$\square$ Relationdom<br>$\square$ Relationhood<br>$\checkmark$ Relationship

Q7 - Like<br>$\square$ Likelidom<br>$\boxed{\square}$ Likelihood<br>$\square$ Likeliship

Q8 - Live<br>$\square$ Livelidom<br>$\boxed{\square}$ Livelihood<br>$\square$ Liveliship

Q9 - Man
$\square$ Mandom
VManhood
$\square$ Manship

Q10 - Star
, Stardom
$\square$ Starhood

